PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast—Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.,
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

MORNING EDITION.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASSOCIATION
Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
Milk

No. 53,905.—NEW SERIES.] BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1906. [PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
Saturday, 8 P.M.				
29th Sept.	ARCADIA	6803	CHINA	7912
6th Oct.	PENINSULLAR	5294		
13th "	ARABIA	7908		
20th "	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
27th "	PERSIA	7951		
3rd Nov.	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	9508
10th "	MARMORA	10009		
17th "	ORIENTAL	5284	BRITANNIA	6522
24th "	EGYPT	7912		
1st Dec.	PENINSULAR	5294	MOOLTAN	9621
8th "	MACEDONIA	10512		
15th "	ORIENTAL	5284	HIMALAYA	6808
22nd "	ARABIA	7908		
29th "	PENINSULAR	5294	MOLDAVIA	9500
1907.				
5th Jan.	PERSIA	7951		
12th "	ORIENTAL	5281	VICTORIA	6522
19th "	CALEDONIA	7538		
26th "	PENINSULAR	5294	CHINA	7912
2nd Feb.	OCEANA	6610		
9th "	ORIENTAL	5284	INDIA	7911
16th "	EGYPT	7912		
23rd "	PENINSULAR	5294	MONGOLIA	9508

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London.
Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 P.M., for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms, but the Steamer leaving Bombay about the 17th September will not convey Passengers from Bombay.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports *en route*.

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.
BOMBAY, *15th September 1906.*

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge and on Favourable terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates

CALCUTTA AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS: GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on
			THURSDAY
YARRA	4,348	Sollier	4th Oct. 1906.
DUMBEA	5,916	Beyer	1st Nov. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Combe	29th Nov. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	27th Dec. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

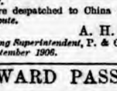
TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessel	Tons.	Captain	To Sail on or about
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	13th Oct. 1906.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Rebufat	10th Nov. "

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA
Available for 24 months.
Class Rs. 735 2nd class Rs. 555, 3rd class Rs. 290.
For further Particulars apply to

P. DE BURE,
Agent.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

ANCHOR LINE



REGULAR SAILINGS from BOMBAY to MARSEILLES & LIVERPOOL,

The following sailings have been arranged :—

Steamers.	Captain.	Tonnage.	Date.
MASSILIA	J. Thomson	5091	3rd October.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	5124	23rd October.
CILICIA	A. Haig.	6715	21st Nov.
BRITANNIA	R. G. Garrick	3069	4th Dec.
SOINDIA	Shafto Abrey	5106	22nd Dec. 1907.
CASTALIA	F. S. Blight.	6000	1st Jan.
MASSILIA	J. Thomson.	5091	19th Jan.
OLYMPIA	C.F. Osborne. R.N.R.	5124	31st Jan.

Bombay to Suez	Rs. 350
Bombay to Port Said	Rs. 380
Bombay to Marseilles	Rs. 525
Bombay to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 550
Bombay to London overland from Marseilles and including 1st class rail ticket across the Continent	Rs. 600
Bombay to New York	Rs. 730
Return ticket to Liverpool (all the way by sea)	Rs. 900
Return ticket to London overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	Rs. 950

Note.—Return tickets by Steamers marked * are Rs. 50 less than the above say Rs. 850 and Rs. 900 respectively.
All Return Tickets are available for 2 years.
Concession granted to Families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.
The Advertised Rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s Steamer between Karachi and Bombay.
Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to non-staying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave. For rates for steamers not carrying Surgeon and Stewardess or for any other information regarding passage etc., apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fortnightly service from BOMBAY to BURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL :—

Steamers.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
SULTAN	2884	Burmeister	5th Oct.
SOMALI	2655	Winiker	19th "

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DAR-ES-SALAAM and PORTUGUESE Coast ports, and DURBAN.
Will carry Baggage and passengers for Cape Ports.
Rates and Particulars apply to

A. STRANDES
Agent.
BOMBAY, 25TH JULY, 1906.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.
Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route.—Via.
LINGA	3,170	Mon. 1st Oct.	11 a.m.	P. D. & O.*
DUMRA	1,700	Thur 27th Sept.	10 a.m.	Cutch Mandvie.
LAMA	2,170	Frid. 28th Sept.	8 a.m.	(direct).

* Via Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "BULIMBA," 2,510 tons, on MONDAY, 1st Oct. calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomera and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on THURSDAY, 27th Sept. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit and Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NOWSHERA," 3,024 tons, on or about 28th Sept.

FOR EAST AFRICA.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing	Ports of call
PUTIALA	3000	10th Oct.	Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu.
NERBUDDA	2035	24th "	Aden, Mombasa and Zanzibar.

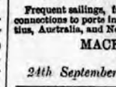
FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand, apply to —

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Agents, BOMBAY.
24th September, 1906.

KING KING & Co.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers, free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries, and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or Messrs. KING BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application.

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA :
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL THE AUSTRIAN — LLOYD'S S. N. Co, CONTRACT WITH GOVERNMENT

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE *via* ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	F. Mosca	4,119	1st Oct. 1906.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600.	Rs. 325.	Rs. 150

Take passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
† AUSTRIA	A. Bilaffer	7600	5th Oct. 1906.
† SILESIA	Ldo Stabile	5158	5th Nov. "
† PERSIA	P. Cragliotto	5894	5th Dec. "
*† TRIESTE	D. Mistrorigo	5595	25th Dec. "

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class Rs. 900. 2nd Class Rs. 488. Saloon Rs. 600.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued *via* Trieste, the St. Gothard's and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the return voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. are issued at reduced Fares.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE NORTH GERMAN LLOYD'S. S. N. CO.

First Class Return tickets are issued for the voyage Bombay to Trieste by Austrian Lloyd's and Genoa to Colombo by North German Lloyd's and vice versa, for Rs. 1080 or £s. 72.
Passengers to VENICE transhipp at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about six hours to cross the Gulf.

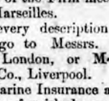
STEAM TO JAPAN *via* COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain.	Tons	To sail or on about
FRAZ FERDINAND, C.	Matcovich	6,046	26th Oct. 1906.

For further particular regarding Passages apply to—

E. SCARPA, *Agent-General*,
SASSOON HOUSE, 52, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.



TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Vessels	Tons.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
KAGOSHIMA MARU	4405	F. Pyne	.....	29th Sept
CEYLON MARU	5068	K. Kori	2nd Oct.	3th Oct
COLOMBO MARU	4703	J. Nagao	16th Oct.	27th Oct
BOMBAY MARU	4629	S. Ishikawa	30th Oct	10th Nov
TOTOMI MARU	5412	A. Keith.	13th Nov.	24th Nov
RIOJUN MARU	4896	G. S. Lapraik	27th Nov.	8th Dec
KAGOSHIMA MARU	4405	F. Pyne	11th Dec.	22nd Dec 1907
CEYLON MARU	5068	K. Kori	25th Dec.	5th Jan
COLOMBO MARU	4709	J. Nagao	8th Jan.	19th Jan
BOMBAY MARU	4325	S. Ishikawa	22nd Jan.	2nd Feb.

For Freight apply to

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager
Nawsari Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

N.B.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO by the above Line are hereby NOTIFIED that NO CLAIMS for SHORT DELIVERY, DAMAGE, &c., WILL BE ENTERTAINED unless they are sent to the office within ten days after the steamer's arrival. No Survey will be held on cargo warehoused or removed from the Landing Shed

TROOPING SEASON, 1906-7.

BAGGAGE for OFFICERS, WARRANT OFFICERS and N. C. O.s, received and shipped.
TRANSPORT met on arrival and all assistance rendered if instructed.
LETTERS, TELEGRAMS and PARCELS received and delivered to expected friends.
SURPLUS HEAVY Baggage, Boxes, and Parcels of all ranks shipped as Cargo cheaply and delivered to the door of address by our well-known "SOLDIERS' EXPRESS" SERVICE.
Particulars, labels, forms, etc., gratis from

COUTTS & CO., Army Shipping Agents, BOMBAY or KARACHI.
SOUTHAMPTON.—DAWSON BROTHERS.
LONDON.—SUTTON & CO.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£800,000
RESERVE FUND	£975,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£800,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg.	Molan, Deli (Sumatra).	Foochow.
Bombay.	Singapore.	Saigon.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor.	Shanghai.
Calcutta.	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Madras.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Rangoon.	Sourabaya.	Yokohama.
Columbo.	Manilla.	Kobe.
Penang.	Cebu (Philippines).	New York.
Tiuping (Perak).	Hongkong.	
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of Interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—10-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

GEORGE MILLER,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. *Agent.*

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen 24,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 21,000,000
ORDINARY RESERVE FUND	" 10,700,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUND	" 1,000,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND	" 2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

London.	Shanghai.	Tieling.	KOBE.
Lioyang	Hankow.	Newchang.	Osaka.
Lyons.	Hongkong.	Port Arthur.	Tokyo.
New York.	Tientsin.	Mukden.	Nagasaki.
San Francisco	Peking.	Tairen.	Bombay.
Honolulu	Antung.	Chefoo.	

LONDON BANKERS:

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT Accounts.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. HARA.
Albert Buildings, *Sub-Manager.*
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,200,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£600,000
RESERVE FUND	£575,000

HEAD OFFICE :
7, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E

BRANCHES:

Calcutta.	Delhi.	Cawnpore.	Tuticorin.
Lahore.	Bombay.	Colombo.	Zanzibar.
Amritsar	Madras.	Mandalay.	Mombassa.
Kurrachee.	Rangoon.	Newera Elya.	Nairobi.
Steamer Point.	Aden.	Kandy.	Chittagong

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
BOMBAY. *Manager.*

THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF INDIA LTD.

(Formerly the People's Banking and Commercial Association, Ltd.)

BANKING HOURS.
Week Days (Saturdays excepted) 10 A.M. to 5 P.M. (S.T.)
Saturdays 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. (S.T.)

ESTABLISHED APRIL, 1901.

Head Office : LAHORE.

BRANCHES :—BOMBAY and *Punjab and N.-W.F. Provinces.*—

BANNU	PESHAWAR
DERA GHAZI KHAN	RAWALPINDI CITY
DERA ISMAIL KHAN	SIALKOTE
GUJRANWALLA	SRINAGAR (KASHMIR)
GUJRAT	UMBALLA
HAFIZABAD	
HUSHIARPORE	*United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.*—
JAMMOO	MEERUT
JALLANDAR CITY	SAHARANPORE
JHELUM	
JHANG	*Sind*—
KASUR	KARACHI
KOHAT	HYDERABAD
LYALLPORE	LARKANA
LUDHIANA	SHIKARPORE
MIANWALI	SUKKUR
MONTGOMERY	
MULTAN CITY	*Biluchistan.*—
MUZAFFARGARH	QUETTA
PATIALA	

AGENCIES :

AGRA	CALCUTTA
AMRITSAR	DELHI
ALLAHABAD	MADRAS
AJMERE	LUCKNOW & SIMLA, etc.

AUTHORIZED, SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL & RESERVE FUND	Rs. 5,17,000
WORKING FUNDS	42,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS are received and interest allowed at 4 1/2 per cent, per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 8, 12, and 24 months at 4, 4 1/2 and 5 per cent. p. a. interest respectively. Special rates for students and Public Institutions. Deposits for the benefits of widows and Orphans are received at special rate of 6 per cent. p. a. Short Notice Deposits are received bearing interest at 3 per cent. p. a. repayable on one week's notice at any time after one month from the date of Deposit.

Interest and Dividends collected.

DRAFTS on Principal Towns of India granted.

CHEQUES of outstations, Hundies, Bills, Railway Receipts bought, collected and discounted.

Every description of Banking and Agency business transacted.

For copy of rules and other information apply to

VIDYA SAGAR PANDYA,
Manager.
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co., of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay

RIDING & SPORTING BREECHES.

BY EXPERT CUTTERS.

WHITE OR KHAKI COTTON CORD	...	...	from Rs. 14
SOFT DRILLETTE, WHITE OR DRAB	...	...	" " 18
WHIPCORDS, NEW SHADES, VERY ELASTIC	...	...	" " 27
RIDING TWEEDS, EXCLUSIVE STYLES	...	...	" " 27

"JODHPORE" OR "HUNTING" PATTERN.

GAITERS, PUTTIE LEATHER, ENGLISH MAKE	...	...	from Rs. 17
NEW TWEED CAPS FOR RIDING	...	...	" " 4

HOAR & CO., { BREECHES MAKERS } BOMBAY.

THE LONDON CITY AND MIDLAND BANK

LIMITED,
5, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.
ESTABLISHED 1836.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	£3,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£3,000,000

LCOCK, ASHDOWN AND CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS SHIP AND MILLWRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the SUPPLY of Machinery and Erection of Buildings for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, etc.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast and Wrought Iron Work of the heaviest description, Cotton Presses, Half Presses and Finishers for Half-Pressed Bales, Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and rope Gearing Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameter Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Water Carts, Tanks, etc.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade Requirements, we have added to our Works some of the largest and heaviest Tools in India, including Special Testing Plant, and greatly extended our foundry.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
THE BRITISH ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION AND PAINT CO., LTD.
(VON HOVELINGS PROCESS.)
PAINTS
As supplied to the Principal Navies of the World.
Messrs. THE ATLAS METAL and ALLOYS CO., LTD., Genuine Atlas Metal of W. E. Watson's Brand.
Messrs. SAMUELSON and Co., Ltd.
Patent Power Hammers and Roots, "Acme" Blowers and Exhausters.

For Sale.—Boilers, Engines, Contractors' Pumps, Boiler Fittings, Pipes, Cock, etc., Also Steel Bars, Plates, and Angle Irons of the largest sections, Diamods, Silver, and other Steel and Engineers' Requisites of all descriptions kept in Stock.

HEAD WORKS AND OFFICES—DEFENCES WORKS, MAZAGON
BRANCH FACTORY—CARNAC IRON WORKS,
OPPOSITE VICTORIA DOCKS.

J. W. HEPWORTH, SECRETARY AND MANAGER.
D. LONGWORTH, ASSISTANT SECRETARY AND MANAGER

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE." STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE.

THIS VOLUME OF "STERLING EXCHANGE TABLES" is a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nds—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 29/32d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, as, since the Stoppage of the Free Coinage of Silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and Six Months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

"The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—*Vide* Press Notices

PRICE :—RS. 2.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.
Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., GUILDFORD ST., LONDON, S.E.

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY
ON THE DEPARTURE OF ENGLISH MAIL.
28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders &c
Indian subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage.
English subscription Rs. 15 per year including postage.

INDIAN AND COLONIAL SHIPPERS

OF

Fancy Goods, Leather Goods, Stationery, Musical Instruments, China, Enamel and Basket Ware, Toys of every description, Electro-Plate and Cutlery.

JAMES WISBEY & Co.,
77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 & 129, HOUNDSDITCH,
8, 9 & 10, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHOUT . . . LONDON, E.C.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST WAREHOUSE IN THE WORLD.
Illustrated Export Catalogue (600 pages) on application.
TRIAL ORDERS OR FIRST INDENTS SHIPPED IMMEDIATELY.

CAN THE "MINIMAX" HAND FIRE EXTINGUISHER DO WHAT IS CLAIMED FOR IT ?

READ THIS PROOF POSITIVE.

BOMBAY 3RD SEPTEMBER, 1906.

FROM BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY.
TO MESSRS. MARCKS AND Co Ltd., BOMBAY.

DEAR SIRS,—
One of our old cars, while being repaired, flared up on Saturday last at its Carburetter, and we are glad to say that one of our Minimax Extinguishers put it out in no time, without doing any damage to the Car whatever.
Will you kindly re-fill the apparatus sent herewith and oblige.
Yours faithfully,
BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY.
(Sd.) K. D. WADIA, *Managing Proprietor.*

In 2½ Years over 150,000 Sold, & 1,500 Actual Fires Extinguished.

FULL PARTICULARS FROM THE SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

BARSI SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS, LTD.

(REGISTERED UNDER THE "INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1882.")

CAPITAL Rs. 10,00,000,

DIVIDED INTO 4,000 Shares, of Rs. 250 Each, PAYABLE as follows :—
Rs. 25 on Application, Rs. 25 on Allotment, and the balance when called for in sums exceeding Rs. 50 at intervals of not less than two months.

DIRECTORS :
RICHARD H. FETT, Esq., *Bombay*—CHAIRMAN.
J. C. R. NABERT, Esq., *Bombay*.
G. P. SULAKHE, Esq., B.A., LL.B., of MESSRS. PANDERNATH MARTAND, BANKERS, *Barsi Town*
V. KUSHABA TELI, Esq., *Barsi*.
JOHN KENNY, Esq., *Ex-Officio*—MESSRS. FETT & Co., *Bombay*.

BANKERS :
THE NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, BOMBAY.

SOLICITORS :
MESSRS. EDGELOW, GULABCHAND, WADIA & Co.

BARSI-TOWN is the centre of a very large Cotton trade, at which the greater part of the SHOLAPUR STOCK of RAW-COTTON is obtained.

BARSI, having the Cotton on the spot, has an ADVANTAGE of Rs. 6 per candy over SHOLAPUR. It is also the great mart for the manufactured material coming back from Sholapur and Bombay.

All the Sholapur Mills have paid well, one of them showing a profit of Rs. 6,71,676 on the last year's working.

SURROUNDED by the NIZAM'S DOMINIONS, there is an immense opening for the sale of the out-turn; and if Bombay Mills can sell ahead for a year, BARSI, with an advantage of Rs. 15 per candy in freight and expenses, has the brightest prospects before it.

The BARSI MILLS will be found one of the VERY BEST INVESTMENTS. The MANAGEMENT will be completely in EUROPEAN HANDS, the Machinery will be of the latest and always kept up to the mark, and the AGENTS will do all in their power to MAKE IT AN IMMEDIATE and a LASTING SUCCESS.

For forms of application for Shares apply to the Agents :—

FETT & Co.,
No. 5-11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CONFECTIONERY AND RESTAURANT.

WEDDING, CHRISTENING AND BIRTHDAY CAKES,
ARTISTICALLY DECORATED.

FANCY PRESENTATION CAKES
SUITABLY INSCRIBED
DESSERT CAKES, SWEETS, CHOCOLATES
AND
ALL SORTS OF DELICACIES.
COLD PUDDINGS, ICES,
ICE PUDDINGS TO ORDER.

25-27-29. CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 325, TELEGRAMS "IMOGEN" BOMBAY.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR SEPTEMBER, 1906.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS,
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOAT AND DAK COMPANIES
PLACES OF INTEREST ALONG THE COAST.
A COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
SHOWING THE PRINCIPAL RAILWAY STATIONS ON THE INDIAN LINES
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NEW GAIETY THEATRE.

GRAND RE-OPENING.

After Being Entirely Reconstructed.

TO-NIGHT

TUESDAY, 25th SEPTEMBER, 9-30.

Farewell Visit of the Present

BANDMANN OPERA CO.

Under the personal direction of Maurice F. Bandmann and by Special Appointment with Mr. George Edwards, Gaiety Theatre, London.

TUESDAY,	„	25—The Earl and the Girl.
WEDNESDAY	„	26—A Runaway Girl.
THURSDAY,	„	27—Sergeant Brue.
FRIDAY,	„	28—The Cingalee.
SATURDAY,	„	29—Aladdin.
MONDAY,	Oct.	1—The Gaisha.
TUESDAY	„	2—The Spring Chicken.
WEDNESDAY	„	3—San Toy.
THURSDAY	„	4—Florodora.
FRIDAY,	„	5—A Chinese Honey-Moon.
SATURDAY,	„	6—The Toreador.
MONDAY,	„	8—My Lady Molly.
TUESDAY,	„	9—The Little Michus.
WEDNESDAY,	„	10—The Girl from Kay's.

Price of Admission :—Boxes Rs. 20, Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle (Front Row) Rs. 4, other Rows Rs. 3, Pit Stalls Rs. 2, Pit Re. 1.

Box Plan Open At
MESSRS. SEYMOUR DOVE & CO.

Special arrangements have been made with the B. B. and C. I. Railway to run a late local train starting from Church Gate Station at 0.45 a. m. for the convenience of those attending the performances.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDER FOR STORES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Engineer, at his Office, Ballard Road, up till 1-30 P.M (G.I.) on FRIDAY, October 26th, 1906 for the SUPPLY of the following STORES, for 12 months, from January 1st to December 31st, 1907 :—

Stores.	Deposit to accompany Tender. Rs.	a.
Castings	250	0
Lime	250	0
Sand, Shingle and Bricks	250	0
Cocoanut Castor and Crimber Oils	250	0
Cocoanut Oil No. 1 for Pilot Schooner's use	100	0
Wrought Iron and Steel	500	0
Stationery, English	250	0
„ Indian	250	0
Provisions	250	0
Sundries	500	0
Iron-mongery	500	0
Metals	200	0
Files	150	0
Cement	250	0
Lorries	250	0
Fuel and Oils	250	0
Timber	500	0

N.B.—Cheques will not be received.

1. Forms of Tender and schedules of Articles and other particulars may be obtained and samples inspected at the Engineer's Stores under the Elphinstone Bunder, on payment of Re. 1 for each schedule.

The Covers to be endorsed "Tender for Stores."

The Board will not be bound by any Tender will not necessarily be accepted. The Tenderer will be bound by his Tender as to each item or article for which he Tenders and any part of a Tender may be accepted and the remainder rejected.

2. The cost of stamping the agreement to be borne by the successful Tenderer.

3. The Tender to be sealed with sweet water only and the Tenderer to state the exact locality from which the Kunkur will be obtained.

4. Each Tender will be received on Condition that the deposit remaining in shall be absolutely forfeited, if such Tender is withdrawn before the Trustee's decision in regard to his Tender.

5. Samples of Oil for Pilot schooners can must be sent in, not later than the 5th October, 1906.

Each sample should be delivered in one 5 gallon can marked on the outside with a private mark which should be indicated in the Tender no other mark indicating the name of the Firm by whom the sample is sent should appear on the Can.

E. A. CORKE,
Engineer's Store keeper.

Stores Office, Elphinstone Bunder,
10th September, 1906.

NOTICE FOR TENDERS.

HUZUR PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BARODA.

THE Undersigned is prepared to receive TENDERS for the annual SUPPLY of the ELECTRIC MATERIALS. Copies of form of Tenders, Specification and General conditions can be obtained from the Undersigned on payment of Rs. 2 (in cash) which will not be returned. The Tender on the prescribed form and endorsed "Tender for Electric Materials" should be delivered on or before the 6th October, 1906, before noon. Tenders must be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 50 in cash or in Government promissory note.

BAGANNA BALAJI. M. I. E. E.
Electrical Engineer,
BARODA STATE.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

HOURS OF BUSINESS AT GOODS OFFICES IN BOMBAY.

ON and after the 1st October, 1906 the hours for receipt of goods at the Goods Depots of this Railway in Bombay will, on week days, be from 8-30 to 16-30 o'clock instead of 8-30 to 17-30 o'clock as at present. On Saturdays the hours will remain unaltered viz. 8-30 to 15-30 o'clock. There will be no change in the hours for delivery of goods.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY, 15TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

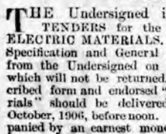
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel. Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE BOMBAY HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES COMPANY,

No. 1, UP-STAIRS OPPOSITE CRAWFORD MARKET, BOMBAY.



WE beg to inform our Customers and the Public in general that we are now FULLY STOCKED with all Manufacturers' BOOTS and SHOES of every description and can supply anything in the Boot and Shoe line.

We have received a fresh supply of BOOT-TREES, BOOT POLISHES, RUBBER HEELS and LEGGINGS. We have also received a fresh supply of Morris Bros.' High Class Boots and Shoes, and we are prepared to guarantee the wear and tear of this make which are stamped with the Crown No. 1, High Class and which are specially made for us.

Mofussil orders will receive prompt attention.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THACKER & CO., LD.,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS, ETC., BOMBAY.

TELEGRAMS :—"BOOKNOTES, BOMBAY."

ESPERANTO IN INDIA.

The following Three Books are best suited for all intending to take up the study of Esperanto.

	Rs.	as.
Esperanto : The Student's Complete Text Book. Containing Full Grammar, with Exercises, Conversations, Commercial Letters, and two Vocabularies. Edited by J. C. O'Connor, Ph. Dr. M.A.	1	5
The English-Esperanto Dictionary. By J. C. O'Connor and C. F. Hayes. Revised and approved by Dr. Zamenhof	1	5
The Esperanto-English Dictionary. By A. Motteau	2	8
The British Esperantist. A Monthly Gazette in English and Esperanto. Containing reading for beginners and those more advanced. Annual Subscription Re. 1-4, post free, with Supplement Rs. 2-6, payable in advance. The Official Organ of the British Esperanto Association.		

HUMOUROUS BOOKS.

Robinson Crusoe's Return. By Barry Pain	0	14
The Old Game. By Keble Howard. Author of "The Smiths of Surbiton"	0	14
Paris. (Not to Mention Monte Carlo.) A Frolic. By W. Emanuel, Author of "Dog Day," etc. With illustrations by J. Hassall, R. I.	0	14
Our John, M. P. By Keble Howard. Illustrated by John Hassall, R. I.	0	14
Wee Macgregor. By J. J. B. Cheap Edition	0	6
Wee Macgregor Again. By J. J. B. Cheap Edition	0	6
Mistress McLeerie. By J. J. B. Cheap Edition.	0	6
Mr. Penuycook's Boy and other Stories. By J. J. B.	0	14
Glen Sloken. By W. Grant Stevenson, R. S. A.	0	14
Mr. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch. By Alice Hegan Rice	0	
The Vital Spark and Her Queer Crew. By Hugh Foulis	0	14

SONNENSCHEIN'S QUOTATION SERIES.

	Each
Dictionary of Quotations. English. P. H. Dalbiac.	2 10
Dictionary of Quotations. Classical. T. B. Harbottle.	
Dictionary of Quotations. French and Italian. Harbottle and Dalbiac.	
Dictionary of Contemporary Quotations. English H. Swan.	
Dictionary of Historical Allusions. T. B. Harbottle.	
Dictionary of Battles. T. B. Harbottle.	
Famous Sayings of Great Men. E. Latham.	
The Victorian Anthology. Sir M. E. G. Duff.	

CONSIGNESS of CARGO, per "Hansa" Line Steamer "MARIENFELS," from Bremen, Hamburg and Antwerp, are hereby informed of the ARRIVAL of the Steamer and requested to TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS landed at the Victoria Dock.

The Company's SURVEYOR will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be preferred to the Undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No surveys will be granted on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

Unless Consignees of CARGO IN BAGS prefer their Claims for damage or shortage within Three days after the discharge of their respective goods, no survey will be granted.

GLADE & Co.,
Agents, Hansa Line of Steamers,
BOMBAY, 20th SEPTEMBER, 1906.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

THE Public are advised that a REVISED TIME TABLE of the LOCAL and SUBURBAN TRAINS between COLABA and VIRAR will be introduced with effect from MONDAY next, the 1st October, 1906.

Detailed Timings may be ascertained from the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at Stations.

C. CROMMELIN,
General Traffic Manager.

GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER'S OFFICE.
Bombay 22nd September, 1906.

JARRAHWOOD.

WESTRALIAN Jarrah Steam-Sawn Scantlings suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame work, Cotton bale ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. Sample and price list on application to

Messrs. MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH Co. (1902) Ld.,
2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

R. SCOTT & Co. M. R. C. V. S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS.

GOWALIA TANK VETERINARY STABLE AND COACH FACTORY.

TELEPHONE NO. 3032.

Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C. BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce, Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17, Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5-8-0 per cwt. delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied Carriages greased by contract. Satisfaction guaranteed Correspondence invited.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS, and VICTORIAS by well-known Makers FOR SALE.

CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention

HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.

CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.

A French Remedy for all Irregularities.
Thousands of Ladies always keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house, as on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose will be administered. They will then prevent Death, Decay, Consumption, &c. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free for Rs. 5 from the Sole Agents, Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

WANTED

FOR

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

I. A MANAGER, with extensive Indian Banking experience and first class Banking qualifications.—One with local experience preferred. Salary Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 3,000 per mensem, according to qualifications.

(II.) A CHIEF ACCOUNTANT, with good Indian Banking experience and qualifications. One with local experience preferred. Liberal Salary to a well-qualified man.

(III.) A SHROFF, with good Local Banking experience for the Head Office, Bombay. Applicants must furnish Security and give good references. Liberal salary to a suitable man.

ALL APPLICATIONS to be addressed to the CHAIRMAN, BOARD of DIRECTORS, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, FORT, BOMBAY, with full particulars regarding age, qualifications, etc., and copies of testimonials.

BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, LD.

Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882.

CAPITAL RS. 25,00,000.

To be Increased to FIFTY Lacs.

Divided into 25,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each,

Rs. 25 to be paid on application and the balance Rs. 75 in one month after allotment.

DIRECTORS.

BHIMRAO ATMARAM, Esqr.
CHUNILAL HARILAL SETALWAD, Esqr.
Barrister-at-Law.
FAZULBHAI JOOMABHAI LALJEE, Esqr.
DR. POPATBHAI PRABHURAM VAIDYA, L. M. and S.
TOKERSEY SHAMJEE, Esqr.
LALLUBHAI CHHAGANLAL, Esqr.
(Names of the other Directors will be given later on.)

BANKERS.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. DAPHTARY, FERREIRA and DIVAN.

THIS BANK has been started with a view to supply the demand which the existing Banks in this part of the Country on account of their constitution, or because of the circumscription of their scope are unable to meet.

The Capital required to commence the business has already been subscribed, and the necessary arrangements for the purpose are being made. The Directors have good expectations of the future of the Institution.

Some Native States have long felt the necessity of Banking conveniences in their capitals, and the Directors have under consideration the terms offered by some of these States. If favourable terms are secured, the business of the Bank will be largely extended.

Copies of Prospectus and Forms of Applications for Shares may be had either from the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China or at the office of Mr. Lalubhai Chhaganlal, No. 38, Church Gate Street.

Intending Applicants may inspect printed copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association at either of the above places.

ALEX. J. AGABEG,
Manager.

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND
FOR
STANDARD POLICIES

EVERY YEAR since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000 sums assured PER ANNUM—a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by

NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

NEW POLICIES IN 1905

ISSUED FOR	£2,535,408
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£11,800,000
ASSURANCES IN FORCE	£28,000,165

ASK FOR THE 1905 PROSPECTUS containing the LATEST RATES and NEW SCHEMES, obtainable from

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary, Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE
ORIENTAL
GOVERNMENT SECURITY
LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

Established 1874.

Trust Fund Amounting to over Rs. 2,35,00,000.

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES and lodged with the OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF BOMBAY.

TOTAL ASSURANCES in force nearly

RS. 10,00,00,000.

ANNUAL INCOME NEARLY

RS. 50,00,000.

For Prospectus containing all particulars apply to

H. G. W. MEIKLE, F. F. A.,
Acting Manager, BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
EXPORT AGENTS. PRODUCE & SHIPPING AGENTS.
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO., undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
62 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE
Bombay Gazette.

PRICE ONE ANNA.

CRICKET
SPECIAL SERIES
OF
ARTICLES.

By some of its most eminent exponents.

YET TO APPEAR :—

"HOW TO GET WICKETS"
(By WILFRED RHODES.)

"THREE GREAT CRICKETERS"
(By G. L. JESSOP.)

"IS CRICKET DETERIORATING?"
(By W. G. QUAIFE.)

"CAPTAINS I HAVE PLAYED UNDER."
(By L. C. BRAUND.)

DAWK EDITIONS
for
UP-COUNTRY
SUBSCRIBERS.

EVENING EDITION
In Time for
PUNJAB MAIL.

NIGHT EDITION
for
CALCUTTA & RAICHUR MAILS.

Both may
BE OBTAINED IN BOMBAY
ON APPLICATION.

THE
Bombay Gazette
NOW
THE BEST
ADVERTISING
MEDIUM
IN WESTERN INDIA.

It reaches every City, Town and Village.

It is NOT hired for AN HOUR and then RETURNED.

IT REMAINS IN THE CLUB, THE HOTEL, THE BUNGALOW AND THE COTTAGE THE WHOLE DAY THROUGH AND IS READ FROM TITLE PAGE TO IMPRINT.

PRICE: ONE ANNA.

JOB-PRINTING
IN ALL ITS
BRANCHES.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

SPECIAL OPPORTUNITY.—A small consignment of the NEW ERA two speed gear BICYCLES have been sent out at Manufacturer's risk and are consequently available at exceptionally low prices. The fittings throughout are by the Eadie Manufacturing Co. Dunlop Tyres and Rims. Free wheel. Two brakes. Brampton perfect roller chain. Brooke's B. 40 Saddle. New Era Fagan 2 speed gear hub which enables rider to change gear instantaneously while riding, thus making hill climbing or riding against wind, easy, and securing a maximum of pace on level roads. For prices and inspection apply—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

CLEARANCE SALE for one week only of Hinks Lamps, Plateslware, Cutlery, Table ornaments and Porcelain at M. BIRSLAUER & Co. Church Gate Street.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years, No I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

FOR SPECTACLES Eyes examined FREE of CHARGE by Dr. DINSHAW DASTOOR pronounced as "A THOROUGHLY ABLE OPHTHALMIC SURGEON and a NEAT and SKILFUL OPERATOR" by the renowned PROFESSORS of LONDON. Competition defied. The ORIGINAL FIRM of DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & Co., Opposite Evans Fraser, Fort

LOST a POLICY of Sun Life of Canada, bearing No. 119901 of Rs. 5,000. Finder should return the same to HATIBHOY KALIANJEE DALAL, care of Shroff Bazar, Bombay.

WANTED a FURNISHED HOUSE at Lonavli or Khandala for a few months as soon as available. Apply No. 8688., Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

PREVENTION of CHOLERA.—There is no danger of Cholera, or any sort of contagion, from water with LIQUOZONE in it. A little Liquozone in each glass of drinking water adds a pleasant taste to it and kills the germs in it and the water is then a tonic beside.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road near Mocs Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day, Very easy terms for permanent residents, Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re, 1-4-0 ; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0 ; Breakfast As. 12 Dinner served till late hours.

TARACHAND PURSRAM RAMSWAMI DIAMOND MERCHANT and JEWELLER by appointment to H. E. the Governor of Bombay. Dealer in Carpets, Shawls, Silks and all kinds of Draperies. Also has a very fine collection of Indian, Chinese and Japanese Curios which he offers at very reasonable rates. An inspection is solicited. Head Office, 63 Meadows St., Fort, Bombay. Branch Offices : Calcutta, Rangoon and Yokohama.

GILDING, ELECTRO and NICKEL PLATING, Rubber Stamps, Die Sinking and Copper Plate Printing—Cheapest and most Durable—executed carefully. Also Visiting Cards. Inscriptions on presentation articles, Brass Sign Boards, Poons' Radges, Blocks and Stereos &c., made by skilled artists. NANABHAI MAHADEV and Co., Jewellers and Watch Makers, 95 Meadow St., Bombay.

HARNESS.—Two sets of SINGLE HARNESS, for Horse 15 to 16 hands, in excellent and serviceable condition. Offers will be received by No 8048, Advt Dept, "Bombay Gazette."

"LE ZIL" Fluid, a wonderful discovery absolutely non-irritant, quickest cure for all complicated FEMALE PELVIC CATARRHS and other diseases most prevalent to females. No internal medicines required. Dr. A. L. Pushong of Lucknow writes—"In cases of 5 and 6 years' duration it proved a marvel remedy." Rs. 2.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Meadows Street, Oriental Bank Buildings, FORT.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Oozeers and Mahomedan Servants for whom we guarantee. Fee Bombay Rs. 2. Moffusil Rs. 3 each servant. No. 4, Ch. G. St., Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

ONE of the Sights of Bombay.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL'S ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALOON replete with everything that Oriental luxury and Artistic taste can suggest and visitors will not regret an inspection of their High Class Portraiture, Artistic Paintings and Enlargements, and Indian Views of places of Special Interest.—Portrait Painting in oil on Photographic Basis a Speciality. Hydraulic Lift available. Tata's Nippon Buildings, Top Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPE WRITING INSTITUTION.—Established 1898 Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy taught. Particulars and the Highest bona fide press and other opinions from GOPALDAS LALDAS, Managing Proprietor, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business. Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London

BACK NUMBERS of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Daily, the Weekly and the Weekly Mail edition, when available, are supplied on the following terms :—During months of issue, 2 annas ; Thereafter for three months, 4 annas ; Subsequent issues Re. 1 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

OLD BOOKS.—Advertiser will be glad to receive lists of Old and Rare Books relating to Indian History and Events. Nett Prices should be marked to facilitate selection and purchase. Address "BIBLIOPHILE," No. 8035. Advt. Dept, "Bombay Gazette."

WILL FORMS of DIFFERENT KINDS Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.—Special time and fare tables of all the Indian Railways. Abstract of rules and Regulations, through routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and Abroad Postal and Telegraphic information, Steam-Boat and dak Companies, places of interest along the Coast. A Coloured Map of India showing the Principal Railway Stations on the Indian Lines. Price, Eight annas. Annual Subscription, Rs. 5 including Postage.

"GUNC" A Doctor's Discovery, Cures Positively in FOUR DAYS WITHOUT COPAIBA, SANDAL OIL or any internal medicine, which being powerful irritants to the kidneys and other vital organs, ruin the whole system. Re. 1 & Rs. 2.—D. SPECIFIC Co, Meadows Street, FORT, Oriental Bank Buildings.

BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY EDITION—Issued every Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12 : Half-yearly Rs. 6 ; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay, Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE—Is a small neatly bound BOOK, covering all RATES in 32nds—both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 23/32d. The Book has been found to supply a long-felt want, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts. "The cheapest, best, and most convenient."—*Vide* Press Notices. Price :—Rs. 2.

CONTINENTAL and ENGLISH Finest Art Gold, Gem, Jewellery, such as Brooches, Charms, Necklets, Pendents, Rings Scarf Pins, Safety Pins, Muff Chains, Fob Chains, Curb Bracelets, Perpetual Calendars, Lockets, Studs and Links, Hall-marked Silver Jewellery and Silver Mounted Goods. DUBASH and Co., 89, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. The Bombay Gazette "Steam Press.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Full Mail Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged, Army Orders, &c. Town Subscription Rs. 12 per year. Mofussil, with postage Rs. 15. English Subscription £1-4-6 per year including Postage.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report. Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion. Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain Share Lists and Rates of Exchange. List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week. Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance Rs. 10. Single Copy Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadows Street,

ASTHMA AND BLOOD

POISON of any stage and description will be radically cured by our well-tried specifics sooner than by any other cure. Try and you are sure to admire them. Prices Rs. 5 and Rs. 3, respectively. [A] A. E. JAMES, Esq., Dehri, writes!—"Your wonderful specific for ASTHMA has done more for my boy than all other Patent Medicines I had tried before. He has not since been troubled even slightly, and I am beginning to be convinced of your remedy having radically cured him." [B] S. SAW Zi, Esq., Poona, writes :—"YOUR BLOOD MIXTURE is the BEST remedy yet discovered."

DIABETES AND DYSENTERY however hopeless, are sure to be cured by our well-tried specifics. No other medicine in the world will be able to show a larger percentage of cures than our specifics. Prices Rs. 3 each. Full particulars about the above as well as about our specifics for HYDROCELE, PILES and FEMALE DISEASES. Please write only to :

J. C. MOOKERJEE & CO.,
VICTORIA CHEMICAL WORKS,
BAHAGHAT, Bengal.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying about 200 Military and Naval Officers' Messes and 100 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES, Spirits or Liqueurs from the following well-known Houses :—

POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
WILLIAMS, HUMBERT & Co.	Jerez.
HEIDSIECK & Co.,	Rheims.
CARSTAIRS & ROBERTSON.	Leith.
PERRIER JOUET & Co.	Epernay.
PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	London.
POL ROGER & Co.	Rheims.
BOLLINGER.	Ay.
GIESLER & Co.	Avize.
JAMES HAWKER & Co.	Plymouth.
JUSTERINI & BROOKS.	London.
COCKBURN & CAMPBELL.	Edinburgh.
NATH, JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
J. SACCONE, Ld.	Gibraltar.
COSSART, GORDON & Co.,	Madeira.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
BUTLER, NEPHEW & Co.	Oporto.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	Oporto.
WARRE & Co.	Oporto.
VAN-ZELLERS & Co.	Oporto.
WOODHOUSE & Co.	Marsala.
LEACOCK & Co.	Madeira.
AYALA & Co.	Ay.
KIDD & SHADBOLT.	London.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Cote d'Or.
ACKERMANN—LAURANCE.	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
AUSTRALIAN WINE Co.	Melbourne.
JOS. DIETZL.	Budapesth.
R. SCHLUMBERGER.	Voslau.
JAMES CATHCART & Co.	Leith.
CHAS. MACKINLAY & Co.	Leith.
JOHN CRABBIE & Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
J. & W. NICHOLSON & Co.	London.
RUTHERFORD & BROWNE.	London.
JOHN JAMESON & SON. Ld.	Dublin.
WILLIAM & KEITH JOPP.	Aberdeen.
MACKENZIE BROS.	Rosshire.
NOILLY PRAT & CIE.	Marseilles.
COATES & Co.	Plymouth.
MARTELL & Co.	Cognac.
E. CUSENIER & CIE.	Marseilles.
P. B. BURGOYNE & Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines, Spirits, or Liqueurs, &c., from the above well-known Firms without the inconvenience and expenses of importing them direct.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION TO

PHIPSON & Co.,
BOMBAY.

HUNTLY BLEND WHISKY.

THE FAVORITE BRAND OF INDIA.

Of all dealers, or of

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$ 100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 102,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG :

J. B. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager.*

LONDON BANKERS :

LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD

LONDON COMMITTEE :

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
OARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt.)
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq. (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
SIR EWEN CAMERON, K. C. M. G.
A. M. TOWNSEND, C. S. ADDIS, Esqr. } *Managers.*

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :

LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	KOBE.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SAN FRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILLA	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY :

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

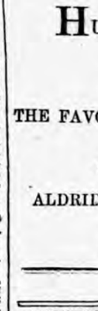
Credits granted on approved securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY,
Acting Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

MINERAL WATERS



TRADE REQUISITES.

LARGE STOCK of Codd's patent glass Ball Bottles, Soluble Fruit Essences Oils and Colourings from well-known Eng Manufacturers, Sulphuric and o acids, also Carbonic Acid Gas.

REFINED

SACCHARIN

tim sweeter than SUGAR.

And every article connected with Aerated waters factory ; also machinery with their parts can be had at moderate prices from

OURRIMBHOY JALLALBHOY & Co.,
General Merchants and Commission Agents
No. 104, Bhoosari Mohalla, BOMBAY.

"APENTA"

NATURAL HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER
Bottled at the Springs, Budapest, Hungary.

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE HOUSEHOLD APERIENT

For continuous use by the BILIOUS, DYSPEPTIC, CONSTIPATED, GOUTY, and OBESE.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line ; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line. Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line ; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Three Annas per line. Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED,

MULKAPETT, HYDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed. The Sisters feed, nurse, and clothe their Poor, and attend to all their wants.

The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions and Donations and Subscriptions will be thankfully received and acknowledged by

THE SISTER IN CHARGE,
THE HOME FOR THE AGED,
Mulkapett, Hyderabad, Deccan.

WANTED

AT ONCE a thoroughly competent BLEACHER, DYER and FINISHER to take charge of the Bleaching, Dyeing and Finishing Departments, of an upcountry COTTON MILL. Salary according to qualifications. Applications treated confidentially. Apply with copies of testimonials, stating terms, to No. 8728., Advt Dept, "Bombay Gazette".

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS.

For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.,
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS.
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

ROLLED STEEL BEAM

TREZO REMEDY CO., LONDON.

"TREZO TABLETS."

The Absolutely Safe and Certain cure for Headache, Hemicrania (Half Headache,) Neuralgia and all NERVE PAINS,

CURES IN TEN MINUTES.

Sold at 12 Annas per bottle. Postage extra.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,

No. 82, MARKET, BOMBAY.

LOCAL AGENTS: TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Inverness, 2,401 tons, Captain G Clarkson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Sultan, 1,781 tons, Captain C Burmeister, arrived in harbour yesterday from Durban, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Linga, 938 tons, Captain R J Rickford, sailed yesterday for Karachi &c. with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Madura, 1,273 tons, Captain O Sewell, sailed yesterday for Persian Gulf &c, with a general cargo and deck passengers.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA MAIL.

THE P and O Co's steamer Malta, Captain R A Peter, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Shanghai via intermediate ports, with China and Australian mails a general cargo and the following passengers:—MR U A Murray, Mrs Wilson, Mrs Vidler and child, Mr J Scott and Mr J Bily, Mr O P Gardney, Mr Y C Smith, Mr H Hawknis, Mr E Figges, Mr J H Clemanger and Mr F W Still. Mr J Falleris, Mr E Brunett, Mr J Shroal, Mr F Reachery, Miss A Barley, Mrs R Stephens and a troupe (22) of Bandman Opera Company.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
24	Inverness	Clarkson	Calcutta, Sept 12
	Sultan	Burmeister	Durban, Aug 30
	Malta	Peters	Shanghai, Sept 4

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
21	Nevisfield	Pode	Hamburg, &c
	R I M S Hardinge	Rose	Rangoon
	Madura	Sewell	Persian Gulf, &c
	Linga	Rickford	Karachi, &c

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer Hindoo, for Hull.
" Dumra, for Persian Gulf.
" Secunder, for auritius.
" Nowshera, for Calcutta, &c.
" Mandvekhalan, for Hamburg, &c.
" Sultan, for Zanzibar, &c.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's steamer Goorkha, passed Lisbon on the evening of the 21st instant.

The P and O S N Co's steamer Moldavia, arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 22nd instant.

The Clan Line steamer Ian Mackintosh, left Suez for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta on the morning of the 22nd instant.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Ischia, left Singapore for Bombay on the 23rd instant.

The P and O Co's steamer Devanha, left Hongkong on Sept. 22.

HIGH COURT.—SEPT. 25.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR.)

For Judgment.

670-03—Little and Co—Raghowji Vijpal and others vs Narondas Permanundas and others—Iralai and T

For Consent decretal order for sale.

697-02—Tyabji Dadabi Co Laxmibai widow vs Moghibai widow—Crawford and Co

For consent decretal order for sale.

679-03—Little and Co Hurjivanu Virji and others vs Runchordas Cullanji and others—Ardeshir H D and Co and M J and H

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Short Causes.

210-96—Tyabji D and Co—Mariambai widow vs Abdoor Rehman Salhay Chapkar and others

397-00—Pestonji R and K—Kanji Morarji and others vs Makibai widow and others

191-06—Thakurdas and Co—Dinsha Mancherji Dastoor vs C E Raudle and others—S B Noble

396-06—N M Kama—Jusraj Meghji and other—Lieut R C G Pollock

406-06—Imperon—Ponnamchugul Bhugvanji and others vs Rustom ji Ardeshir Pochkhana

32-06—Ardeshir H D and Co—Jenboo widow vs Rawji Khimji—Mulla and M

38-06—Madhi K and C—Vithaldas Cullanji va Narondas Godhewji R B and N

41-06—Captain and V—Mumbai widow vs Dayal Mulji—Bhaushanker K and G

751-06—Captain and V—Gunputrao Morroji Zaoon vs Bapuji Eytoba Kirthar and others—K S and L.

Undefended New Long Causes.

377-05—Tyabji D and Co—Raja Gokuldas Khoobchalchund vs Chuttal Hathibai and others.

417-06—Captain and V—Lalji Thakersey and Co vs The Yorkshire Fire and Life Insurance Co.

418-06—Captain and V—Lalji Thakersey and Co vs The Yorkshire Fire and Life Insurance Co.

421-06—Captain and V—Ratchand Kanji and Co vs The Yorkshire Fire and Life Insurance Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

838-05—Thakurdas and Co—Muhomedbhai Nensey Khairaz and another vs N C Macleod and others—Payne and Co

135-80—Mulla and M—Dhanjeebhoy Raghoo and others vs Meherally Moraj and another—Thakurdas and Co and G G W and Co

140-06—Wadia G and Co—Motiji Premji and others vs Venayek Waman Pranjpe and others—Edgelow G W and Co.

439-1619-05—Nasan H and Co—Jehangir Horamuji Mody and others vs A N Templeton—Edgelow G W and Co.

773-05—M H Chothia—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Sayed Nurudin bin Sayed Hasanudin and others—C and Valdya.

E F Nicholson for Government—In the matter of Land acquisition Act 1 of 1894 cause in the matter of Government, and Dayal Mulji—Payne and Co

687-05—Matabhai J and N—Chanpsey Coverjee vs Jethabhai Nursey—Wadia G and Co.

169-06—Matabhai J and M—Champsey Coverjee vs Jethabhai Nursey and others—Wadia G and Co

368-04—V R Vakil—Bai Ratanbai widow vs Nurrandas Ratansey and others—Craigie L and O and L D and Co

513-1420-07—Wadia and M—Rustomjee Ardeshir Cooper vs Morarjee Mohanji—Sorabjee and J.

122-06—Khanderao and L—Vellabai Gowribai widow—K J Billimoria.

108-06—Captain and V—Narnadabai widow vs Vithal Bapu Kashenkar.

892-03—Payne and Co—Aishabai vs Hoorbai and others—J R and D and M J and Mehta and T D and Co

123-06—Khanderao S and L—Hajee Meya bin ahomed Hoosein Khoja vs Antonio Miguel Souza—Tyabjee D and Co

172-06—K S N and L Haji Meyabin Mahomed Hoosen vs A M Souza Tyabji D and Co

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice SCOTT.)

Summary Suit for hearing in Chambers.

432-07—Maiti H M and R—Gopiram Shankerdas and other vs Sagarmul Ramkissen and others.

Suits for hearing and final disposal

Long Causes.

357-05—Southam H and N—Bhowla Evelyn Harbour vs Arthur Edwin Harbour—Sorabjee and J—Part heard.

546-05—Dikshit D and S—Shunkernath Gurukashinath vs Chandrakinath Poolnath—Raghavaya B and N

261-05—Little and Co—Pallonjee Pestonjee Darnwala and another vs Rutonjee Cawasjee Bhattina Payne and Co

541-05—Crawford Band Co—The Bank of Bombay vs Abdoola bin Ali Saheb Eli and others—Captain and V

713-04—Nadirsha and T (for pauper)—Bhanibai widow va Veljikheda and other—Mehta and D

831-04—Pestonji R and K—Bhikhaji Framji Khan and others vs Tribhowandas Mungaldas Nathoobhoy and others—Crawford B and Co M R Vakil.

1818-21210-05—Wadia G and Co—Jehangir Burjorjee Garda vs Ahamedbhai Habibbhai—Thakurdas and Co—S. C. C. suit.

78-05—Payne and Co—Bhoota Lalla and another vs Malik Hajee Hoosein Hajee Sulleman—Kanga and P.

876-5—In person a pauper—Shaik Chand Shaikh Abba vs Abdool Hamed Mahomed Arab and others—In person.

6-2—Wadia G and Co—Nawab Mahomed Kamalkhan vs Edward G Cabral—Payne and Co.

389-05—Ardeshir H D and Co—Cowasji Bomonji Bomoo Behram vs Cassum Gulam Hoosein. Maganlal, J. and G. (For postponement.)

122-5—Kanderao S and L Antonia Jan Souza vs D Gracias and others Madhowjee K and C.

83-03—Thakurdas and Co Shariffbhoy Haji Dewji and others vs Issaji Tajbhoy Ardeshir H D and Co.

856-05—Wadia G and Co Chandrabhagabai widow vs Gajanand Shambhu Sadhalay. hituis and M.

(Before the PROTHONOTARY.

For investigation of pauperism.

2-06—In person—Phirozsah Dasservanji Talal vs Ardeshir Muservanji Talal—Bicknell M and R—Part heard.

2-06—In person—Jehan Goolhoosein vs Mahomed Khan Goolhoosein and another.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS BY LIEUT. HUGH S SYMONS, OFFG. COMMANDANT.

Bombay, September 26.

There will be a March out on Thursday the 27th instant (Bank Holiday) leaving Mahalaxmi Station at 7-15 a.m. for Antop Hill. Train leaves Church Gate Station 6-30 a.m. for Mahalaxmi.

Dress—Khaki, Plain saddle and Bridles, No Arms.

It is hoped that all members who can do so will turn out. Members are invited to bring their friends.

By Order,
HUGH S. SYMONS, Lieut.
Offg. Comdt. B. L. H.

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper fold by Chemists, Grocers, &c.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 22.

SECURITIES—

2½ per cent. Consols	86 3/8	=	unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	96 1-2 ex	=	"
5½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan	103	=	"
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper	65	=	"

SILVER—

Spot in London	31 11/16	=	+ 3/16
2 months hence	31 5/8	=	+ 1/4
Spot in New York	68 3/8	=	+ 3/8

EXCHANGES—

Paris cheques	25·19 1/2	=	unchanged
Berlin cheques	20·44 1/4	=	+ 1/2
New York Demand	4·85 3/4	=	+ 1/8

DISCOUNTS—

Bank of England	4	per. ct. =	unchanged
3 months' sight Bank Bills	4 1/2	" =	+ 1/8
6 months' sight Bank Bills	4 3/8	" =	unchanged
3 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	4 3/4	" =	+ 1/8
6 months' sight Fine Trade Bills	4 7/8	" =	+ 1/8

INTEREST—

Day to day loans	3 5/8	" =	+ 1/8
7 day market loans	3 3/4	" =	unchanged

RUBBER—
Para Rubber 5 2 1/2 sellers.

WHEAT—
Red Karachi 28 3/4 Oct.-Nov. buyers quiet.

RAPESEED—
Brown 41 3/4 April-May done firm.

LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 42 1/2 Sept.-Oct. done easier.

COFFEE—
Coffee in New York 8 1/4.

IN LIVERPOOL—

Cotton Market closed			quiet
East Indian			quiet
Manchester			steady
Total Sales			4,000
Spot			5·35
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown			9 5/8
Sold on speculation and for Export			600
Imports			8,000
Futures close			easier
Sept.-Oct. 5·08 — 5	Oct.-Nov. 5·02 — 4	Nov.-Dec. 5·01 — 4	
Dec.-Jan. 5·02 — 4	Jan.-Feb. 5·13 — 4	Feb.-Mar. 5·05 — 4	
Mar.-Apr. 5·07 — 4	Apr.-May 5·08 — 4	May-June. 5·10 — 4	

Receipts at U. S. Ports			36,000
Do. last year			43,000
Exports to Great Britain			2,000
Do. do. Continent			8,000

IN NEW YORK—

Spot			9·70—5
Futures, month of Dec.			9·13—7
Do. month of March			9·38—7

Declined owing to weak cables and to liquidation.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

Spot			9 1/4—1·16
Futures, month of Oct.			9·11 —6
Do. month of Dec			9·16 —6
Tone at close			steady

COTTON.

	Bales
Stock in London	14,000
Total visible supply	1,720,000
Do. do. do. East Indian	193,000
Do. Quantity in sight	880,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY REPORT.

	Bales.
Week's sales	40,000
Sold on Speculation	1,000
Sold for Export	1,000
Forwarded to Consumers	51,000
Actual Exports	6,000
Week's Imports	14,000
Stock	2,85,000
Surats Stock	16,000
Afloat American	90,000
Do. Indian	1,000

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 22 Sept.

Cotton	1,470 bales.
Wheat	18,886 owts.
Linseed	4,416 "
Rape, Rai and Mustard	1,613 "
Gingellyseed	138 "
Poppyper seed	749 "
Groundnuts	119 "
Castorseed	5,272 "
Rice	7,102 "
Myrabollams	351 "
Cottonseed	7,563 "
Mowrasseed	740 "
Gram	3,637 "
Joowar	3,993 "
Malte	26 "

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Gold bullion Rs. 37,600.
Ex s s "Peninsular" from London.

BOMBAY, MONDAY EVENING.

London discounts are still rising and that points to some stringency in the London money market.

To-day's crop and weather reports advise bright seasonable weather throughout the growing districts, which is distinctly favorable to the crops. The rainfall advised in South India is also seasonable and should ensure good prospects in the future.

The tone of the cotton market at home is easier. Private telegrams advise larger crop ostimates, and if the killing frosts hold off a bumper crop seems inevitable. The visible supply has increased by 70,000 bales during the week and the quantity in sight by 260,000 bales, against 120,000 and 300,000 bales, respectively, last year.

Our local market is also easier. The enquiry for new crops is falling off and holders of ready cotton are more anxious to meet the demand from Mills and shippers. A moderate turnover is reported at Colaba in spot cotton.

The rise in the Bank of Bombay cash balance has caused a steadier tone in the Rupee Paper market. The closing rate is 97 ready and forward. The share market is quiet but steady. Closing rates are as follows:—

Petits	Rs.	3,620
Davids	"	502 1/2
Kohinoors	"	777 1/2

MONEY.

The following is the weekly statement of the Bank of Bombay for the last week as compared with the previous one:—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Public Deposits	16,86,695	Increase
Other Deposits	17,28,601	do
Sundries	11,461	Decrease
Government Securities	63,50,920	do
	Unchanged.	
ASSETS.		
Other Authorized Securities	1,07,840	Increase
Loans do.	21,11,450	do
Bills discounted & purchased	32,38,91	Decrease
Balance with other Banks	4,61,172	do
Sundries	5 0	do
Cash	17,08,953	Increase

The increase in cash balance is due to the increase in Trade demand of about 6 1-4 lakhs, decline in Bank's investments of 6 1-2 lakhs and the increase of Public deposits of about 17 lakhs.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.			1s. 4 1/16d.
Bank Demand			1s. 4 3/32d.
Credit Bills 3 Months' Sight	D. A.		1s. 4 11/32d. 3/8
Do. 6	do	do.	1s. 4 1/2 to 17/32d.
French Francs 3	do.	do.	171
Malta 8	do.	do.	140
Hongkong 30	Days'	Sight	162
Shanghai 30	do.	do.	219
Japan 30	do.	do.	150 1/2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1/2 per cent, Tone steady.

Cash		97·0
1st Settlement, 1st October		97·0

Money Market, Tone steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since 13th Sept.	4	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 12th "	5	do.
Bank of Bengal do. 20th "	7	do.
Bank of Madras do. 18th "	5	do.

COTTON QUOTATIONS.

NEW CROPS—			
M G Bengals fine	Nov.	Rs.	191
Do. fine	Dec.	"	189
Do. fine	Jan.	"	187
M G Dhamangaon fine		"	209
M G Nagpur fine		"	214
M G Khandeish fully good		"	188
M G K A fine		"	201
H G Bengals fully good		"	174
M G Broach good		"	227 1/2
Fine		"	237

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone	easier.
Estimated sales	8,000 bales.
Imports	4,000

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·03	4·99	5·98
—3	—3	—3
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar
4·99	4·99	5·02
—3	—4	—3
Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.
5·01	5·05	5·07
—3	—3	—3

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay, for the week ending 15th Sept. 1906, as compared with the statement of 22nd Sept. 1906:—

LIABILITIES.	Sept. 15. Rs.	Sept. 22. Rs.
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	92,00,000	92,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	80,71,896	82,08,676
Public Deposits at Branches	47,02,320	55,33,219
Other Deposits	7,08,30,186	7,25,58,761
Post Bills	6,300	6,300
Sundries	18,68,790	18,57,221
Rs.	10,46,80,450	10,80,84,375
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	1,29,44,698	1,23,94,178
Other authorised Securities	31,49,978	34,49,978
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities	90,15,183	91,32,393
Loans do. do.	2,13,03,344	2,24,14,794
Bills discounted and purchased	2,44,51,422	2,41,57,831
Dead Stock	3,35,010	3,35,010
Stamps and Stationery	3,117	3,088
Balances with other Banks	11,27,747	15,78,910
Sundries	1,24,986	1,25,976
Cash	3,19,25,065	3,36,72,038
	10,46,80,540	10,80,84,375

ALL kinds of MOTOR CAR Accessories Oil Petrol Grease, in stock at Paris India

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as. for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

MARRIAGE.

KILROY—M CLARAN—September 1, at St. Michael's Church, Camberley, Willis Dickson, younger son of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Philip Kilroy, R.A. C.C., to Edith Mary, elder daughter of the late Francis Stayney Maclaran, M.I.C.E., Superintending Engineer, Indian Public Works Department, and Mrs. Maclaran of the Red Cottage, Camberley.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

MCONAGHEY.—September 15, at Nalni Tal, the wife of Captain M. E. McConaghey, Royal Scots Fusiliers, of a son.

PETERSON.—September, 15, at the Retreat: Lillooah, the wife of A. C. Peterson, of a son.

BOMBAY

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 49m. Sun sets, 5h. 55m. High water, 4-21m., 4-16a. Low water, 10-14m., 10-19a.

Arrival of H. E. the Governor from Poona, morning.

H. E. the Governor lays foundation-stone of Sir W. Moore Operation Theatre, J. J. Hospital, 4-30 p.m.

Y. M. C. A. New buildings, opening ceremony by H. E. the Governor, 6-30 p.m.

Charity Football match in aid of Indo-British Institution.

New Gaiety Theatre, Bandmann Opera Company, 9-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion via Tuticorin and Colombo per extra steamer "Wardha" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. on Wednesday the 26th September. A supplemental Mail will also be closed at 7-30 p.m. on 27-9-06.

SUDDEN COLLAPSE OF A WALL.—The outer wall of a one-storied house standing at Elphinstone Road, collapsed suddenly yesterday afternoon, injuring three men who were near a water tap close by the wall. They were removed to the J. J. Hospital, where one of them, a young Hindu girl, died.

A PARSEE YOUTH MISSING.—One Kaikhoshroo Parekh, a Parsee, residing in Dhunji Street, has reported to the police that his brother Phirozshah (18) left home at 8 a.m., on Saturday last, to go to St. Xavier's School, where he is studying. Since then he has not been heard of.

THROWN OUT OF A CARRIAGE.—On Sunday evening Mr. Lauder of H. M's Mint, accompanied by a lady and gentleman was driving in back victoria No. 1286 along the Parel Tank Road when one of the shafts broke accidentally and the horse took fright and bolted. The vehicle was upset near a drain along the road and its occupants were thrown out. They sustained slight injuries. Tookaram Luxmon, the driver, was also thrown from his coachbox and he was removed to the J. J. Hospital. Dr. Steel of the Laboratory in the Government House at Parel treated Mr. Lauder and party and they were then sent home.

BAND AT ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—By kind permission of Lt.-Colonel S.J. Surgent, V.D., and Officers of the 1st Battalion, the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers band will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallannaine, B. M., commencing at 5-30 p. m. to-day.

Lake Walk		Hot Stuff	J Al Dix
Capricho Espanol		Moraima	G Espinosa
Selection		Three Little Maids	P A Rubens
Valse (on Smooth Waters		Auf Glatten Fluten	H Starke
Selection	In Dahomey	A Negro musical Comedy	M Cook
Characteristic Piece		The Grasshopper's Dance	E Bucalossi

PILGRIMS AND QUARANTINE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I wish your correspondent *Englishman* had disclosed his name, as that would have enabled the public to judge what claims he has to rush into print on the subject of quarantine on Musalman pilgrims. It would have also shewn whether he has done so on his own initiative or as a mere tool in the hands of other people. Will *Englishman* tell me why a member of the Moslem community should not give expression in the press to the feeling of satisfaction and thankfulness entertained unanimously by his entire community? Will he point out a single word in my letter to which any exception can reasonably be taken? Your correspondent says that (1) I first interested myself in the pilgrim question after H. H. the Aga Khan had put some interpellations in the Supreme Legislative Council and certain correspondence had appeared in the local press. (2) That I thereupon merely asked some unimportant questions in the Local Legislative Council. (3) That beyond this I have done nothing and have taken no active part in any of the public meetings.

As regards (1) I will ask *Englishman* to look up the dates, on which I first drew the attention of Government to the hardships of the pilgrims, the questions asked by His Highness, and the correspondence referred to. If he does so, he will find how totally wrong he is in his facts. (2) It will probably be news to your correspondent that the "unimportant questions" in the local Legislative Council led to (a) the extension of the pier at Pir Pao, thus doing away with the hardships of the pilgrims at the time of landing, (b) the employment of steam power to convey the boats, containing the pilgrims expeditiously to Pir Pao, (c) the adoption of other measures for the relief of the pilgrims. All these led to the reduction of the maximum time occupied in transit from the Musafer-Khanas to the segregation camp from 18 hours to 8. *Englishman* appears to be ignorant that one of these "unimportant questions" illicited the fact that amongst the 47,000 pilgrims, who passed through the segregation camp, during the past three seasons only one doubtful case of plague was detected. I do not think it can be disputed for a moment that this fact enormously strengthened, if not actually won the case for the abolition of quarantine. Does *Englishman* aware that the only memorial in which this fact was embodied was the one approved and adopted at a public meeting held under the auspicies of the Anjuman-i-Islam, and presided over by His Highness the Aga Khan?

As regards (3) I am not inclined at present for obvious reasons to enter into a controversy. It will furnish much enlightenment to *Englishman* if he obtains a copy of the proceedings of the Local Legislative Council held in July 1906, and reads the speech I delivered on the subject. I would also invite him to look over the local newspapers in which the proceedings of the Anjuman-I-Islam public meeting were reported.

In conclusion I would ask *Englishman* if he be so consumed with the desire to write to the papers, in a matter, which does not concern him or his country-men, to thoroughly study the literature on the subject before rushing into print.—Yours, &c.,

IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA.

Deolali, September 23.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

(Vide *St. James's Budget*, 31-8-06.)

The 'Montagu' is scrap-iron now,
The 'Hindustan' can't steer,
The 'Duncan's' double bottom's pierced,
Thank God, war seems not near.

The 'Good Hope's' outer plating's holed,
'Dominion's' just the same:
'Hibernia's' armour plate's gone wrong,
Alas for Erin's fame!

Eight per cent. of our Navy
Is, more or less, up the spout.
This our defensive position,
In peace, I might point out.

Just think of the extra perils
Which war would place to our lot.
I ask you a simple question,
Are we strong enough, or not?

Take Germany's building programme;
Where are we, two years hence?
Is this a time for economy?
Why, surely our common sense,

The common sense of our people,
Should raise a cry so loud
That our weak kneed legislators,
By socialism cowed,

Should, fearing to face the music,
Of the Nation's mighty voice,
Increase, not cut down our programme
Now we have made the choice.

For good or for ill to centre,
One Nation's life on the foam,
To the Blue Water Theory to trust us,
For safety of hearth and home.

What is the Navy League doing?
Is it a name, naught more?
Does it trust to talk and pamphlets
To keep the foe from the door?

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

ARSENAL PROOF AGAINST THE SUN.

Manchester City Curl Up.

EXTRAORDINARY GAME AT HYDEROAD.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 7.

NOWHERE throughout the country were football players more cruelly grilled by the heat of the sun than at Hyde-road, where Woolwich Arsenal provided the reconstructed Manchester City team with their first game. But the effect of the roasting was most peculiar, for whereas the Arsenal players positively revelled under the scorching attentions of Old Sol, the City's new combination of Anglo-Scottish talent curled up like burnt paper. The result was an extremely farcical game, which the Arsenal won by 4 goals to 1, but which gave, one an imperfect impression as to the relative merits of the opposing sides under normal conditions. Manchester City must inevitably take a gloomy view of what transpired, but they have at least one reason for congratulation. They are not being deserted in their darkest hour by the enthusiasts of Cottonopolis. Despite the uninviting conditions and widespread rumours that the game had been postponed, there were fully fifteen thousand spectators, who cheered on their favourites with frantic energy until the City players themselves gave up the ghost of the game. Indeed, it was the influence of the crowd which kept the home team from an early retreat, for, truth to tell, the hope of Hyde-road out a sorry figure.

Thus far the game had not been seriously interfered with, and a surprisingly good pace had been maintained. It is not, therefore, unfair to the City to assert that for the first half-hour, under equal conditions, the Arsenal were far the better team. Kyle, the ex-Hotspur centre forward, was the only debutant in the winning eleven, and, not unnaturally, the City's experimental eleven could not live against an eleven of old acquaintance. The Woolwich defence was wonderfully fast, and yet reliable and steady, with Cross, Bigden, and McEachrane always carrying off the honours. Tricky little Conlin, of Bradford City fame, was the only troublesome forward in opposition, but, as indicated, he was "counted out" before half-time. Stewart, the Edinburgh Hibernian international outside right, displayed better condition and more consistent activity than any other player on the home side; but, in the vernacular, he was not "class enough" for either McEachrane or Sharp. The City's three inside forwards at best were merely passable. Thornley, first of any, fell a victim to the heat, and should not be judged; Grieve, the Greenock Morton centre forward, alone tested Ashcroft with a great shot in the first half, but he made a poor pivot; and Jones was meticulously itself, though he "stuck it" uncomplainingly. The City defence was unworthy of First Division football. With the exception of Dorsett, the halves and backs were a rickety rackety crew, with Davies unsafe in goal. Kelso, the Third Lanark left-back, though of greyhound appearance, was a cart-horse in action, and literally kickedlike one, lunging from the thigh in reckless fashion and wholly without judgment. It should be explained that the City were weakened by the enforced absences of Smith, their new goalkeeper from Leicester Fosse, and Banks, (for whom Steel, late of Kilmarnock, made a sorry substitute at right-half).

The story of the second half from a football point of view is not worth the telling. Eight City men resumed the game with reluctance, playing three forwards, three half-backs, a fullback, and a goalkeeper. An encouraging cheer signalled the reappearance of Conlin three minutes later, he having left Thornley and Grieve in the dressing-room hopelessly affected. For a time the ragged City ranks forgot their misfortunes, and "weighed in" in response to the yells of the spectators, and following a sudden dash by Conlin, a back pass to Dorsett enabled the latter to score, Ashcroft trapping the ball after it had passed over the line. That was the City's expiring effort. The Arsenal afterwards successfully contrived to defeat the one-back game of their opponents, Kyle regaining the two goals lead with a lightning left-food shot, and having had a point disallowed for offside. Satterthwaite was credited with the fourth point long before the finish, and the Arsenal, while easing up, might easily have doubled their score. Coleman Garbutt, and Kyle missing an open goal in turn. Near the finish, Dorsett, Conlin and Kelso went off, and half-a-dozen physical wrecks were all that were left to await the final whistle.

The Arsenal were clearly the better team in every respect, their condition especially being a rare testimonial to the training capabilities of Robert Dunmore. It is significant that whereas the City trainer had to attend to his men on the ground at least a dozen times, Satterthwaite was the only visiting player to require the presence of Dunmore, and then exclusively for treatment as the result of a severe kick from Christie in the first half. Of course, the light ball and the fast ground was all in favour of the Arsenal, but the winning team have every reason to be proud of themselves, if only for the manner in which they withstood the heat. In the result a glorious start has been made by the Gunners, and if the Bury engagement can be half so effectively fulfilled this evening there will be great rejoicing when Middlesbrough visit the Manor Field next Saturday.

One figure fiend aggregates the attendances for the ten First Division matches at over two hundred thousand, and for the whole of the thirty principal League games at 357,000, the large majority of whom "stood out" the hundred minutes during which the combat was in progress uncomplainingly. Several amateur clubs wisely postponed their fixtures by mutual consent, but these are lucky in not having to consult the British public. They please themselves. As far as can be gathered the only big match to be interfered with by the heat was that between Manchester City and Woolwich Arsenal at Hyde Road, and here the casualties were remarkable in that the whole of the players who suffered were on the side of the losers. So frequent were the stoppages in the second half, in order that the City players might be sponged down, that the referee came within an ace of bringing the game to an abrupt conclusion. In the light of what transpired elsewhere we are afraid that had he done so Mr. Barker might, in an inconsiderate moment, have considered he had "been had." Footballers would, however, have been inclined to support him in such a decision, notwithstanding the remarkable coincidence. Thornley and Grieve of Manchester City, Corrin of Plymouth Argyle, and Jarvis of West Ham United seem to have been the only players in the country who were compelled to retire permanently in consequence of the scorching they had received. Happily, too, there were few injuries of an alarming nature, Byrne, the Chelsea goalkeeper, being the most unfortunate victim, he having his shoulder dislocated.

For the third season in succession Aston Villa succeeded in carrying away both points from Stoke. The evening was very warm when the tennis turned out, and there was a little advantage in the spin of the coin, which dropped in Holford's favour. At the outset the Villa backs appeared none too reliable, but they soon settled down, and afterwards held the home team at bay. Miller and Gallimore headed the first dangerous move, and the latter brought George to his knees with a hard shot. The ball rebounded to Chalmers, but the Villa custodian reached the latter's shot, and Gallimore then sent past the halves, and set the Villa attack in motion. The forwards swept down on Roose, and in the melee Benson handled in the penalty area. Bache taking the kick shot hard towards the top corner. Roose, however, made a magnificent save, and punted the ball to midfield. Soon afterwards Bache ran down with the ball, and passing Burges centred to Hampton, who was splendidly placed, but he did not steady himself and shot wildly over the bar. Gallimore, who at this time was putting in a lot of work, made another attempt at George's charge but without success, and then after Davies had shot over the bar George saved from Chalmers, Rouse and Gallimore one after the other. A minute before the interval Hamton got possession, and Benson hestitating allowed him to get through and score with a shot which gave Roose no chance whatever.

THE Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have notified in a circular letter that the Royal Standard being the personal flag of the Sovereign is, by His Majesty's command, not to be displayed in future on board His Majesty's ships, or on official buildings, as has been hitherto customary on His Majesty's birthday and other occasions, but is only to be hoisted on occasions when the Sovereign is actually present, or when any member of the Royal Family is present representing the Sovereign. In such case that member of the Royal Family may fly the Royal Standard for the time being, but on no other occasion. The Royal Standard is to be used for Her Majesty the Queen in the same manner as for the King. As the occasions for all Royal salutes are officially notified, the use of the Royal Standard is considered unnecessary when Royal salutes are fired in the absence of the Sovereign.

PARIS-INDIA Sole Agents for RICHARD BRASIER MOTOR CARS 75, Hornby Road.

SURAT EXHIBITION.

WE are informed that Mr. Romesh Chandra Dutt C. I. E., was requested by wire to consent to preside over the deliberations of the Industrial Conference to be held along with the Provincial Conference. He has replied by wire declaring his willingness to do so. Messrs. Manubhai Nanabhai, Balvantrao Tripurashanker and Thakarram Kapilram, Hon. Secretaries, have gone to Poona to request Mr. Muir-Mackenzie, Member of H. E. the Governor's Council, to open the Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition to be held here. The request was made in person and he has kindly accepted the invitation.

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the Industrial Conference and the Exhibition Committee met on the 11th inst. under the Presidentship of Rao Bahadur Khandubhai Gulabhai Desai, at which it was unanimously resolved to formally request Mr. Romesh Chandra Dutt, to preside over the Industrial Conference and to thank Mr. Muir-Mackenzie for accepting the invitation to open the Exhibition. The Secretary at this stage informed the meeting of the work done by the Pandal Committee and the Colletion Committee. It was resolved by the meeting to keep on the Committee's records the deep sense of the loss suffered by the deaths of Sheth Premchund Roychand and Mr. Chakarbatti. About Rs. 14,000 have been already subscribed in the funds in Surat and Bombay. About 150 applications have been received from Exhibitors upto now. Agents have been sent to Deccan and Kathiawar. H. H. the Nawab Saheb of Cambay has kindly subscribed Rs. 500 to the funds of the Exhibition and H. H. The Maharajassaheb of Dharampore has also kindly subscribed Rs. 250 for the same purpose. They have asked for a still each for their States.

Mr. Gelabhai Dolatram Dalal, Manager of "Ahmedabad Deshi Natak Co. Ld., was requested to give a benefit night for the Provincial Conference. He has consented to give his famous play "Suarda" and has also been kind enough to consent not to take any expenses that he might incur. The performance is to take place this day.

The "Morbi

Yes! That's the name

D-H-A-R-I-W-A-L.

There's nothing in a name unless it stands for something. In that case it's everything.

In this case it stands for what is best in the clothing line.

Best for comfort, best for health, best for appearance and, therefore, best value for your money.

DHARIWAL

PURE

WOOL

MATERIALS

are guaranteed Pure Wool throughout and will be found the best and the most useful for yourself, household and stables.

* * *

Wear them now,
Wear them always.

* * *

Samples are free for the asking.

ADDRESS THE MANAGER,
DEPT: 4,

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS CO., LD.

DHARIWAL, PUNJAB.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.
MARCKS & Co., Ld.
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Company's Stock is the Finest Manufactured and is obtained direct at absolutely first cost from reliable English Manufacturers.

WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,
WATCHES,	JEWELLERY,

THE COMPANY'S WATCHES should be inspected before deciding elsewhere, PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
MARCKS & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY & POONA

F. & C. OSLER,

LIMITED.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS

BOMBAY,

AND AT

CALCUTTA, LONDON, BIRMINGHAM,

UNDERTAKE ELECTRIC INSTALLATIONS in all parts of India, for Towns, Palaces, Darbar Halls, Temples, Hospitals, Bungalows Complete with the Highest class plant and Materials, under Expert European Engineers.

ESTIMATES FREE.

FEVER DROPS. As. 4

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA.)

The BEST and CHEAPEST

Remedy for all FEVERS

BLOOD PURIFYING SOLUTION. Re. 1

(PROF. GAJJAR'S FORMULA)

For poor or IMPURE BLOOD.

ongly recommended for

SYPHILITIC TROUBLES.

SHARMA'S INKS.

Equal to the best Imported INKS, but CHEAPER For Prices and Samples apply to

THE SUPERINTENDENT

T. C. LABORATORY, Girgaum, BOMBAY

THE
BOMBAY ELECTRIC Co.,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND
CONTRACTORS.

STOCK & SHOW ROOMS.
9-11, MEDOWS STREET.
BOMBAY.

PICTURE FRAMIMG.

TO bring out to best advantage the PICTURE FRAMED, is a business that requires skill acquired only by experience and a knowledge of contrast and harmony.

WE HAVE THE EXPERIENCE

and also the largest Stock of mouldings to select from, and our knowledge gives that Artistic touch to our work which enhances the value of the Picture.

BOMBAY FINE ART GALLERY,
BOMBAY.

ROSE & CO., for HARMONIUMS.
ROSE & CO., for ORGANS.
ROSE & CO., for PIANOS.
ROSE & CO., for MANDOLINES.
ROSE & CO., for BANJOES.
ROSE & CO., for VIOLINS.

S. ROSE & CO., hold the best Stock of MUSIC and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS in India.

S. ROSE & CO.
FORT, BOMBAY,

S. ROSE & CO., have largest Stock of New, Standard, and CLASSICAL MUSIC in the Fast.

ROSE & CO., for CORNETS.
ROSE & CO., for FLUTES.
ROSE & CO., for PICCOLOS.
ROSE & CO., for HARMONICAS.
ROSE & CO., for CONCERTINAS.
ROSE & CO., for ACCORDEONS.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS received, subject to six and twelve months' notice of withdrawal at rates which can be ascertained on application.

REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM. Demand and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and addresses in connection, with the latter registered Free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co., 65. Cornhill, London.

LONDON.

HENRY S. KING & CO.

PETROL.
SHELL BRAND

IMPORTED BY THE

ASIATIC PETROLEUM COMPANY,

AGENTS:

FAZULBHOY M. CHINOY & CO.,

At SHALEBHOY TYEBJEE & SONS'

SHIP CHANDLERS' STORE,

DALAL LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS TAILORING

DIAS SIDICK & CO.,

(UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.)

All we ask is a Trial.

WE GUARANTEE:

Excellence of Material.
Moderation in Price.
Perfection of Fit.
Prompt Delivery.

COMPLETE SUIT IN FIVE HOURS.

DIAS SIDICK & CO.

SUNNY HOUSE & LINDON HOUSE.

APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

COX & CO.

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge, and Interest allowed thereon Terms may be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES issued.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made, and Addresses Registered with London Office free of charge.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available Berths secured to All Parts of the World free of charge of commission.

PASSENGERS met on Arrival and

BAGGAGE received for Shipment and Clearance.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

List of Representatives and Correspondents and all information in connection with Agency Business furnished on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

ENTERIC.

PLAGUE. CHOLERA. DYSENTERY.

ALONG WITH

ACCIDENTS FROM ALL ORDINARY SPORTS

COVERED BY

NORWICH & LONDON ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LD.

Premium Rs. **90** Yearly for **Rs. 15,000** Policy.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO., BOMBAY.

LONDON IN BOMBAY.
LONDON IN BOMBAY.
LONDON IN BOMBAY.

BUCHANAN'S

"BLACK & WHITE"

SCOTCH WHISKY.

Sold Everywhere.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, SEPT. 25, 1906.

INDIA AND ITS CHAMPIONS.

SOME of our Anglo-Indian contemporaries, in their anxiety to expose the absurdities and possible disloyalty of various agitators on the other side of India, have, we fear, done almost as much to set race against race and prolong the unrest of which they complain, as the persons and journals they condemn. Though the handful of busy-bodies may agitate and make speeches full of sound and fury there is really no reason for alarm. We must remember that empty things make the most sound and that since the anti-climax represented in the "coronation" or canonisation—whichever it was—of Mr. Surendranath Banerjee there is no longer any necessity for concern as to what they do. Mr. Surendranath brought down upon himself and his colleagues ridicule and contempt of the most influential section of the Native Press and of the most enlightened of those of his co untrymen who, at the outset, believed the agitation a righteous one. At all events the incident of the crowning of "The People's King" sufficed to show that there was no longer any occasion for measures to deal with the unrest and that in giving the agitators rope enough the pious hope that they would hang themselves was more than justified. We believe that in refusing to sit on the safety-valve the Government of India exercised a wise discretion. People of Mr. Surendranath's following may be safely permitted to get rid of their superfluous energy in talk, which is not likely to provoke many people to action. And even if it leads to the dismemberment of the Congress and breaking it up into a number of sections, what matter? The Congress can achieve nothing while its unanimity is unbroken. Its original one-sidedness led to the ultimate downfall of the last Parliament and the Congress may perhaps undergo such a change as to render it of positive service to the State if, instead of trying to help it to a decision as to the next President, our contemporaries left it rigorously alone that the majority may commit some crass absurdity out of which may come redemption. Let the majority have Mr. Bannerjee if the majority wishes, and let him, wearing his crown of thistles, or whatever they may be, inveigh against Great Britain to his heart's content. It will do no harm, for the men of action in this country are not led by the men of words—that is of words given forth in public.

As we have said the time to leave the Bengali speech-makers to themselves was when Mr. Bannerjee's lambs began to gambol with their shepherd. But no; there are those timid creatures among us who will attach importance to Bengali bleatings and believe that we are as near a popular uprising now as we were this day fifty years ago. This feeling of alarm has reached England where those who have only vague ideas, even as to the length, breadth and area of India, believe in Mr. Bannerjee equally with Mr. Gokhale and have the impression that we on the spot, not alive to our danger, are hurrying on our own destruction. Except for a typhoon of verbosity the atmosphere is as clear as it has been at any time since the supersession of the old East India Company, and the "new spirit in India" of which our friends at Home are being told so much in the magazines, is of no more import than the speeches in Free Trade Hall or the growling of the lions in the Zoological Gardens. Freedom to make a noise is good for both man and beast, and there cannot be two opinions as to whether in India both are allowed plenty of liberty in this respect. But somehow or other in this country man—in small quantities—has developed a desire to be heard beyond the seas. He has been told that it is necessary to make his voice heard and that while Mr. John Morley has firmly applied the curb to wild aspirations he is ready to listen. And so the *National Review's* "own correspondent in India," tells us that "there is a prevalent sense of unfulfilled expectations, which has produced the conviction that persistent agitation and emphatic demonstration are necessary in order to compel the attention of the Home Government." "The feeling is," we are further told, "that the Liberals, the Radicals, and the Labour Members will hearken and acquiesce if only enough noise and disturbance is made; and that feeling is perhaps the most potent and the most dangerous cause of unrest in India to-day." The writer, too, thinks it may be advanced as a generalisation that, so far as any change is visible in India, it is a change from passive acquiescence to a growing tendency to run counter to the desires and wishes of the Government. It is not acute as a rule, it is only occasionally manifested, but the disposition is there. So far as that is true the fault is not so much with the native as with the "friends" of India who are in truth its most dangerous enemies. Outside influences are responsible and those outside influences are directed by the O'Donnells, the Wedderburns, and the Cottons.

Even Sir Charles Crosthwaite from the peaceful scenes of his retirement is led to discuss this "new spirit." This, he does in the pages of *Blackwood* and marvels at signs of discontent in a country where there is as much, perhaps more personal freedom and better protection for the lives and property of all races, sreeds and classes, than in any other. Sir Charles endorses the recent remark of the Secretary of State to the effect that the Government of India is in thorough sympathy with the necessities of the day and of the hour, and proceeds to inquire what are those necessities. "They are, so far as can be gathered, the ambitions and desires of the educated classes in India—perfectly legitimate and natural ambitions." But we are glad to find that Sir Charles, like several other retired Anglo-Indians, does not favour their immediate gratification. As to the "new spirit," he does not regard it as new, nor is it. It is only more active and wider in its influence, for the educated classes are increasing. He does not think it in the nature of things that all classes of Indians should be content to be excluded for a powerful share in the Government of their country. And that being so, it is inevitable that they should make their views known. Every encouragement is given by the Government of India to those who make representations to it, no matter upon what subject. But the methods recently adopted are not those most calculated to produce the desired effect. As the educated classes are increasing and their aspirations growing it is intensely desirable that their methods should be properly directed and that in any agitation they may decide upon they should choose their leaders from the wisest men, not from the noisiest. As it is, they began wrong. They permitted leaders to appoint themselves. They have now begun to recognise their error in submitting to the dictatorship of men incompetent to guide them and the episodes of a month ago served to reveal the futility of hoping for success by proceeding further on the course they have allowed themselves to be led into. It was best, as we have already intimated, to leave them to their own thoughts and reflections instead of persistently attacking them. There is no new feeling in India. It is the old feeling re-manifesting itself; in an objectionable manner it is true, but left to itself it would all the sooner have become dormant, for as education spreads still further the truth of the words of Sir Charles Crosthwaite will be more widely recognised:—"We govern India in the interests of the vast and mixed multitude who inhabit the continent,—not for the pleasure of, comparatively speaking, a handful of educated men, or to meet their natural aspirations for place and power."

THE ABYSSINIAN RAILWAY. The Abyssinian Railway, of which Reuter recently explained that the delay in King Menelik's acceptance of the Tripartite Agreement, is due solely to the necessity of consultation with his Councillors in the October and November sessions, is one of those important matters which, to the general public, often seem of minor importance. The scheme was first projected about fifteen years ago, being one of the many schemes born of French Colonial enthusiasm. At the time France dreamed of securing the whole of North Central Africa, from Senegal to Abyssinia, as a French domain and, had this enormous project been carried out, there would have been a railway from Dakar, on the Atlantic, to Jibouti on the Gulf of Aden. The Ethiopian Railway means, to a large number of French people, far more than it can to the ordinary business man. To them it is not only a commercial enterprise, a possible means of making French influence supreme in Abyssinia, it is also the highway of the future to the Nile, the French Sudan and the Congo. And here is to be found the reluctance of the French Government to abate its claims to construct and control this line. Apart from these larger and more fantastic schemes, the French colonial party have long desired to convert Abyssinia into a French Protectorate. It was for this reason that the Bay of Obock was occupied, and Jiouti was, at considerable expense, made into a modern port, which is by far the best along the Somali coast. Having secured the port of entry, the French Government's next step was, obviously, to improve the means of communication with the interior. Harrar, the nearest Abyssinian town, is a hundred and thirty-five miles as the crow flies from Jiouti, and is separated from it by a desert of incredible sterility. A railway across this waste to Harrar was therefore necessary before France could profit by her new port. In return for help against the approach of the Italians, King Menelik granted to M. Lagarde in 1894, a concession for a railway from Jiouti to the Nile and thereupon a company was formed with the monopoly of railway construction in South Abyssinia. The plan was that the railway should run from Jibuti to Harrar, from there to Entotto, at that time the capital, and thence to Kaffa and the Valley of the White Nile. But only the part as far as Harra was sanctioned by the decree, and fresh power had to be secured for the second and third expansion. It may also be noted that the holders of the concession were empowered to levy duty of ten per cent. on all merchandise passing through Harrar, whether imported or exported, in order to enable the Company to raise capital. Then it was decided that the line should cease thirty miles from Harrar, at the foot of the plateau and work began in 1897. It was soon found that the actual cost far exceeded the estimates, and the scanty funds were rapidly exhausted.

The French public declined to take shares and the Government withheld assistance so that the railway was apparently doomed. At this juncture the French directors, subordinating their patriotism to their business instinct, appealed to a group of English capitalists. The result was that the New African Company in 1900 advanced a large sum of money for the purpose of completing the line. Money was also advanced by the Oceana Company and the New Egyptian Company, and in June, 1901, the interests of these concerns were consolidated in the International Ethiopian Railway Trust and Construction Company, which, it was announced, "will continue the construction of the line for which it holds the sole rights." Thus the Ethiopian Railway became, if not an entirely English undertaking, at least, Anglo-French, and controlled from London. France immediately took alarm and State aid was granted to the extent of £ 20,000 a year in return for which France secured the reversion of the concession as far as the Hawash valley near Addis Abeba to which place the present project extends. Thereupon more capital was raised, the Anglo-French concession re-bought and the line completed as far as Dire Daoua four years ago, And then, by way of showing his displeasure at the international aspect of affairs King Menelik decided, on fairly reasonable grounds, to revoke the concession of levying on the trade of Harrar. That position still remains to-day. The railway is in working order to Dire Daoua, a distance of 190 miles from Jibouti. The intervening country yields nothing at all, and the English ports of Berbera and Zeila still compete, to some extent, by means of camel transport for the through traffic to the interior of Abyssinia, so that the railway cannot pay under present conditions. It is understood that the Anglo-French syndicate already named, whose holding in the Railway Company is valued at £ 323,860 has so far enabled it to pay interest on its bonds; but this state of things cannot continue. Hence all parties concerned are anxiously awaiting the verdict of Menelik on the new English, French, and Italian agreement. Should he refuse to allow the French Company to extend to Harrar unless it is divested of its official character France is in a somewhat hopeless position. The most obvious solution of the difficulty is that of the tripartite agreement, namely to turn it into an international concern similar to the Suez Canal Company, and this is somewhat of the nature of what has been done, if there be truth in the rumour that an English and Italian Director have been added to the board. Germany is ready to advance money for the concern and King Menelik has the power to annul the concession and to construct the railway on an Abyssinian loan. Therefore the conference, which will take place at Harrar in October and November, is full of the most important possibilities for at least three European countries.

SALT IN SIND. The report on the administration of the Salt Department in Sind shows a very satisfactory increase in the average rate of consumption per head although, as the Commissioner points out, it is unreliable to accept the figures of the last census as still correct. In Maurypur there was an increase in the sale of twenty-three thousand maunds and, while some of this was probably absorbed by the immigrants who had increased to twelve thousand in the year, the main cause of the increase is probably to be found in the reduction of duty. A table of the gross receipts under this head of revenue during recent years shows that there has been a fluctuating decrease since 1901 so that last year it amounted only to Rs. 5,83,149 and excise duty showed a total decrease of Rs. 1,18,043 as compared with the previous year. Local salt heads the list with Rs. 1,06,558 less, Punjab salt imported by private agency with Rs. 11,207 less and Europe salt imported by sea paying Rs. 277 less. Taking the population at 3,210,910 souls, according to the census of 1901, the average rate of consumption per head comes to 8·87 against 8·25 lbs. during the previous year, which is highly satisfactory. The reduction in the excise duty has no doubt led to increased consumption. There have been larger issues also on account of the abolition of licenses for the sale of salt in the Sukkur and Larkana districts, many petty dealers being induced thereby to obtain and stock salt in their shops. It appears that there are still several shop-keepers in these districts who do not sell salt owing to their being ignorant or doubtful of the change, and these will probably sooner or later proceed to stock salt; but it remains to be seen whether the increase in the demand from those districts will be maintained afterwards, as subsequent renewals of the vendors' stock will depend upon actual consumption. It is not practicable to say to what extent the increase in consumption is attributable to immigration. The Collector of Hyderabad states that there was a great influx of Cutchis and Marwaris in his district in 1905-1906, while the Deputy Commissioner, Thar and Parkar, says that immigration did not occur on a larger scale than usual. In the Larkana district, there is said to have been some increased immigration from Kalat territory and Rajputana, due to bad harvests in those parts. During the year there were 123 offences against the Salt laws as compared with 147 in the previous year. A noteworthy item of the report is the Notification that one of the chief contractors for the carriage of salt for Maurypur has commenced to take salt to Karachi by boat instead of by camels as hitherto done. In order to facilitate transport he has constructed, at his own expense, a road from the Works to the water-side and a stage for loading the salt into boats, and he expects to be able to carry salt, by this means, at less cost than by camels. At present it is only an experiment, but it is one which seems to have a bright future.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR of Bombay will arrive at Bombay (Parel) at 5-28 a. m., to-day, returning to Poona from the Victoria Terminus by 10-45 train this evening. The arrival and departure will be private. Two salutes of 17 guns each will be fired from the Saluting Battery at 7 a. m., to-day and to-morrow to announce the arrival and departure of His Excellency.

THE P. & O. Company's s. s. "Arabia" with the outward Mail of the 14th instant left Aden at 7 p.m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at daylight on Friday next.

THE Maharaja of Jodhpur arrived in Simla on Saturday on a short private visit.

THE Commander-in-Chief is expected back in Simla from Kashmir at the end of October.

THE R.I.M.S. Hardinge, Commander G. A. Rose, sailed yesterday for Rangoon.

THE Amritsar-Patti Railway as far as Tarn-Taran was opened for passenger traffic on the 21st of this month.

THE old Race Stand at Calcutta is to be pulled down as the improvements now in hand are almost completed, and it is no longer needed.

GENERAL SIR BEAUCHAMP DUFF, Chief of the Staff in India, will preside at the Annual Staff College Dinner on the 26th instant at Simla.

The Austrian Lloyd's s. s. Austria, from Japan, left Calcutta for Bombay on the night of the 22nd instant, and may be expected here on or about the 3rd October.

MR. BAKER and Mr. Erle-Richards will address the Legislative Council on the 25th instant, introducing the Presidency Banks Act and the Mofussil Bankruptcy Act respectively.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hewett takes over the Office of the Lieutenant Governor of the United Provinces on the morning of the 14th of November, and as anticipated, the Hon'ble Mr. Finlay will reach Simla by the mail of the 12th November.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti-Valley Railway for the week ending 11th August amounting to Rs. 10,156, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 79. The total earnings from 1st of July to 11th of August were Rs. 62,302, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 4,902.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 11th August, amounted to Rs. 3,971, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 514. The total earnings from the 1st of July to the 11th of August, were Rs. 19,672, being an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 5,485.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dolka Railway for the week ending 11th August amounting to Rs. 1,597, being an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 257. The total earnings from 1st of July to the 11th of August were Rs. 10,198, being an increase on corresponding period of last year of Rs. 1,897

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.]

OUR SERIAL STORY.

FLIES IN THE WEB,

FERGUS HUME.

(Author of "The Mystery of a Hansom Cab," &c.)

SYNOPSIS OF former chapters. Jacob Tawse, a Hebrew money-lender, is found by the caretaker of his offices, Mrs. Zeal, apparently murdered. A woman's stocking stuffed with sand is found in the office, and in the presence of several witnesses Tawse rouses up sufficiently to utter words which arouse suspicion against Rebecca Mendoza his niece. The second chapter introduces us to Mrs. Benhillo's boarding house, where a meeting takes place between Marion Wallace and her lover Roland Carver, whilst Marion's father, Sir Athelstan, is absent, attending the inquest on Tawse. Marion speaks of Tawse as having been her father's old school fellow. Roland Carver appears to be hiding some trouble. Roland presently receives a visit from Owen Mallett, a solicitor, who is the suitor favoured by Sir Athelstan for his daughter's hand. Mallett had frequently assisted Tawse in business, and from knowledge thus gained accuses Roland's brother of forging Tawse's name to a bill. As a prosecution had been about to take place, he suggests that Fred Carver was the murderer. He endeavours by means of threats to extract a promise from Roland to withdraw his suit in regard to Marion. Sir Athelstan evinces a peculiar regard for a governess engaged, at Mallett's instigation, for young Dick Wallace, his orphaned grandson. A stormy interview between Roland and Sir Athelstan concludes by the latter undertaking to withdraw his opposition to Roland's suit on condition that he discovers Tawse's murderer. Roland applies for assistance to his friend Jack Werner, who proves to have a personal incentive in endeavouring to track the murderer. Some papers belonging to Tawse are found by Werner in Roland's desk. They refer to Mrs. Benhillo, who is called in and acts very strangely during the interview, although it is evident she did not hide the papers. Werner commences his investigation by a call on Mrs. Zeal, from whom he obtains a scrap of purple embroidery as a clue. He then visits old Miss Mendoza at Mai la Vale, and discovers that Rebecca's companion on the night of the murder was Harriet Lizard, the governess. He further discovers that Harriet Lizard and Rebecca Mendoza are half sisters. He is also shown a photograph of Rebecca, which the elder Miss Mendoza has concealed from the police. By the aid of this photograph, on visiting Harriet Lizard's former address, he recognises Rebecca, whom he sees driving away from the house, leaving Mallett standing on the kerb. Gaining entrance into the house Werner has a long interview with the barrister, in which he learns that the woman who has just left is Harriet, and not Rebecca. Beyond this information Werner gets little satisfaction from Mallet, who will not promise to refrain from interference with Carver's love affair, and is as good as his word, for, presumably through his influence, Marion writes to Fred, announcing that their engagement is at an end. Werner, undertaking the part of mediator, decides to go down to Brighton to see Marion on the subject.

CHAPTER XIII.

A SHOCK.

SIR Athelstan Wallace occupied a small house at the Hove, in Perdita Street. It was furnished with the flotsam and jetsam of old family relics, and really looked quite a gentleman's residence, even if rather shabby. There was an "air" about it which showed that the tenant had descended from a higher rank, and the dull rooms looked as though they were inhabited by a person of gentle birth and breeding. Much of this struggle to keep up appearances was due to Marion, who managed admirably on very little money. It was a fine, cold December morning, when Jack strolled down from the railway station. Shortly, he was pacing along the sea front, trusting that he would meet Marion by chance. Advised of her habit by Roland, he knew that she usually took a stroll along the esplanade before mid-day, and he derired to speak to her privately. If Sir Athelstan was within, it would not be easy to speak confidentially to her in the Perdita Street house. Fate was kind, and Jack kept his eyes open, for near Hove he almost ran into the arms of Miss Wallace, who was alone. Nothing could have been better, and Werner thanked his stars for making straight his crooked paths.

"Good morning, Miss Wallace," said Jack, removing his hat. "I am so glad to see you," then he added significantly, "privately."

"Why do you wish to speak in private?" she demanded.

"I think you can guess," said Werner, as they strolled along in the thin sunshine.

Miss Wallace was too miserable to pretend ignorance. "Roland—?" she breathed in a tone so low that Werner could scarcely hear.

"He is very downcast," said Jack, shaking his head.

"I also," she murmured.

"Then why—"

"Oh, don't ask me," interrupted the girl with quiet passion; "that is," she seemed to recollect herself, "what do you mean?"

"You have broken your engagement with Carver," said Jack, very directly, "and without assigning any definite reason. He told me of his trouble, as I am his best friend."

"And you came down to see me?"

"Well, not exactly. I came down to see someone else. But I hoped to meet you, and give you his message."

She looked at him eagerly. "What is it?" she panted flushing.

"He desires to know if you will accord him a meeting."

"I cannot—I cannot."

"I don't see why; you are a free agent, and—if you will pardon me," added Werner delicately, "I see plainly that you still love him."

Marion pressed her gloved hands to her heart, and spoke quietly but with feeling and strength. "I love him more than my life; I shall always love him. But I am not a free agent. Circumstances have arisen which force me to act against my love. Roland and I must never meet again."

"Then you intend to marry Mallett?"

"No," said she passionately; "who told you that?"

"Mallett came to Carver, and insisted that he should give you up, as he wanted to marry you and—"

"He has no right—no right. I may not become the wife of the man I love, but no power on earth will make me false to him. I shall never marry Mr. Mallett, whatever he may say."

"Ah, then, he *has* been saying something?"

"He has influence with my father," she muttered feebly, and turned her face from Jack's scrutinising gaze.

Since Marion would not speak,—and he saw very plainly that she would not—Werner changed the conversation.

"Shall I be able to see Sir Athelstan if I call?" he asked.

"No. He has gone from town to visit Mr. Mallett."

"Ah! He appears to be very friendly with Mallett.'

Marion shuddered. "They are excellent friends," she remarked in a low voice; "there are reasons—well there are reasons."

"Quite so. We can talk of those on another occasion. And the message I am to give to my friend?"

"I cannot see him; he must not correspond with me; all is over," said Marion incoherently, and pulled down her veil to hide the tears that would come to her eyes. "But you will excuse me, Mr. Werner, I must go in-doors. No! I have to do some shopping first. Good-bye," and she hurried off, too confused to make herself clear.

From the incoherency of her manner and conversation Werner saw that she was much moved by the reference to her lover, and saw also that she still loved the man. But there was some powerful reason beneath, which she refused to reveal. It had to do with her father, whom Marion adored, although so selfish a man little deserved adoration. It seemed to Werner that in some way Sir Athelstan was in a predicament with Mallett, and thate Marion knew what the predicament was. Thus, as Mallett chose to put on the screw, which he undoubtedly had done, the baronet was forced to do his bidding, and this had to do with Marion's compulsory breaking of the engagement between herself and Roland Carver. Again he wondered what Mallett's power over the baronet could be, and again he had to abandon any mental inquiry? No answer would come to his question, either from within or without.

Meanwhile, as the time which Miss Lizard had appointed was at hand, Jack walked briskly to Perdita Street, and rang the bell of Sir Athelstan's house. He was shown up into the drawing room, and found Miss Lizard waiting for him. She looked handsome and composed, and he was struck forcibly by her wonderful resemblance to her half sister Rebecca. They might have been twins, so strong was the resemblance. Jack preferred fair and kittenish women, such as was Lady Betty Park, but he could not deny the majesty and beauty of Miss Lizard. She looked like an exiled queen.

"Why do you wish to see me?" asked the governess, when the first greetings have passed, and coming straight to the point.

Jack saw that she was a business woman, and adopted the same plan, since it was useless to waste time, and he was anxious to conclude the interview before Marion returned from her shopping. "I wish to know what become of Rebecca Mendoza on the night of the eighth of November," he said, with aggresive bluntness.

Miss Lizard never flinched, although a warmer colour flushed her dark cheeks. "Why do you come to me and ask that?"

"Because I have seen Miss Mendoza."

"Rebecca?"

"No, her cousin. The old lady who lives in Maida Vale."

"Well," said Miss Lizard calmly, "she, if anyone, would be able to tell you of her cousin's where abouts."

"Pardon me, I do not think so. Rebecca went to dine at your house in Saracin Road, and—"

"What do you know of my house?" she asked harply.

"I have been there."

"You—have—been—there," said Miss Lizard slowly.

"Yes. I saw you drive off the other night with your luggage, after saying good-bye to Mallett. Then I went in and talked to him."

"About me?" she demanded with an angry look.

"Amongst other things," rejoined Werner coolly.

Miss Lizard bit her lip. "Why do you interfere in these matters?"

"I wish to learn who killed Jocob Tawse."

"Why?"

"Ah, that is a long story, and I do not wish to take up your time, but I intend to hunt Rebecca down. She killed her uncle."

Of course Werner did not believe in his statement for one moment, but simply said it to extort a reply from the governess. His action produced the desired effect, for Miss Lizard rose in a royal rage.

"How dare you say that, Mr. Werner," she cried, with glittering eyes and passion in her tone. "Rebecca is innocent."

"Ah, then she did not go to Tawse's rooms on that night."

"How should I know?" said Miss Lizard evasively.

"Because you and she went to the Piccadilly Theatre, or rather you did not go, seeing that you returned home at nine o'clock."

"Who told you that?" she asked sharply.

"Mrs. Rook."

"She had no right to."

"Perhaps not; but I put it to you, Miss Lizard, is it not better that she should tell me than tell the police?"

The governess grew pale. "She would never do that."

"Quite so, but I might."

"There is need to threaten," said she coolly. "You cannot harm Rebecca, nor can the police. Not only is she out of England, but she is seriously ill."

"And where is she?"

"In Paris. You can go over and see her if you like. She will probably tell you what happened on the night of the eighth; but I think—you will find her very ill. I am expecting a wire from Paris this morning to say how she is. I have a wire once or twice a day."

"Hum! How did she get to Paris?"

Miss Lizard looked at him angrily. "You are not very sympathetic."

"Why should I be? If Rebecca Mendoza is ill, and as you hint dying, it is better that she should die, than fall into the hands of the police to be charged with murder."

"She is innocent, I tell you," cried Miss Lizard passionately.

"Prove it."

"She told me so."

"That is no proof, and, moreover, it shows that she was at the rooms of Tawse on that night."

"Yes, she was," admitted Miss Lizard, seeing that she would have to be plain with so determined a man. "We went to the Piccadilly Theatre—at least I did—to a box. Rebecca left me about seven to see our uncle Jacob. She returned between eight and nine saying that she had found the door of his rooms open, and himself dead. In a fright, and thinking she might get into trouble since she had quarrelled with him, she ran back to me. I thought also that there might danger, so we left the theatre for St. John's Wood in a four-wheeler. Rebecca remained outside in the road—"

"In the four-wheeler?"

"No. In the road. We dismissed the four-wheeler. I pretended to go to bed, and then when Mrs. Rook retired I came down, and let in Rebecca. She changed her evening dress for one of mine and I gave her money to get away."

"Then she expected to be accused."

"She thought that there was a chance, although she never knew if anyone had seen her at Uncle Jacob's chambers. She left me, and when next I heard of her, she was in Paris, very ill. My pupil was at school in Paris, so I induced Sir Athelstan to go over and get him. There I saw Rebecca."

"And she confessed to committing the crime?"

"She denied committing it," cried Miss Lizard angrily, "and I believe her. She was too ill to tell lie," here she rose, and walked to the window. "I wish that telegram would arrive," she said restlessly. "My poor Rebecca was very ill when I heard last."

"Then you think she is innocent?"

"I swear that she is. Yes, I swear it. When she went to the rooms, she found the man dead."

"Well, he was not exactly dead, as he revived sufficiently to say, 'Don't, Rebecca.'"

"What does that prove?" asked Miss Lizard contemptuously. "Nothing!"

"It was strange that he should say such a thing though," retorted Werner. "However, I'll go to Paris, and see Rebecca Mendonza. She may speak openly to me."

"She can tell you no more than I have told you," replied Miss Lizard, with an air of fatigue, "but it will be as well to go over. I shall give you her Parisian address before you leave. She does not know who killed Uncle Jacob, neither do I. As to myself," she added contemptuously, "if you suspect me, I can prove that I was in a box at the Piccadilly Theatre the whole time."

"I do not suspect you, Miss Lizard," said Jack politely. "And I trust we shall be good friends. Sir Athelstan knows me very well, and I have known Miss Wallace for a long time. She was engaged to my friend, Roland Carver, until she broke the engagement to engage herself to Mr. Mallett," and Jack waited for the explosion.

Miss Lizard came back from the window with a perfectly white face, and with gleaming eyes. "What do you mean by that?"

"What I say. Mr. Mallett told Mr. Carver that he loved Miss Wallace, and insisted that the engagement should be broken. I rather fancy that Mr. Mallett has more power in this house than he should have."

Miss Lizard paid no attention to this last remark. "Mr. Mallett, who is engaged to me—" she began.

"What! Is he really engaged?"

"Yes No one knows it, but I tell you. Please hold your tongue."

"Willingly, on condition that you stop Mallett making love to Miss Wallace, and induce her to renew the broken engagement."

Miss Lizard smiled strangely. "Rest assured, Mr. Werner, that Owen Mallett shall have nothing more to do with Miss Wallace. As to the renewal of your friend's engagement, that is beyond my power. But if Mr. Mallett marries anyone he marries me."

"But what do you see in him?" asked Werner amazed.

The governess passed her hand across her brow, and seemed rather bewildered. "I'm fond of him," she said in a strained voice. "I marry him. Yes, I'm fond of him."

It seemed to Jack that she spoke as though under compulsion, and as if to order. Miss Lizard saw his amazement, and was about to explain herself forward, when the door bell rang. "The telegram, I hope," said Miss Lizard, running to the door.

She returned in a few minutes with a white face, down which the tears were streaming. In her hand she held a torn envelope, and a piece of paper. "Rebecca is dead," said Miss Lizard, and throwing herself on the sofa wept bitterly.

"Oh, my poor innocent, persecuted darling."

"Dead!" echoed Jack, with unsympathetic disgust, "then the truth will never be known."

(To be continued on Thursday.)

[COPYRIGHT IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.]

THE HEALTH OF THE SULTAN.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Supposed to be Suffering from Cancer.

DISCREDIT OF OFFICIAL PRONOUNCEMENTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

The *Temps*, which was the first to announce the Sultan's illness, learns from an absolutely reliable source that, despite the optimistic official statement, recent consultations have showed that the Sultan is suffering from cancer of the kidneys which is incurable and generally fatal within a year.

THE AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR RETIRES.

A DIPLOMATIC RECORD.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Baron de Calice has retired from the Austrian Embassy at Constantinople which he has held for twenty-six years, which is a unique diplomatic record.

THE CONTROL OF CRETE.

Appointment of a New Commissioner.

FIGHT IN THE CHAMBER.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

M. Zaimis, a Greek, has been appointed High Commissioner of Crete in succession to Prince George.

A discussion on International Control took place yesterday in the Cretan Chamber which resulted in a fight. The International Troops had to be called in and cleared the Chamber.

ANOTHER LOAN FOR RUSSIA.

Arrangements in Progress.

ABORTIVE BOMB OUTRAGE AT RIGA.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

A special French Envoy has arrived at St. Petersburg and is visiting high officials and leaders of both Parties, it is stated with, a view to arranging a French (? fresh) loan.

The Governor of Riga has had a bomb thrown at him while walking in the street, but escaped unhurt.

THE CUBAN QUESTION.

America Fully Prepared.

A SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Fifteen hundred Americans are preparing to land and defend Havana in the event of a collapse of the negotiations.

The situation, however, is somewhat improved.

BLOCK IN THE SUEZ CANAL.

Traffic Resumed.

CALEDONIA STILL AGROUND.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Suez Canal is again clear, but the "Caledonia" is still aground and discharging cargo.

The P. and O. Company have sent us the following communication :—

The P. and O. s. s. "Caledonia," which is reported aground in the Suez Canal, left Bombay on the 12th instant on an extra voyage to London, Suez being her first port of call. The vessel has no passengers or mails from the East on board.

THE TURKISH MUTINY AT PORT SAID.

Caused by Military Prisoners.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Turkish soldiers who mutinied on board the Turkish trooper "Assye" at Port Said lately, included 180 Syrian military prisoners charged with deserting. They overpowered their guards, but the local Police prevented them landing and they have now been transferred, with the help of the local authorities, to the transport "Kusova" which has sailed.

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, SEPTEMBER 23.

The P. & O. Company's s.s. Arabia with the English Mail of the 14th instant left here for Bombay at 7 p.m. to-day.

BREACHES ON THE MADRAS RAILWAY.

Mails Still Suffer Detention.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Bombay Mails were again delayed yesterday and to-day owing to the difficulty experienced in repairing the breaches on the Madras Railway Line near Cuddapah.

No fresh breaches have occurred, but the water is still flowing through the former breach,

In spite of the efforts of the Company's Engineers it has as yet been found impossible to restore through traffic without transhipment.

6TH DRAGOON GUARDS LEAVE FOR MHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

An advance party of the Sixth Dragoon Guards composed of 4 officers and 152 men left for Mhow to-day by a Special Troop Train in command of Captain Dormer, the officers accompanying being Messrs. Kidd, Gore-Langton and Blackburn and Colonel Atkinson, commanding the Cavalry Brigade.

Several officers were present to see them off.

The rest of the regiment will leave on the 4th proximo and the 14th Hussars are expected to arrive at Bangalore next Monday.

The bands of the Essex regiment and the Bangalore Volunteers played the departing squadron from the station.

THE AMIR'S VISIT TO INDIA.

Programme Submitted to Kabul.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

A revised programme for the Amir's visit to India has been drawn up after much careful consideration and has been submitted for the Amir's approval. According to these latest plans, which still await confirmation, the Amir will spend some time shooting in Assam and will also visit Calcutta, Gwalior, Ajmere, Delhi, Patiala, Sirhind and Lahore. Further he will travel by a turbine steamer from Bombay to Karachi.

Dr. Abdul Ghani, the Principal of the Islamia College, Lahore, has resigned his appointment and is leaving Lahore for his home in Gujrat. He is to leave Peshawar for Kabul on 1st proximo. He will probably accompany the Amir during his tour in India.

Sheikh Ghulam Mohay-ud-din Sufi, the Vakil of the Anjuman-i-Himayat-i-Islam, Lahore, who is in receipt of an allowance of Rs. 150, from the Amir is also summoned to Kabul and is accompanying Dr. Abdul Ghani.

ALLEGED PERJURY BY DA COSTA.

Case Adjourned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, SEPTEMBER 24.

The alleged perjury case at Hyderabad, in which Mr. O. V. Da Costa is prosecuted at the instance of the Chief Magistrate of Hyderabad City Criminal Court for perjury committed in the case of Da Costa *vs.* Ramiali, came on in the Court of the Third Magistrate of Hyderabad to-day. Mr. S. Humayun Mirza, Barrister, appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Oomer, pleader, for the defence. The accused's pleader informed the Court that the High Court had been moved for an order to refer the case back to the Chief Magistrate for want of sufficient time to the accused to show cause against the direction of the Chief Magistrate. A certified copy of the High Court's order remitting the case back was put in by the accused's pleader. The Third Magistrate adjourned the case and fixed the 30th instant for the argument of accused's pleader before the Chief Magistrate.

THE NAWAB OF BAHAWALPORE.

Goes to the Haj Pilgrimage.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Nawab of Bahawalpore intends going for the Haj Pilgrimage this year. He will be accompanied to Mecca by all the members of his family, male and female, and will be attended by a small escort of sowars and home followers, in all nearly five hundred people.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST RATS IN LAHORE.

Proposed Dog Tax Abandoned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Civil Surgeon of Lahore having drawn up a note for a systematic campaign against rats from the 1st October to the 31st December, 1906, at an approximate expenditure of Rs. 5,000 the amount has been allotted, in accordance with the suggestion made, by the Government that there need be no hesitation in regarding such expenditure as an appropriate charge against the funds of local bodies.

The proposal to impose a dog tax in the Municipality of Lahore has been dropped, probably owing to the outcry that would have been raised.

TELEGRAPH COMMUNICATION WITH BURMA.

Assam Route Still Closed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

Considerable areas in Eastern Bengal are still flooded; especially the tracts near the rivers, and little progress can be made with the new telegraph line along the railway extension and the crossing of the Brahmaputra at Gauhati. Four working parties will ultimately be employed on this section.

As regards the broken cables of the old route a huge whirlpool has formed in the river at that spot. There again nothing can be done till the floods have subsided.

LATER

Telegraphic communication with Burma is now working well, but the route by Assam will remain closed for some time to come.

THE WOMAN'S BODY FOUND IN A SACK.

Calcutta Police Decline to Take Action.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 24.

In the case of Santo Bewah, a native woman, whose body was found wrapped in a sack at Kamarkhali, 24-Perganas, the Commissioner of Police has declined to take action, as the remains were discovered outside the jurisdiction of Calcutta.

MILITARY POSTINGS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

Major Crocker, 9th Horse, is appointed 2nd-in-Command of the 37th Lancers.

Lieutenant Lindsay attached to the 55th Rifles is posted to that Regiment permanently as a Double Company Officer.

On arrival in India Captain F. M. Browne, R.E., is posted to the Military Works Services in Northern Command.

Colonel Fasken of the Indian Army is appointed a Colonel on the Staff, Southern Brigade, from the 19th instant.

Lieutenant Bond, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, is appointed to the Supply and Transport Corps, and is posted to the Command of the 5th Mule Corps.

Approval has been given to the resignation of his Commission by Captain E. York, 1st Dragoons.

2nd Lieutenant E. P. Henderson of the Unattached List is posted to the 1st Battalion, Royal Sussex Regiment, with a view to qualifying for the Indian Army.

Major R. T. R. Laurence, R.E., is placed under orders for duty in India, and sails on the 21st of September.

Approval has been given to the retirement of Brevet-Major Radcliffe of the Shropshire Light Infantry subject to serving for 5 years in the Imperial Yeomanry.

DUSSERA FESTIVITIES AT MYSORE.

Preparations in Full Swing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Dusserah festivities have commenced at the Jagan Mohan Palace and the city is gay.

The city showed a clean bill of health to-day.

European guests and the Resident are expected on Wednesday on which evening there will be the European Durbar.

No honours are to be conferred this year by the Maharaja. Most of the Indian guests have arrived.

There will be a state dinner on the 1st proximo at the Residency.

NEW SIMLA SECRETARIAT BUILDINGS.

Construction Work to Begin Early.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The building of the new Civil Secretariat on the Kennedy House Estate in Simla will be taken in hand very shortly. Kennedy House which is next to the new offices on the old Gorton Castle site, and which at present is being used as offices by the Miscellaneous Departments, will be pulled down and a large range of offices built in its place. Even then there will not be, it is presumed, sufficient accommodation for the Military Departments. Two blocks are overcrowded and temporary rooms are fitted up in the basement of the United Service Institute building; and the Army Medical Department occupies hired quarters. Ram Hacke, the old offices at Benmore, which were abandoned by the Government of the Punjab, are in occupation of the Survey of India, Civil Veterinary, Army Veterinary, Meteorological, and the Judge Advocate-General's Departments. All of which are without proper offices.

LIEUT.-GOVERNORSHIP OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

Mr. Finlay, C. S. I., the newly appointed Member of Council for Commerce and Industry, will probably arrange to reach India not later than the 9th of November as he ought to take over charge from the Hon'ble Mr. J. P. Hewett during the following week, enabling the latter to relieve Sir James Digges LaTouche.

The five years' term of Sir James Digges LaTouche in the Lieutenant-Governorship of the United Provinces expires on November 14th; but he, of course, holds the appointment till his resignation, and there is nothing to prevent his retaining office for a brief period if public convenience requires it.

THE MADRAS GOVERNOR'S TOUR.

Reception at Coimbatore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Governor of Madras, accompanied by Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, I. C. S., Major Glyn and Captain Popham, arrived at Coimbatore from Ootacamund last night at 8-30 p. m. His Excellency was accorded a public reception at the Coimbatore Railway Station by the District Officials with Mr. R. H. Shipley, the Collector, at the head, the Municipal Councillors headed by Mr. Tiruvengadasamy Moodallier, Chairman, the District Board Members and other leading men of the town.

The Collector introduced the leading gentlemen who were present to his Excellency After inspecting the Guard-of-Honor formed by the Nilgiri Rifle Volunteers, his Excellency drove to the Coimbatore Spinning and Weaving Mills where the Governor spent about half an hour in inspection. The Central Jail was then visited where about an hour and a half was spent in a minute inspection of the Jail in company with Mr. Gadsden, Acting Inspector General of Jails.

Mr. Gainsford, the Superintendent, and Captain O'Neil, I. M. S., Medical Officer, then drove to the Collector's Bungalow for breakfast.

TROLLY AND LIGHT ENGINE IN COLLISION.

Permanent Way Inspector Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

Mr. Armstead, a Permanent Way Inspector on the Madras Railway, met with a severe accident at Jollarpet on Saturday night when he was returning on his trolly from the inspection of the line. His trolley collided with a light engine, which was shunting railway vehicles, and it resulted in a severe fracture of his right hand and ribs.

Mr. Armstead was brought to the General Hospital here yesterday.

CHOLERA IN MADRAS.

Intervention of Providence Invoked.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS SEPTEMBER 24.

Owing to the prevalence of cholera the Roman Catholic inhabitants of North Georgetown Madras, have been asking, by the intercession of prayers, litany, etc., for the intervention of Providence. The services ended on Saturday evening in a grand procession, consisting of decorated cars bearing the images of the Saints, starting from Saint Xavier's compound through the principal streets of North Georgetown, amid a grand display of fireworks.

CHOLERA IN MYSORE.

Colonel Smyth Asked to Cancel his Leave.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MYSORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

Consequent on the appearance of cholera in some of the districts of Mysore, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja has requested Colonel Smyth, the Senior Surgeon, to postpone his availing himself of fifteen months' leave lately sanctioned.

The statement that Colonel James of Travancore was to officiate for Colonel Smyth is absolutely false as also the statement that Captain Niblock was to supercede Doctor Armugum at the Victoria Hospital. Another statement that has to be contradicted is that Rai Bahadur Muttana, Conservator of Forests, is to be reverted and that an European from the British Service is to take his place.

SIMLA IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Simla Improvement Committee, which has hitherto been prevented, by more important engagements elsewhere of its individual members, from assembling, will probably meet, after all, next month.

With it srestricted scope of inquiry, it should not take long to do all that there is to be done and a few sittings should suffice.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

Sir Denzil Ibbetson's Informal Address.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

Sir Denzil Ibbetson's speech at the opening of the Co-operative Credit Societies' Conference in Simla on the 25th instant, will not be a formal one, the address being merely a few words of welcome to the Provincial and other representatives.

SIR ANDREW FRASER'S RETURN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPTEMBER 24.

Sir Andrew Fraser takes over charge of Bengal from Mr. Francis A. Slacke on the 8th of October, probably by wire.

BURGLARIES IN MANDALAY.

Commissioner's House broken into

CRIMINAL TRESPASS AND ASSAULT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Maung Nyun, Municipal Commissioner and proprietor of the *Star of Burma*, Mandalay, was the victim of a murderous assault by burglars, who entered his house between two and three o'clock in the morning.

Maung Nyun and his wife were sleeping in the covered balcony when he was disturbed by the movements of some one in the house.

He called out to the trespasser in his house, but he was told to remain still, enforced by threats. Maung Nyun, however, closed with the man, who struck him.

The Commissioner continued to attack the intruder when another burglar made his appearance, and the two fell on him, striking him on the side. He then backed towards an inner room, calling on his assailants to come on, when he perceived that he had been cut with *dahs* and was bleeding profusely.

By this time the burglars got alarmed and made off by the way they had come (they had apparently climbed up by means of a rope.)

Help was then called in and Maung Nyun was taken to the hospital, where his wounds were dressed by Surgeon Menon.

There were five wounds, one, a deep one, in the body above the waist, one on each upper arm and one on each hand, and accompanied with much loss of blood.

There is evidently a gang of burglars in the town, for in one night there were three attempts at burglary, one at Messrs. Rowe's, one at the Volunteer Headquarters, and the other at the Baptist School, the burglars succeeding in getting away with money at the last-named place.

At the Volunteer Headquarters the safe baffled them, and at Messrs. Rowe's they must have been disturbed while boring a hole in the wall, for nothing was taken away.

THE BOMBAY POLICE FORCE.

Effect of the Re-organisation Scheme.

REVISION OF SALARIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The re-organised Superior Police Force in Bombay will be as follows :—

These proposals arose from the recommendations of the Police Commission and have now been sanctioned.

The pay of the Inspector-General of Police has been raised from Rs. 1,800 per mensem to Rs. 2,500, rising by Rs. 100 to Rs. 3,000.

The pay of the Commissioner of Police remains at Rs. 1,800.

Two Deputy Inspectors-General will receive Rs. 1,800 and another Rs. 1,500 per month

There will be :—

2 Superintendents (1st Grade) on Rs. 1,200.
5 Superintendents (2nd Grade) Rs. 1,000.
8 Superintendents (3rd Grade) Rs. 900.
8 Superintendents (4th Grade) Rs. 800 ; and
10 Superintendents (5th Grade) Rs. 700,
12 Assistant Superintendents (1st Grade) on Rs. 500.
13 (2nd Grade) Rs. 400 ; and
6 (3rd Grade) Rs. 300.

There will be 35 Deputy Superintendents,
7 (1st Grade) Rs. 500.
10 (2nd Grade) Rs. 400.
9 (3rd Grade) Rs. 300,
9 (4th Grade) on Rs. 250.

The following allowances have also been sanctioned :—

The Commissioner of Police will receive, until free quarters can be provided, Rs. 300 per mensem.

The Deputy Commissioner will receive, until residence can be provided at or near the Central Police Office, Rs. 150 per mensem.

The Superintendent of the G. I. P. Railway Police Rs. 100 per mensem.

The Superintendent of the B. B, and C. I, Railway Rs. 100 per mensem.

The Assistant Superintendents of Police, employed as Personal Assistants to the Superintendents G. I. P. and the S. M. Railway Rs. 100 each per mensem as Railway allowances.

The Superintendent G. I, P. Railway Rs. 150.
Superintendent B. B. and C. I. Railway Rs. 150.
Superintendent N. W. Railway Rs. 150.

The Assistant Superintendents employed as Personal Assistant to the Superintendent G. I. P. and S. M. Railways Rs. 100 per mensem, as monthly local allowances.

The Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay Rs. 100.

Assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Rs. 200.

Assistant to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police Rs. 100.

The Superintendent of the Agency Police, Kathiawar, Rs. 150.

The Superintendent of the Training School Rs 100.

The Deputy Inspector of Police, Sukkur Rs. 100.
Deputy Inspector Larkhana Rs. 100.
Deputy Inspector Upper Sind Frontier Rs. 100.

The Assistant Superintendents of Police at Sukkur, Larkhana and Upper Sind Frontier will receive Rs. 50 each.

THE SALE OF COCAINE.

Two Important Notifications for its Regulation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The campaign against cocaine has begun. Two important Notifications under the Excise Act designed to provide means of checking the rapid growth of the cocaine habit in Delhi and other towns in the Punjab have been issued by the Local Government.

The first Notification declares that cocaine and every preparation and admixture of cocaine are henceforth included in the definition of "Intoxicating Drugs."

The substantial effect of this technical ruling will be to enable the Government to exercise the same legal control over the traffic in cocaine as over the traffic in opium or any other recognised intoxicating drug.

The second Notification promulgates detailed regulations to provide that cocaine may be sold only for medicinal purposes and that sellers of cocaine must be licensed as such and further that cocaine, bought for medicinal purposes, must have been prescribed for by a competent doctor practising the European methods of treatment.

A competent doctor, with a recognised diploma may prescribe, solely for medicinal purposes, in the daily exercise of his profession, one ounce and not more than one ounce of cocaine. All other persons, under all other conditions, who may be found in possession of cocaine in any quantity, or in any form whatsoever, will be liable to criminal prosecution.

For the protection of dealers in cocaine, who are already stocked with the drug and cannot immediately dispose of it without heavy loss, a period of grace is allowed up to the 3rd of November. But this applies only to stocks which were already existing on the 3rd of September and not to stocks which have been, or may be, acquired after the 3rd of September.

THE MAHOMEDAN DEPUTATION TO THE VICEROY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

His Excellency will receive the Mahomedan deputation at 11 a.m. on Monday the 1st of October. None of the delegates have yet reached Simla, but it is believed that the representatives will number between thirty and forty.

H. H. the Aga Khan reaches Bombay to-day and proceeds to Simla *via* Lucknow.

KARACHI NOTES AND NEWS.

Fancy Dress Ball.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, SEPTEMBER 17.

THE BLACK HOLE ON WHEELS.

The new gaol is finished and has quietly received within its portals a many unwilling guests. No longer will prisoners on remand be walked along the McLeod Road, manacled and roped together, to their trials. The new prison is some four or five miles away from the Courts, too far for pedestrianism, and for the comfort of the incarcerated. Messrs. Shallcross and Sons have constructed a "Black Maria" which has everywhere received praise and in some places even raised enthusiasm. The vehicle is at present drawn by a team of mules, but the enthusiastic public is cheerfully informed it is so cleverly constructed that in the alternative it may be propelled by motor power. Our latest public-improvement-on-wheels is undoubtedly of pretentious appearance, almost as large as a furniture-van, and, as far as can be judged from an outside view, not unlike a pantechnicon in this respect, "that it is utterly unprovided with any means of ventilation whatsoever." The vehicle is therefore utterly unsuited for containing a dozen living creatures for four, let alone the forty minutes, a trip usually takes. If steps are not taken at once to remedy this defect it cannot but be that misery to all and death to some of its passengers will result. The danger is real and immediate for the death-trap is in daily use. As for the designer, let him be made to make one trip in his contrivance, whether with mules or motor, will not matter. However lamentable the addition to the death-rate, the punishment will at least have fitted the crime.

UNEARNED INCREMENT.

It is a practice, wise and commendable in every respect, that around the residence of the Chief Administrator, be he Governor, Resident, or Commissioner or other, there should be kept a space as broad as possible open and free. But there are occasions in times of peace in which the advantages of open space might willingly be exchanged for the protection of trees and even houses. Within three hundred yards of Government House and directly to windward have risen the iron-works and foundry of Messrs. Herman and Co. These works are always busy, and so from a dozen low black chimneys dense volumes of the smoke of Bengal coal are constantly being wafted directly over Government House. The foliage of the trees and shrubs in the Commissioner's grounds are already somewhat dirty to the touch, just as are the green things that struggle to exist in smoky London. The smoke nuisance in Karachi is a matter that must sooner or later be deal with by the Municipal authorities. The sooner the better, for so will prescriptive rights to commit public nuisances be curtailed. Government House will shortly receive further blows at its peace and comfort as an abode. The Port Trust purposes to spend a large share of its forty-five lakhs in making an export-yard next door to Messrs Herman & Co, on the present site of the Queen's Road. Work in the export-yard will of course continue night and day during the season, *i. e.*, during the months of May, June, July and some times August, during the very months in which the Commissioner is bound to be resident in Karachi. The new export-yard with all its noise, racket and dirt will be just 350 yards from the Commissioner's official residence and much nearer to other less fortunate if more permanent inhabitants, to none of whom is the growth and prosperity of the port an unmixed blessing.

FANCY DRESS BALL.

In aid of the funds of Lady Minto's Nursing Association a dance was held at the Gymkhana on the 14th instant. As usual a few people were too slack to get themselves up, but a great number of costumes of good effect were to be seen, and the Borderers' Band and the fact that the electric installation worked really well, for once helped to make the scene very gay. Only the following people took the trouble to enter their name and costumes :—

Mrs. Brunton	Firefly.
Mrs. Briggs	Pack of Cards.
Mrs. Chitty	Gypsy.
Mrs. Carstairs	Queen of Hearts.
Mrs. Cooper	Shepherdess.
Mrs. Dyson	Esmeralda.
Mrs. Edwards	Undine.
Mrs. Grace	Runaway Girl.
Mrs. Harrison	Peg Woffington.
Mrs. Hunter	Childie.
Mrs. B. F. Jones	Dutch Girl.
Mrs. Jackson	Queen Anne.
Mrs. Reid	Britannia.
Mrs. Rose	Night.
Mrs. Schmid	Witch.
Mrs. Travers	Bretonne.
Mrs. Whitby Smith	Early Victorian.
Mrs. Wright	Puritan.
Miss Bayley	Sailor Girls.
Miss Ward	Sailor Girls.
Miss Cooper	Shepherd Girl.
Miss Chetham	Lady Jane Grey.
Miss Humphrey	Japanese.
Miss Hunter	Veronique.
Miss Hare-Scott	Grandma.
Miss Jackson	Peregrine.
Miss Lamb	The Lilac Sunbonnet.
Miss Reynolds	XVI Century.
Miss Stuart-Hunter	Fisher Girl.
Miss Taylor	Rainbow.
Mr. Beaumont	Dutch Boy.
Mr. Bevington	Gondoliers.
Mr. Calvocaressi	Gondoliers.
Mr. Cartairs	The Deuce.
Mr. Cheetham	Twins.
Mr. Jupe	Twins.
Mr. Cooper	Pierrot.
Mr. Edwards	A. B.
Mr. Ford	Jester.
Mr. Frost	Venetian.
Mr. Fletcher	Indian Chief.
Mr. Hudson	White Carnation.
Mr. Harrison	Rouge et Noir.
Mr. Harding	Butler.
Mr. Kindersley	Monk.
Mr. E. Miller	Fat Turk
Sir E. Cox	The Latest.
Mr. Mackenzie	Jockey.
Mr. Mahan	Rajah of Virpur.
Mr. Negreponte	Fool.
Mr. Politis	Knight of Windsor.
Mr. Rose	Black and White.
Mr. R. H. Steven	That Ilk.
Mr. Scott	Cow Boy.
Mr. Vlasto	Pierrot.
Mr. Woodward	Sailor.
Mr. C. Webb	Manderin (1st Class).
Mr. J. C. Wood	Charles II.
Mr. Zalichi	Khalif of Bagdad.
Major Cobham	Welsh Fairy.
Major Cooper	Victorian.
Captain Hyde	Chinaman.
Captain Murphy	Black & White Brand.
Captain Northern	Tommy Tucker.
Captain Leggett	Egyptian.
Captain O'Donnell	Veracious Cretan.

Lady Minto's Nursing Association will receive substantial addition to its funds from this Charity Dance.

BILLIARDS AT THE SIND CLUB

Semi-final—J. Grieg (owes ten) beat L. C. Ogbourne (owes 200) by 139.

G. Murat (owes thirty) beat H. Mahan (receives 40) by 82.

Final—G. Murat beat J. Grieg by 60.

The winner was undoubtedly the best player at the points. The first favourites, less consistent in their play, went down in curious fashion. The standard of play on the whole was higher than it has been for some time in Karachi, over 20 of those entering exceeding the thirty-break during the handicap.

THE EMPIRE LEAGUE.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. de P. Webb, C. I. E., is the Vice-President, Founder and Energiser-in-General of the Karachi Branch of the "Empire League," which held its second public meeting on the 15th instant in the new Khalikdena Hall. The good acoustic properties of the Hall were rather marred because the Kitson lights persisted in giving noisy imitations of angry hornets. Apart from this the meeting was in every way a great success and augured well for the usefulness of the League in Karachi and wheresoever else in India other branches may be started. The audience was very representative of the inhabitants of Karachi and most noticeable was the number present of students from the Sind Arts College and the earnest interest and attention they gave to the speakers.

Sir Edmund Cox, Bart. read an interesting paper on the opposing points of view of Imperialists and and Anti-Imperialists, from which his own predilections were very evident. Professor Shahani, who followed, made some excellent points which would have been even better appreciated if the Professor could have come down a little to the level of ordinary understandings. Mr. Price, a new-comer, spoke on the comparative importance of methods and ideals, and his gentle chaff of the Vice-President afforded a little light relief rather needed. Mr. P. Wren, the Hon. Secretary of the Branch, delivered a diatribe against Little Englanders, who are not represented, however, in Karachi. Mr. Webb, in winding up the discussion, made some very well-considered and sensible remarks summing up what had already been said. As has been stated already in these columns, Mr. Webb's influence in inculcating sound views among the public is not to be lightly reckoned, and never was his good sense and power better shown than at this meeting. It is doubtful if the ridiculousness of Bengal has at all leavened Sind. If so, the Empire League, Mr. Webb will help in all to realise our interdependence one upon the other, far beyond the narrow confines of caste, creed, and colour and local habitation to the uttermost bounds of the lands where our fellow-subjects dwell in peace, honour and security under the Union Jack. The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the Commissioner in Sind, who as President of the Branch, occupied the chair.

OUR COAST LIGHTS.

Captain W. H. Hood, R. N. R., of the "Trafford Hall" is a well known and appreciated figure in Karachi In a most able and comprehensive letter to the *Sind Gazette* Captain Hood has pointed out some defects and dangers that were not before known to landsmen. First comes the fact that the Manora Light-house is an old fashioned fixed-light, and may easily be confused (*according to the published regulations*) with the electric wharf-lights! Such slackness appears among our Trinity Brethren that the Beacon at the Jamrao mouth of the Indus, which was blown down in the cyclone of 1903, has not since been re-erected! Captain Hood concluded "Seamen are amply justified in giving the palm to the coast of Sind as being, of all the countries where civilisation rules, the worst-lighted in all the wide world."

It is notorious that though wrecks on our coasts have been few, near shaves and "touchings" are not uncommon. For this reason insurance rates, except for light boats like those of the B. I. S. N. Co., Ltd, are higher here than in Bombay. Captain Hood's reasonable and moderate demands should meet with ready attention from our Rulers. One cannot now-a days rule the waves in the dark.

BIG ROBBERY IN RANGOON.

Long List of Jewellery Stolen.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPTEMBER 24.

House No 67, in 19th Street, was entered some time during last night and a large box containing a quantity of valuable jewellery the property of Mah Myaing was stolen the following being the list given to the police :—One pair of diamond nagato each having six stones encircling a central diamond, value Rs. 2,100 ; two diamond rings, Rs. 2,800 ; five diamond buttons Rs. 1,000, two gold fish charms Rs. 250 ; one gold bangle set with 47 rubies, there being two missing from the original number 49, Rs. 200 ; a gold watch chain Rs. 100 ; a gold necklace set with three rubies, Rs. 100 ; a gold chain Rs. 100 ; one loose ruby Rs. 20 ; a pair of gold earrings each set with nine pearls Rs. 50 ; a pair of pinchbeck anklets Rs. 60 ; a gold chain set with pearls Rs. 100 ; five gold buttons Rs. 20 ; three gold rings (child's) Rs. 10; thirteen silver cups, one large engraved with the name Mah Twe, Rs. 50 ; three pinchbeck cups Rs. 60 ; a pinchbeck chunam box Rs. 15 ; a gold leaf set with rubies Rs. 50; two pairs of gold anklets of rope pattern Rs. 600; three silver spoons Rs 15 ; a pair of pinchbeck bangles Rs. 14 ; fifty Bankok lungyis Rs. 50 ; twenty pawas Rs. 20; three checkee lungyis Rs. 10, and a box containing three other boxes which held jewellery Rs. 20, the whole being valued at Rs. 8,519. The box stood on the floor of a room on the first storey the barred window of which looked out on 49th Street. In one place however five bars had long been missing and the bolt securing the window was also useless. The room is only about 10 feet square and eight persons, all Chinese, slept in it ; yet the burglars are supposed to have entered by the window, seized the large box from amidst the sleeping crowd and then to have carried it down a very steep narrow stair and made their exit by the front door opening on the 19th Street which was secured by a sliding bar.

The chief mystery is how the burglars got in. It is supposed by the inmates that they ascended the scaffolding of a building under repair, two houses away, and thus got excess to a narrow corrugated iron awning running along the top. This is only 2 feet 6 inches wide and placed at a very steep slant. The robbers too must have been aware that the window was not secured and that the bars inside it were missing. This shows that they had thorough knowledge of the house and where the box containing the valuables was kept.

The robbery was discovered by one of the inmates who having been out all night found from the door being open on returning this morning. He went to see if the box containing the jewellery had been removed and thus found out that the house been robbed. He immediately roused the inmates. Nobody saw or heard the thieves so there is no clue to their number,

THE TELEGRAPH RE-ORGANIZATION SCHEME.

Strong Committee Formed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Telegraph Department Re-organization Committee has now been formed and will consist of the Hon'ble Sir Lewis Tupper (Chairman), the Hon'ble Mr. Leslie Porter, Commissioner of Lucknow, Mr. W. Maxwell, Postmaster-General of Punjab, Mr. E. A. Leach, Deputy Director-General of Telegraphs, Mr. R. O. Lees, the Chief Superintendent of Telegraphs, and an Accounts Officer and a Post Office Official whohave not yet been definitely selected.

Mr. T. R. Kellner, Examiner of Accounts on the North-Eastern Railway, is likely to be chosen.

Mr. Leach and Mr. Lees are on their way out from Home and are due to arrive by the "Persia" on Friday next. They will proceed to Simla about the middle of October.

Mr. Rainy, Under-Secretary to the Government of India, in the Commerce and Industry Department, will act as Secretary to the Committee.

Sir Sydney Hutchinson, Director General of Telegraphs, who was offered a place on the Committee but was unable to serve, proposed Mr. Leach instead.

While Mr. Maxwell is engaged on the Committee work, which, it is believed, will occupy about five to six months, Mr. Hannyngton will act as Postmaster-General of the Punjab.

MOVEMENTS OF TRANSPORTS.

Dates of Sailing of the "Assaye" and "Dongola."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

It has been arranged that the hired Transport "Assaye," sailing from Bombay on the 5th of October, shall call at Aden on her homeward voyage to Southampton.

The hired Transport "Dangola" left Southampton for Bombay on the 21st instant with the 2nd Battalion of the Leicestershire Regiment, consisting of 358 Non-Commissioned Officers and men, and the following drafts of the Royal Horse Artillery, 141 Non-Commissioned Officers and men ; the Royal Field Artillery, 555 Non-Commissioned Officers and men ; the Royal Garrison Artillery 150 Non-Commissioned Officers and men, also 42 Non-Commissioned Officers on furlough.

RAINFALL IN ABYSSINIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE SEPTEMBER 24.

A Meteorological telegram from Cairo states that rainfall is decreasing in Abyssinia and the Blue Nile is beginning to fall.

THE POONA SEASON.

The Race Lunch, and a Dance.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 23.

In spite of the sadness in the air and the mourning of those left behind to miss absent friends, there are always a certain few who never seem to experience sympathy with others, and who have the happy knack of throwing off grief and who are able under any circumstances to enjoy themselves. The station is saddened by the almost sudden death of one of its most popular officers, Major Rawlins, who passed away into the Unknown, hushed in the peaceful arms of sleep, on Sunday evening last, at Wanowrie Hospital, from enteric. Yet—to their discredit be it said—a dance was held at the Gymkhana just a few hours after the funeral and the frivolous and light-hearted rushed into the vortex of enjoyment, just as if nothing had happened and utterly regardless of the feelings of those, who like to "stand aside and wait a while." It would not do, of course, to carry about one's heart on one's sleeve. Still a little sympathy goes a long way and causes us to hold on "until the day break and the shadows flee away." Feeling ran high in the station about this, and none were sorry to hear the dance was more or less of a failure. It was very thinly attended and not much enjoyed. Nearly all the evening functions have been postponed, including the 93rd Highlanders' Ball, and the dance at Ganeshkhind.

The cricket team from Satara who play against Poona on Friday next made a sort of holiday trip down and instead of spending a good seven hours on that sleepiest of all railways, the S. M. R. they motored in the 68 miles and did it comfortably, without hurrying, in something under four hours.

The open challenge Lawn Tennis Tournament was entered for by eight men for the Singles. Among these the best form was shown by Field and T. C. Lucas who met to fight again in the Finals. Field gained the victory and the Challenge Cup. There were [illegible] the Men's Doubles and of these [illegible] showed good play. T. C. Lucas and [illegible] in at the finish and after a hard fight [illegible] trophy from Arthur and Flink. The Mixed Doubles did not fill so well and the final [illegible] victory to Mrs. Scudamore and T. C. Lucas over Mrs. Quin and C. Arthur.

Satara sent up two of their best men, Arthur and Duxbury, but McIver and Lucas gained an easy victory over them, the scores being 15-6 and set 5-5. In the Final, McIver and Lucas met Jackson and Lowman, and although Lucas was slightly disabled, he and McIver again took possession of the Cup. Four pairs only entered for the Mixed Doubles in which Miss McIver and Lowman smashed down Mr. and Mrs. McIver in the first Ties and Mrs. Wilson

THE J. J. HOSPITAL.

TO-DAY'S FUNCTIONS.

TWO NOTABLE EXTENSIONS.

An Interesting Masonic Ceremonial.

TO-DAY the foundation-stones of the Sir William Moore Operating Theatre and the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Ophthalmic Hospital are to be laid by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay. These interesting functions will be performed with an elaborate Masonic ritual, the Governor being the M. W. Grand Master of All Scottish Freemasonry in India. The two ceremonies will form a pageant rarely seen, for the two new extensions of the J. J. Hospital are distinct buildings in different parts of the grounds, and on the completion of the first "laying," the brethren, of the various Lodges, carrying their implements and banners, and fully robed will march in procession across the pretty decorated grounds to the scene of the second function. In a rather small room the office bearers will open the Grand Lodge, while the other Masons will meet in the Hospital.

The Senior Medical Officer will then give a short account of the donation and the reason for making the occasion an auspicious one. He will then call upon Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy to request his Excellency to lay the stone. The present students will then present an address and the past students will present a masonic jewel, after which his Excellency the Governor will lay the foundation stone with masonic rites and will address the meeting. Then takes place the procession to the Ophthalmic Hospital where Major Herbert will read a short account of the donation, and will call upon Sir Cowasji to request his Excellency to lay the foundation-stone. Sir Cowasji will address the meeting and his Excellency will then lay the second stone.

It may be interesting to note that the operating theatre is named after a distinguished medical officer of this Presidency, who retired some eighteen years ago. He was born as long ago as 1829, and after serving in Western India for many years took part in the Persian War of 1885—and became Residency Surgeon at Jodhpur. He was then transferred to the European General Hospital as Acting Surgeon. He subsequently held various important medical posts and finally became Surgeon-General to the Government of Bombay in 1885, retiring three years later.

The story of the inception of the Sir William Moore Hospital is much as follows: In 1903 Lady Moore wrote to Surgeon-General W. Macnaughy offering to contribute a sum of £2,000 or Rs.30,000 towards some Medical Institution in Bombay to commemorate the memory of her dear husband the late Surgeon-General Sir William Moore, K. C. I. E., who had been associated with this Presidency for many years. After several meetings it was decided that an Operating Theatre, which was greatly needed for the J. J. Hospital, would be the most appropriate way of utilizing the generous gift. To this proposal Lady Moore readily agreed. The Government of Bombay is thankfully accepting Lady Moore's generous gift sanctioned the erection of the Sir William Moore Operating Theatre at an estimated cost of Rs. 61,500. The total amount of Lady Moore's donation including the interest accrued thereon was Rs. 33,528.

The building when completed will most probably be the finest Operating Theatre in India, comprising all the most modern ideas and scientific principles and appliances which have recently been introduced into Surgery. It was designed in consultation with the medical authorities by Mr. John Begg, Consulting Architect to Government, who has, we believe, studied all the latest improvements amongst the best hospitals in Europe and on the Continent during his recent tour.

The exterior of the edifice will be of blue basalt stone and lime masonry with Porebunder stone dressings. The roof is to be flat with the object of reducing the number of corners which are apt to harbour dust insects etc. There will be two floors, the ground floor containing 2 spacious Operating Theatres, consulting, sterilizing instruments, anesthetic and splint rooms with students' galleries, lavatories, sinks etc. The floors are all to be of marble slabs with a 5 ft. dado of the same material. The sinks and lavatories will be of modern hospital pattern by well-known makers. Hot and cold water will be laid on throughout. The students' galleries will be of light iron construction. The upper floor will contain students' rooms. Surgeons' lavatories, bath rooms and splint rooms, etc. The building has been so placed that the theatres receive the principal lighting through large windows to the north. It will be erected under the supervision of Mr. R. J. Kent, Executive Engineer, of the Presidency.

A Bronze Medallion of the late Surgeon-General Sir William Moore, together with a tablet inscribed as follows: "This Operating Theatre was erected by his window in memory of Sir William James Moore, K.C.I.E., Assistant Surgeon 1852, Surgeon-General 1885. Died 1896." have arrived from England and will be placed in a prominent place in the Theatre.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.

Story of its Rise and Progress.

THE NEW HEADQUARTERS.

THIS is a great day in the history of Young Men's Christian Association in Bombay. This evening his Excellency the Governor will formally declare open the handsome new headquarters of the association in Wodehouse Road, and everybody connected with the work which has resulted in such a splendid building being erected has cause to be proud of the fact. The story of the Bombay Y. M. C. A. was told in these pages a few months ago, when the old habitation was in course of demolition, but a few words concerning the history of the movement will to-day be apropos.

Its inception of the Y. M. C. A. in this city occurred at the close of a mission conducted by the Rev. Dr. Somerville for young men thirty one years ago. At the Doctor's meeting on April 25th, 1875, he said he would like to see the institution established before he left India on the following day. That same evening the scheme was formulated and for three years meetings were held in the General Assembly's Hall, and in August, 1881, the old familiar bungalow became the roof-tree of the Association. There is still one 'Young Man' of that day left in Bombay who was interested in the growth of the bungalow—notably Mr. Gostling, whose firm, Messrs. Gostling and Morris, erected the building. Its cost, in round figures, about Rs. 25,000, the land being granted free by Government for such a period as it was not required for a public purpose. The bungalow soon became the headquarters of numerous agencies for good, among which were a small sailor's institution at Prince's Dock; a branch of the Association at Bandora; a branch at Grant Road; another at Parel; one at Byculla, which still flourishes; and a branch at Mazagon.

The management of the Association was for the first 19 years of its existence carried on entirely by honorary workers, among whom should be mentioned Mr. Henry Conder (who has well been described as the Sir George Williams of Bombay), who was for practically the whole time its President; and Mr. Frank Clark, who was for 9 years its Honorary Secretary. The first step towards securing the whole time services of workers was the appointment of a paid Assistant Secretary in 1893. Early in 1895, on Mr. Clark's departure from Bombay, in response to an appeal to the English National Council, who very kindly became responsible for the greater part of his support, the first General Secretary to the Bombay Association was appointed in Mr. R. D. Pringle who remained in India for six years doing useful work. In 1896, work among the non-Christian students of Bombay was established, and Mr. Frank Anderson, M. A., was sent out by the English National Council to carry it on. A reading-room and hall for meetings was shortly afterwards rented in Girgaum, and regular work has been done there as in Mr. Anderson's bungalow ever since.

On Mr. Pringle's departure in 1900, Mr. Anderson kindly undertook the supervision of the work of the City Association as well as his own, pending the arrival of a successor to Mr. Pringle; but the position in England was unfavourable to sending out another man, and Bombay was in consequence without a General Secretary for four years. Now the Association is under the able direction of Mr. J. McWhirter.

THE NEW HEAD QUARTERS.

To pass, however reluctantly, from the old to the new, it must be admitted at once that in their new surroundings the "Young Men" have "done themselves proud." Scarcely anything that comfort can devise, art suggest, or the climate permit, has been omitted in the erection of this airy and grandiloquent building for the convenience and pleasure of its members. It is as handsome internally as externally; and in the matter of its appointments it is at once the swagger total of Bombay, its [illegible] dining rooms, lecture hall and reading rooms [illegible] furnished, painted, carpeted, and generally appointed, with exquisite taste, and apparently "regardless of cost." The building does no small credit to its designers, who, interestingly enough, are Messrs. Gostling, Chambers and Fritchley, representatives of the firm who erected the old bungalow.

The foundation stone of the new building was laid by His Excellency Lord Lamington in January 1905. In 1898 the site of the bungalow passed into the hands of the City Improvement Trust, and in due course that body notified its intention to lease out the plot for rental. This left no other alternative before the Association but to obtain a new site without delay and to erect on it a structure not only in accordance with the progressive spirit of the times but on a scale sufficiently large to ensure, in lodging and other accommodation, a financial return calculated to cover the ground rent and other expenses. In connection with the new building, funds towards its erection were speedily obtained, a number of influential gentlemen in England contributing large amounts to the scheme. The Association had accordingly no difficulty in acquiring a commanding site on the Wellington Lines facing the Wodehouse Road.

The new building, which is now practically completed consists of a ground and three upper floors, and will be sixty-five feet in height, exclusive of the tower, which provides a means of approach to the roof from the main staircase. The building is faced with blue stone relieved with white stone dressing, a series of light galleries and low windows forming conspicuous features of the Wodehouse Road frontage. Entering the building under the carriage porch at the southwest corner the approach to the entrance hall is made up of a series of marble steps. To get to the large audience hall the way leads through a ten feet opening flanked on either side by red Aberdeen granite columns. Adjoining the entrance on the Wodehouse Road side is the Assistant Secretary's office measuring 17 by 8 1-2 feet; next to which is another room, 17 by 16 feet, set apart for the use of committees. To the north-east of the latter is the large apartment measuring 33 by 25 feet in which will be provided accommodation for those desirous of playing chess or other similar games, or partaking of refreshments.

The latter room is provided with a separate entrance from the roadway, and is to have windows reaching down to the floor level, which should give ample light, and allow those within to obtain a view of the garden which is to run round three sides of the building. In the rear of the latter room, the restaurant is located, a passage to the north-east of which gives access to the gymnasium, a spacious room 50 by 20 feet, in which the muscular Christians will be afforded opportunities of taking exercise.

The finest and most striking apartment in the building is the Audience Hall, which occupies a central position on the ground area. It measures 48 by 32 feet and is 20 feet in height. It is flanked on one side by a pave t terrace, and on the other by the reading room, both of which, on occasion arising, can be used in connection with gatherings held in the main hall. In connection with the designing of this hall Mr. Fritchley is to be complimented on the tasteful manner in which he has studied its interior decorative effect, and the apartment promises to be an entire success from an architectural standpoint, and when completed should form one of the best public halls in Bombay. The interior is ornamented with handsome cornices and stained glass windows, the tracery above providing ample ventilation immediately below the ceiling level. The communication between the hall and the reading room will ordinarily be closed by means of portable partitions erected between the three arches, while on the opposite side of the hall several large doors will give a means of reaching the paved terrace. Seating room is provided for a very large number of persons which should tend to add to the success of the various meetings and social gatherings held under the auspices of the Association. Another feature of the new building will be found in the location of the Secretary in a room alongside the entrance, where he will be in a position to welcome all strangers.

The upper floors have been designed with the very desirable object of providing young men with comfortable residential quarters, and here again the architect has perfected his designs in a striking manner, for they are shown to combine some important advantages over many houses in the city, not the least of which is that each room is arranged to give its tenants the utmost privacy, combined with comfort and good ventilation.

Ascending the main staircase to the first floor on the south-west side of the building are the residential quarters for the Secretary. On the central portion overlooking the Wodehouse Road is a large sitting room furnished luxuriously by Mr. and Mrs. H. E. E. Proctor, and special rooms for the Lady Superintendent of the house arrangements. Above the Hall is the magnificent dining room capable of comfortably seating sixty men. The kitchens are on this floor to the rear of the building. The second and third floors are practically similar in design and provide accommodation for about sixty residents. The servants' quarters are ample, while the lavatories on each floor are fitted with the latest sanitary improvements. Another point for notice is that on each floor in addition to the various galleries and verandahs the building has been so designed as to give residents the use of a terrace roof, an undoubted convenience during the hot weather. As previously mentioned the building is surrounded on three sides with gardens, while in the rear sufficient space has been provided for the laying out of a tennis court.

Altogether the new edifice is a notable addition to the many fine public buildings which Bombay already possesses, and the Young Men's Christian Association, under its new auspices, and with Mr. McWhirter as its devoted major domo, should have a grand career before it.

THE Bucharest correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* writes:—A fox terrier sitting on the judicial bench at Jassy has caused much trouble in legal circles there. It appears that Deputy Judge Vaslin has a fox terrier of which he is inordinately fond, bringing him every day to the court, where he sits on a special seat on the bench. The terrier behaves with exemplary quiet unless a witness appears with whose appearance the dog is not satisfied, when he immediately barks and makes a great uproar. The judge, profoundly impressed with his dog's sagacity, usually decides that the witness is no good. The terrier is also apt to weary of forensic oratory, and when a lawyer makes too long a speech he breaks in with howls and barks until the advocate is compelled to stop. The Bar at Jassy does not share in the judge's admiration for his four-footed assistant, and petitions have been sent to the Ministry of Justice begging that the judicial comedy in Judge Vaslin's court be brought to an end.

DISTRESSING SICKNESS.

Widow's Sufferings from Nausea and Headaches ended by Bile Beans.

To ailing women everywhere the story told by Mrs. Mary Edwards, of 10, Linden Crescent, Folkestone, to a reporter of the "Folkestone Express" will convey a welcome message of hope and encouragement.

"For fourteen years I never knew what it was to get up in the morning without severe pains in the head, often followed by most distressing sickness," said Mrs. Edwards to the reporter. "I was always tired and depressed, and the smell of cooking would produce nausea and heavy headache. I was so weak and wretchedly ill at times that I was quite unfit for my work. My appetite was very poor, and I always had to be extremely careful what I ate.

"I was often attended by doctors during the severe attacks, and never derived any permanent benefit from their treatment. Reading in the local papers of similar cases having been cured by Bile Beans I tried the same remedy. Soon I lost the feeling of heaviness which had so long oppressed me. I began to feel brighter in the morning, my appetite improved, and one by one all the distressing symptoms passed away until I was quite cured. I get up in the morning now bright and cheerful, and free from headaches. I can do my household work without trouble, I have an excellent appetite, and I am splendid health." Bile Beans for Biliousness cure all forms of liver and stomach disorders.

All chemists and medicine vendors sell Bile Beans at Re. 1 and Rs. 2/4 per bottle, or it may be had, post paid and packed free from the Bile Bean Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 30 Strand Road, Calcutta, on receipt of prices: Re. 1/2 and Rs. 2/8 per bottle.

FREE SAMPLE.

Cut out this coupon and send with one anna stamp to the Bile Bean Mfg. Co.'s Head Indian Depot, 30, Strand Road, Calcutta, to obtain a free sample bottle of Bile Beans.

Write address clearly.

"Bombay Gazette" 25th, September, 1906.

"LADY MADCAP" AT THE GAIETY.

Bandmann Company's Successful Re-appearance.

To a large and appreciative house the Bandmann Opera Company opened their autumn season in Bombay at the rejuvenated Gaiety Theatre last night with "Lady Madcap,"—and Georgie Corlass! The visit is a comparatively short one, and success is assured. The old "Gaiety" has undoubtedly already been wonderfully improved. Although it is still a long way from completion. Its ancient odours have given place to a refreshing smell of new paint. Its seats are clean, though the wooden "elbows" are ill-made and uncomfortable. Its numerous fans render theatre-going in September quite agreeable. From every part of the house, a good view of the stage can be had, and the place is as well lit as Coliseum. Its greatest fault is the drop scene, which is presumably supposed to depict the Coronation. The King-Emperor stands forth upon a dais, crowned and robed in State,—a good portrait. All the rest of the numerous figures represented are mediocre, though truth to tell, the artist has spent much time and and trouble in getting in the correct detail of the robes worn by the great officers of state, soldiers, Archbishops, princesses, Indian chiefs and courtiers. Still a simple Landseer study, or an unpretentious Italian landscape which are so popular at Home would have been more pleasing. But that is of course, a matter of taste, and, whatever the artistic merits or demerits of the new Gaiety it is delightful to think that at last a good evening's amusement can be had in a clean hall in Bombay, and it therefore would be ungracious to be censorious. All the old Bandmann favourites came in for hearty recognition from the audience, and a thoroughly exhilarating evening was enjoyed by all present. The "plot" of Lady Madcap is—well, there i[illegible]ot worth detailing. "Lady Madcap" was played by Miss Georgie Corlass with all her old verve and spirit, and when she appeared the gallery gave her the ovation which the "stalls" felt, Paul Reubin's musical comedy has plenty of catchy songs and they were generally well rendered. Perhaps the chief fun of the "Piece" happened when "Lady Madcap" which is the kuickname for Lady Betty Clarridge, has got the man of her heart, who is a trooper in the local yeomanry into her father's Castle in the guise of a butler. The disguised butler happens to be the veteran Cole who, in his time, has probably raised more laughter in India than King Bannerjee! Betwem them Cole and Miss Corlass made the laugh till it cried when the confiding Lady Madcap tumbled to the fact that her trooper-lover's moustache was false, and proved the fact by purloining one half of the hirsute adornment, the dullest man in the theatre could scarcely have contained himself. Miss Corlass herself disguised, sang "I'm a lady's mail" with great success, and throughout she danced with all her old skill and lightness. The "Dolly; wog" song and dance were also delightfully rendered by Miss Corlass and Mr. Harry Cole, but not the least delightful of the vocal items was Miss Doreen O'Connor's rendering of "I don't seem to want you when you're near me." Miss O'Connor is a valuable member of the Bandmann Company. She knows her business, she played Lady's Maid to Lady Madcap, and having got the castle to herself she entertained her friends with a lively song "I'm the missis of the party"; which she rendered very cleverly. Mr. Ernest Attwell, spoony as ever, played, or sang the Count de St. Hubert He is to be congratulated upon the fact that his voice has greatly improved since the last visit to Bombay of the Bandmann Company. It was part of his duty to sing a love song in the presence of Mr. Cole as the disguised waiter, and the exhibitions of annoyance of the Bandmann fat boy stirred the risibilities of the audience as they have not been stirred for many a long day. Two other mirth-provokers in the Company were Messrs. Mark Lester and Will Smith as Bill "stony Stratford" and "Posh Jenkins" respectively. Stony was an adventurer who contrived to get into Lord Framlingham's Castle as an adventurer in the hope of marrying the millionairess (Lady Madcap) who has advertised in the *Morning Post* "for a millionaire. Posh is his confederate—a bumpkin in a Barnet Fair suit of four-inch check. The sallies of Stony and Posh were funny.

The swaggering Stony thus adresses his "pal" in the grounds of Egbert Castle "H'm, The celebrated play Romeo and Juliet, will now begin H'm."

To which Posh replies! "What Romeo and Jullieti! Whoi, what plays that in!

Stony. "My dear Posh! You call yourself one of nature's gentleman and yet you don't know your Dickens?"

As usual the success of the piece depended chiefly upon the efforts of Miss Corlass and Mr. Cole, and they have certainly lost none of their old power. Miss Corlass sang "My Soldier Boy" very effectively, though her voice is hardly powerful enough for a martial air of this description. Much the same may be said of Mr. Deane Percival's rendering of "Its a way we have in the Army." Yet his performance was such that we should like to hear him sing it again. To-night the Bandmann Company present "The Earl and the Girl."

FINANCING A KHOJA FIRM OF BOMBAY.

High Court's Final Judgment.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Scott, presiding on the Original Side of the High Court yesterday, delivered final judgment in a suit brought by Fleming Shaw and Co., against Mahomedbhoy Nensi Khairaj and another, in which the plaintiffs prayed that the defendants may be ordered to pay to them the sum of Rs. 21,515-6-4, being the principal sum, at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum from the 20th July last, with the costs of the suit, etc. Mr. Strangman and Mr. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen, appeared for the plaintiffs, and Mr. F. R. Vicajee and Mr. Gulam Husain Khairaj, instructed by Messrs. Dixit, Dhunjishaw, and Sunderdas, appeared for the defendants. The facts of the case have been reported.

The transactions between the parties related to wheat and barley, consigned for sale in Japan through W. M. Strachan and Co. Defendants counter-claimed certain sums in respect of shortage in shipment of goods from Japan to Antwerp, and on account of the non-recovery of refund of customs duty in Japan on the reshipments. The other point of contention was the construing of the expression, "Bank rate" in the light of the understanding sub-sisting between the parties. The evidence his Lordship said, entirely bore out the plaintiffs' contention that it meant the rate of interest, at which the Bank of Bombay could grant loans on Government securities. His Lordship decided in his judgment in the case on the 17th instant, that from Strachan and Co., the plaintiffs were entitled to one per cent commission on sales out of two-and-a-half per cent. payable to Strachan. A credit entry in plaintiffs' accounts about this commission, in respect of the reshipped goods, said his lordship, disposed of this point. In his judment yesterday, his Lordship said the case came on for futher consideration, having regard to the finding upon the issues on the 17th instant. Two more issues had been framed. Dealing with the first issue as to the counter-claim, it was to be observed, his Lordship said, that all the basis for the counter claim had been removed by the finding of the 17th instant. His lordship now decided that the defendants were not entitled to judgment on their counter-claim against the plaintiffs. Mr. Shaw had proved that the accounts annexed to the plaint were correct; and he stated that since they were made up, a sum of Rs. 1,483-11-3 had been received from Japan, which the defendants were entitled to credit in account. After giving credit for the amount there was due to the plaintiffs, exclusive of interest, a sum ot Rs. 20,031-11-1, and inclusive of interest at 6 per cent. calculated up to that day, a sum of Rs. 20,368-15-6. His lordship passed a decree for the plaintiffs for the latter sum, with costs and interest on the judgment at 6 per cent.

PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar presided at a sitting of the Parsee Chief Matrimonial Court in the High Court to-day, when, with the assistance of eleven delegates, his lordship heard the suit brought by Bai Pirozbai, wife of Rustomjee D. Sircaree, relieving clerk on the G. I. P. Railway, against her husband, for a divorce, on the ground of the respondent's incapacity. Mr. P. J. Padshaw, instructed by Mr. K. D. Shroff, appeared for the petitioner. There was no appearance for the respondent. His lordship was assisted in the enquiry by the following delegates:—Khan Bahadur Bomonjee Byramjee Patel, Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Shums-ul-Ulama Jevanjee Jamsetjee Mody, Furdoonjee Jamsetjee Parakh, Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama, Nowrojee Jehangir Gamadia, Dadabhoy Jeejeebhoy, Cursetjee Nusserwanjee Wadia, Dinshah Muncherjee Punthaki, Shapurjee Jivajee Watcha and Nowrojee Jamsetjee Antia. At the close of the enquiry, which was conducted with closed doors, the delegates found in favour of the petitioner, and a decree was passed for the dissolution of marriage, with costs

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

The Rovers' Tournament.

ROYAL SCOTS vs. A. AND S. HIGHLANDERS

Everything favoured a good exhibition in the semi-final of this game, the teams having drawn last Saturday. That it was an excellent game there can be no doubt though the Royal Scots certainly deserved their win as they did the major part of the pressing throughout. The Argylls once more opened the scoring and the first Scots' goal was a lucky one. Mackey, the custodian, evidently expected the ball to go behind, but otherwise he played as safe a game as he did on the previous occasion. The game started by the Argylls coming up on the right, but Foster eventually got the ball down to Webber. Getting the ball up again, Quinn got on and took a shot near goal which hit West on the arm; he being fortunate the referee could not see. The Scots came up again through Wright and after some nice passing Newbigging gave Webber who sent a hard shot a few inches to the right. On kicking out, the Scots again came up on the right and first Deathridge and then West cleared well for Webber to come away, pulled up by Kelly to touch and from it Lakin sent a high one over. They kept up and Kennaway centred nicely, but Webber miskicked. Finnigan next put in good work sending in a long shot which Mackey cleared and a foul against Parkes once more found them relief, the compliment being returned a moment later, through Mowatt and from this kick Parker forced a corner which was cleared after a head in by Kennaway, and Bryce fished out grandly while almost for a very hard volley by Finnigan. The Argylls next came down through Mowatt who got cleverly past Deathridge who then kept him off for West to kick and there were naturally well-founded appeals for foul. A moment later McLean was laid out with a nasty cut on the temple and had to leave the field. They however came up on the right till Foster cleared nicely. The Scots now had a turn but from a kick by Reid, Quinn booked like getting clear; Foster however nipped in splendidly. Parkes next put in a capital run and Newbigging chipped in almost in the goal but he miskicked and Wright could not quite save it going out on the right. From a free for foul the Argylls came up dangerously and as Quinn let Dunn have it, he looked like scoring but West just got in time. Deathridge sent in a grand centre and Parkes got on, he tricked Mackey but as the ball was going into the right corner, Kelly cleared. The Argylls immediately got away and though Lakin pulled them up they get a corner and then another from which Mowatt headed in smartly and gave Bryce no chance. McLean saved nicely on restarting and Quinn gave out to Fleming, but his centre went behind. Some very even play ensued for some time and half time was piped with the Argylls leading:—

A. and S. Highlanders ..... 1 Goal.
Royal Scots ..... Nil.

The second half opened with some long kicking in the Scots' favour and from a miskick by Wright of the Argylls, Webber got on. He sent in a grand shot which bounced just before reaching Mackey who appeared to think it going out and, apparently screwing, the ball went in just inside the right post causing cheers which followed the Scots to another warm attack but Parkes headed behind and a moment later shot just over, A Corner followed and headed shot by Webber was put over by Mackey The ensuing corner caused great excitement till Lakin shot just over. A brief visit to the other end and then another corner, Parkes again leading behind, and more pretty play on the left saw Lakin send a swinging shot to the right. A momentary relief by Quinn, and the Scots were up again, but driven back by Fleming who gave to Mowatt and he returning hard West just cleared to touch and relieved through a kick for foul, Reid then taking neatly from Webber but Newbigging forced a corner from which Mackey fisted out finely a head by Newbigging, Wright next got on in a nice position, but on centring Newbigging was offside and Morwatt came away for Quinn to get a nice chance, spoilt by hanging fire and Kelly headed over a shot by Wright after a good run. From the kick by Wright, Parkes headed in and after one ineffectual shot, Newbigging sent it through and the Scots were a goal to the good. Some level play and then Webber gave out nicely to Wright but Kelly saved finely. Wright got on once more and gave across to Parkes who sent in a nice regular shot which Mackey fisted out well. The Argylls now came up gradually till Foster cleared with a long kick and in following up hard Wright got his knee in Kelly's wind but he was right again in a minute. The Scots kept well up and Parkes forced a corner but the kick went over, Play ensued in the Argyll's "25" and Finnigan sent in a very fine long shot but Mackey put it over his goal neatly, McLean palpably fouled Deathridge whose kick was returned by Kelly and subsequently the ball went behind. Another foul followed against Dunn, but from the kick Wright headed over and a moment's excitement followed when Mowatt got away, but Reid pulled him up and they were helped by a free which Finnigan cleared and Newbigging giving to Wright, he got clear but shot just over. Quinn looked like coming away but West and Deathridge deprived him of the ball and Foster next cleared well from a run by Fleming. The Argylles were in full swing for a last attempt when the whistle went leaving the score:—

Royal Scots.....	2 Goals
A. and S. Highlanders.....	1 Goal

ROYAL SCOTS. A. S. HIGHLANDERS.

Bryce	Goal	Mackey
West	Backs	Reid
Foster		Kelly
Deathridge	Halves	McMillan
Finnigan		Lapsley
Lakin		McLean
Wright	Forwards	Fleming
Webber		Wright
Newbigging		Quinn
Kennaway		Dunn
Parkes		Mowatt

Referee:—Mr. Chatt.

RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The first match was the Royal Scots *vs.* the Shropshires; the latter scored a goal in the first five minutes after play by a good bout of passing. The Scots scored later off scrimmage. After a corner time was called with one all. No further score was made in the extra time. The match will be replayed to-morrow morning. There was nothing to choose between the teams in to-day's play.

The second match was the Bedfords *vs.* the North Staffords. The former won by one goal to love after a good game.

The last twenty minutes were played in darkness. The Referee has been weak generally and it would be an advantage to players and the public if another referee were appointed, now as the semi-finals have been reached.

FOOTBALL IN MADRAS.

Gymkhana vs. The West Ridings.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Madras Gymkhana played a Rugby Football match on Saturday against the West Ridings and it proved to be the most intersting night during this week's tournament. The Military left out five of the Cup team as also the Captain, but nevertheless, pressed hard in the first half.

Soon after the start Chapman dropped a goal for the latter, but the point was disallowed. Just before half-time Morris obtained a try for the Visitors, which Ryan converted. In the second half the Gymkhana played up better, nearing the conclusion of the game, but the Yorkshire were penalised. A free kick was allowed, but Johnson missed the goal and the Ridings thus won. Points *nil*.

DEATH OF A PLANTER AND SPORTSMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

The death occurred yesterday morning in the South Wynaad of a well-known planter, Edward de Fonblanque.

The deceased was formerly in Ceylon where he held for many years the Lawn Tennis Championship. He came over to India in 1896 and won the Ootacamund Tennis Championship more than once.

POONA HORSE SHOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Poona Horse Show opened this afternoon and was most successfully carried out before an immense gathering. The best thing in to-day's show was a pair English geldings belonging to Mr. Naranjee Dwarkadass. They were imported only a week ago by Charles Harding, and the judges had no option but towards the first prize among five pairs shown. The following are results:—

Class 1.—Infantry Chargers. 13-3 to 14-2. Prize presented by the Officers of the 3rd Sappers and Miners:—

Major G. A. Leslie's Lincoln 1
Mr. Orr Patterson's Naughty Girl 2
Seven entered.

Class 4.—Lightweight Arab and country born ponies:—The first prize was offered by the officers of the East Lancashire Regiment; second prize by a friend:—

Hon'ble D. Bingham's Flashlight 1
Lieut. H. F. Gordon's Young Sukhab 2
The Polo Club of the 33rd Cavalry's Frost ... 3
Hon'ble A Hill Trevor's Johad was highly commended. Sixteen entered.

Class 7 (A), pony hunters 14-2 and under closed English and colonials. 1st prize was presented by the Staff of the Western Command and the second by a friend:—

Mrs. Morris' Veronique 1
Mrs. Dyson's Dilemina 2
Major Dyson's Master 3
Mr. Orr Patterson's Naughty Girl was highly commended.

Class 7 (B) Pony hunters 14-2 and under closed Arabs and country born ponies. 1st prize was given by Colonel Sheringham Mr. F. O. and the second by the Hon'ble Mr. Gibb:—

Hon'ble A Hill Trevor's Breakaway ..... 1.
Hon. A. Hill Trevor's Johad ..... 2.
Mr. Cecil Gray ..... 3.
Wild Fox ..... 4.
Sixteen entered.

Class 5.—Heavy weight Arab and C. B. polo ponies. Prize presented by the officers of the 33rd Cavalry:—

Major Leeh Cygnet ..... 1.
Major Lee's Hafiz ..... 2.
Eight entered.

Class 21 Horses over 14-2 in single harness. 1st Prize given by Colonel Dunsterville.

Mr. J. B. Beattie's Coronation 1
Mr. Narayanjee Dwarkadas Lapworth Gentleman 2
(Eight entered)

Class 12, Hunters 14-2 and under. Open 1st prize given by Colonel Todd and Officers R. A. M. C.; second price by the same; third prize by the fund:—

Mr. Chaplins Moonstone 1
Mrs F D Hunt's All's Well 2
Mrs Morris Veronique 3
Mrs Dysons Dilemina was highly commenced Twenty-three Tubred.

Class 17, jumping for horses. 1st prize presented by the Officers 33rd Highlanders, 2nd by Major Morris and 3rd by the fund.

Major General Richardson's Leap Year. 1
Mr Reynards Ruspenu 2
Captain West's Jerrocks 3
Major Wogan Brouns Domino was highly commended.
Sixteen entered.

Class 22 pairs in harness Prize presented by his Highness Aga Khan J. C. I. E.

Mr. Narranji Dwarkadass Sir Gilbert and Sir Charles 1
Major-General Richardson's Nice and Nepples 2
Twenty five entered.

Class 15, hacks over 14 2. 1st prize presented by Mr. L. H Spence, second by Aga Shumsudin Shah and 3rd by the Fund.

Captain Hopwood's Veronique 1
Surgeon-General Trevors, Topper 2
Colonel G Cookson's Sara 3

Major Hojels Touchstone was highly commended There was a Class for children and all won prizes.

POONA RACES.

Thursday's Handicaps.

SIXTH MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The following are the Handicaps for the Sixth Meeting on Thursday.

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance five furlongs. Adelaide 9st. 12lbs; Balayeuse 9st. 9lbs; Ballark 9st. 3lbs; Presbyterian 9st. 11b; Epitome 8st. 13lbs; Gum 8st. 11lbs; Rustle 8st. 10lbs; Metal Maid 8st. 6lbs; Spiren 8st. 6lbs; Chippy Norton 8st. 2lbs; Jubilant 7st. 12lbs; Gunner 7st. 9lbs; Terence 7st. 2lbs; Pandy 7st; Top Weights, not accepting weights to be raised 3lbs.

THE ALL PONY PLATE.—Distance five furlongs.—Gun Metal 9st. 7lbs; Matalgia 9st. 11b; Wakeful 8st. 11lbs; Minimus 8st. 8lbs; Mandeville 8st. 7lbs; Koko 7st. 13lbs; Chippy Norton 7st. 13 lbs; Little Admiral 7st. 2lbs; Recovery 7st. Top Weights, not accepting weights, to be raised 4lbs.

THE DESERT HANDICAP.—Distance one mile.—Mocreol 9st. 10lbs; Tachreet 9st. 7lbs; Young Cardigan 9st. 6lbs; Eol 9st. 3lbs; Hermit 9st. 2lbs; Bandit II 8st. 5lbs; Arabistan 8st. 11b; Little Joker 7st. 13lbs; Omar 7st. 12lbs; Kour Saheb 7st. 11lbs; Moonib Pasha 7st. 7lbs, Zurriff 7st. 6lbs; Sir Jamal 7st 4lbs; Styrix 7st 3lbs; My Mistake 6st 12lbs. Top Weight, not accepting weights, to be raised three lbs.

THE LILLIPUT HANDICAP.—Distance—5 furlongs. Bay Middleton 10st 3lbs; Hermit 9st 5lbs; Mint 8st 10lbs; Rose 8st 7lbs; Creditor 8st 5lbs; Scimitar 8st 4lbs; Young Gazelle 7st 13lbs; Zurriff 7st 12lbs; Whiteface 7st 7lbs; Plassey 7st 2lbs; Sabig 7st 5lbs; Ptarmigan 7st 2lbs; Sahoon 7st; Musket 6st 13lbs; Napoleon 6st 9lbs. Top Weight, not accepting weights, to be raised 7 lbs.

THE BRAMBURDA PLATE.—Distance one and three-quarter miles.—Nurse Kitty 11st; Footlight 10st 3lbs; Olga 9st 9lbs; Lucretia 9st 3lbs; Small Scotch 8st 12lbs. Top Weights, not accepting weights, to be raised four lbs.

THE STAND PLATE.—Distance—one mile.—Mallard 9st 13lbs; Killua 9st 6lbs. Ballark 9st 11b; Dulcimer 8st 5lbs; Royalist 8st; Seclusion 7st 7lbs; Clyndor 7st 7lbs; Our State 7st 7lbs; Lord Boyne 7st 3lbs; Gambara 7st; 2lbs; Admiral Crichton 6st 6lbs; First Top Weight, not accepting weights, to be raised 3 lbs. Second Top Weights, not accepting weights, to be raised 7 lbs.

The names of horses scratched have been omitted from the above.

DEATH OF A RACE HORSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 24.

The Maharaja of Cooch Behar's pony "Bells" that won the Civil Service Cup last February died of fever here last evening.

THE POONA PONY CHAMPIONSHIP.

The Stewards' Award.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPTEMBER 24.

Though the decision in the Poona Racing Enquiry is not published, it has transpired that the Stewards have addressed a letter to Mr. Percy Fischer, informing him that he is "warned off" and his pony "Keywest" is disqualified. Three others have also been "warned off."

[We understand that Mr. Fischer has a good deal to say on the subject, holding that the Stewards did not take sufficient account of the acknowledged fact that the pony was distinctly sore and the going very hard]

CALCUTTA RUGBY TEAM.

Arrival in Madras.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, SEPTEMBER 24.

The majority of the Calcutta Rugby Football Team arrived yesterday evening. The rest will be coming in by to-day and to-morrow. Only two games in the Tournament are entered, the first, between the Madras Gymkhana and Calcutta will be played on Thursday next, and the final will be played on Saturday.

MOTOR-CAR VEHICLE ACT.

Objections in Burma.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPTEMBER 24.

Several objections have been received by the Local Government to the Rules and Regulations concerning the Burma Motor Vehicle Act which have been published for criticism.

The members of the Rangoon Trades' Association have objections to offer, but in view of the limited time at their disposal a representation has been made on their behalf to the Local Government to extend the date for receiving objections from the 1st of October to the 1st of November.

CRICKET.

A Match was played on the Marine Lines, Monday the 24th instant between Eastern Telegraph Company and Government Telegraph Recreation Club, and resulted in a win for the Government Telegraph by an innings and 43 runs. This is the first match the Eastern Telegraph Company are playing this year.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY C. C.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.
Maynard, b Netscher	2	b Netscher	1
spilling, b Netscher	24	c D'Souza, b Moore	11
Ryton, b Netscher	0

BY THE WAY.

THE BIRTH OF GERMAN BANDS.

Some people may wonder whence spring the German bands which afflict the seaside resorts. When I was on the Continent recently (writes a correspondent) I spent an evening at a small German hotel with one who makes his living by "running" these bands. He told me that many of the performers are not German but Swiss. His custom is to get together a little company of peasants from a small village in the Fatherland or the Republic, teach them the merest rudiments of music, train them to play a few popular airs together, and then let them loose upon the holiday population of these islands. Most of the bandsmen play quite mechanically, and few have a musical ear. A few days ago, at a well-known Lancashire seaside town, I had good proof of the truth of my friend's statements. A little "German band" was playing a waltz in a street of lodging-houses, and three out of the six performers were collecting at the house doors. The remaining three happened to be playing the "accompaniment," and went on stolidly, "Pom—pom—pom; tootle—too—too," oblivious of the fact that their comrades, who should have been playing the air of the waltz, were seeking for pennies.

STRYCHNINE AND BEER.

At St. Denis, just to the north of Paris, exists a mysterious works, according to the "Cri de Paris," where a withered man, dried up and wrinkled before his time, treats yearly tons of nux vomica, from which he exacts the strychnine. He works all alone, self-condemned to rapid extinction, and produces a vast number of kilogrammes of that bitter poison. The "Cri de Paris" adds that British brewers are his best customers. The sale, it would appear, is quite legal if not less than one kilo is bought—enough to poison a whole city. Of course it is well enough known that strychnine is a wonderfully deceptive substitute for hops, and is itself a stimulant in small doses. So much the worse for the beer-drinker whose stimulant is thus complicated. It is the presence of a nerve-stimulating ingredient—wormwood—which gives to absinthe its special headliness.

THE HISTRIONIC "MOKE."

Among the actors in "Veronique" at the Prince's Theatre is a demure donkey. He trots on the stage sedately, in the picnic scene, bearing Miss Veronique on his back. In the love duet which follows he listens with a demure, non-committal face, and now and then refreshes himself with a nibble out of Florestan's hand. The duet over, his part in the opera is at an end, and the task is to get him discreetly off. In spite of his artistic education, he is still a donkey. He showed an amusing unwillingness to leave the scene of his glory. One of the minor characters, a butler, managed to coax him as far as the wings, but further than that he refused to go. He found the stage altogether too charming to leave; perhaps he wished to experiment on the painted apple blossoms that hung so temptingly all around him. After a time, pulls at the reins failing, the butler gave him a few modest thumps on the quarters. At this he backed into full view, and now we began to fear he would break in on the music with a bray. At last Florestan, seeing how affairs were going, left his dialogue with the heroine and went to add his presuasions. To his appeal the donkey answered, and disappeared. He scorned to obey anyone less than the hero of the piece.

CABLES AND WEATHER.

An incidental advantage of the cable which now connects Iceland and the Faroe Isles with the Shetlands will be that it will help to make English weather forecasts more accurate. There is no doubt that the meteorological authorities have already arranged to have reports sent once or twice or even three times daily from those very important outposts. They have for years lamented the fact that it was impossible to obtain observations from the far North-west. But a not inconsiderable proportion come from the North-west, and it is these which generally inflict the most damage and cause the greatest loss of life among the Scottish fishing fleets. Cyclonic disturbances from the North-west often travel at a great rate, and it sometimes happens that neither the barometer at Stornoway nor the observing station in the Shetlands is affected, say at 6 p.m., when the evening report is despatched to the head office in London. With observations twice or thrice daily from Iceland and the Faroes available it would be practically impossible for such storms to approach the coasts without warning.

METEOROLOGIC NEEDS.

It is not, however, for the purpose of predicting dangerous storms only that daily observations from Iceland and the Faroes will be of service. It not infrequently happens that when, for want of a better term, what is called by meteorologists the permanent North Atlantic low-pressure area is temporarily displaced an anti-cyclone spreads over this country from the neighbourhood of Iceland. Hitherto only a rough guide as to the size and intensity of such a system has been afforded by the behaviour of the barometer and wind in the Hebrides, the Shetlands, and West of Norway. In future the knowledge will be much more exact, and the result will be seen in the greater accuracy of the weather forecasts, especially when the wind is in the north or north-east. There can be no reasonable doubt that in the not very remote future the observations from Iceland and the Faroe Isles will be supplemented by wireless messages from the Atlantic between this country and America. This is the greatest need of our meteorological service, but there are many difficulties, both material and financial, to overcome before the messages can be sufficiently numerous and accurate and sent from a sufficient distance. An ideal wireless weather service from the Atlantic would probably be obtained if every ship leaving and approaching our western shores could despatch three accurate messages daily when between two hundred and two thousand miles from Ireland. The Director of the Meteorological Office has undertaken to report on this last subject to the International Conference of Directors of Meteorological Institutes

A DOG STORY.

The following account of how a clever dog has been cheating the Corporation is sent by a correspondent who vouches for its truth to the *Manchester Guardian*. A gentleman who had relatives in Withington was in the habit of visiting them pretty frequently, and on these occasions was usually accompanied by his dog—a little fox terrier,—using the Palatine Road car to get there and alighting at the terminus. The dog occasionally used to pay a visit to the relatives on his own account. How he got there was never known, but it is well known how he got back. Taking advantage of people boarding the car, he used to run on to the top and stay there till his own stopping-place was reached, when he would descend and jump off the car. This happened a great number of times, and there is no telling how long it might have continued had not a watchful guard discovered the trick and stopped it. I wonder, adds our correspondent, whether the owner could be held liable for its fares!

BISHOP AND ACT CRITIC.

The appointment of Dean Stubbs to the bishopric of Truro recalls an incident during his sojourn in Liverpool which caused a mild sensation in the ranks of the numerous and not too broadminded evangelicals of that city. While he was Rector of Wavertree Mr. Holman Hunt's "Triumph of the Innocents" was being shown at the Liverpool Autumn Exhibition, and it was decided, on the initiative of the late Mr. Philip Rathbone, that the picture should be bought by the Corporation. The picture made little appeal to popular taste, and there was the usual outcry by a number of indignant ratepayers against wasting money on such a work. While the grumbling was at its height Mr. Stubbs announced his intention of preaching on the picture, which was accordingly taken to his chapel-of-ease one Sunday afternoon and set up conspicuously near the chancel. The church was crowded, and the congregation had the advantage of hearing a luminous and discriminating appreciation of the work. That the picture now hangs on the walls of the Walker Art Gallery is probably largely due to the unconventional advocacy of the new Bishop.

A SPOILED STORY.

J. D. Benedict in September St. Nicholas.

Young Tommy was a reckless chap
As ever you did spy;
He crept into the pantry once
And ate a pot of lye—
No, no! I mean a lot of pie.

The pie did not agree with Tom,
So very large a piece,
He felt so ill he hastened off
To find a pot of grease—
Dear me! I mean a grot of peace.

He wept with pain and doubled up
As tight as any clam.
"OH dear! I feel as bad as when
I ate that jot of lamb—
No, no! I mean that lot of jam."

This story gets so mixed at times
Under my very eyes,
I'll stop. So far what I have said
Seems like a lack of pies—
Jims no! I mean a pack of lies

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE GEISHA GIRL AS SHE REALLY IS.

The "geisha" of the London stage does not bear the least resemblance to the dancing girl of Japan, says Eleanor Franklin in *Leslie's Weekly* and what is more the Western girl could never learn to imitate her, for the Japanese geisha is the product of centuries of civilization. "The first impression one gets of the Occidental imitation of the Oriental dancing and singing girl is that she is ridiculously awkward," says Miss Franklin. "Not awkward in herself, but awkward in her imitation. She has not learned that incomprehensible lesson taught in Japan, the art of defying the laws of gravitation, and she consequently 'flops' in a manner that would set the merry little Japanese geisha off into fits of laughter. Her body has been taught to rely upon the support of stays, while that of her Eastern sister has been taught perfect self-reliance and easily-controlled relaxation that results in inimitable repose." "I have often wondered," continues this critic of the improvised geisha, "if a company of real geishas would not make anormous 'hit.' Their dances are really pantomimic performances of small playlets. Each of them has a story, and its telling is accomplished by means of such studied and careful movement as could not fail to be understood by the least imaginative. Then their songs are, some of them, really beautiful, and the twang of the 'samisen' accompanying their high-pitched, nasal voices has a flavour of the East in it that is fascinating, even though it is unlike anybody's conception of harmonious sound."

"NEW WOMAN" OF JAPAN.

"There is a generation of geisha girls growing up now who speak English, so in any case it will not be long before the Occidental imitation will be replaced by the real little person on the American and English stages. But I fear this modern geisha will be a very new geisha, much like the new girl of Japan. I'm afraid she will have sacrificed a part of her charm to education and ambition, as her high-class sisters at home are rapidly doing now. She will wear the wonderful, flowered, and multi-coloured kimonos just as well as she ever did, perhaps; she will walk 'pigeon-toed' just as charmingly in her pretty white tabi and zori, but will there not be a trace in her movements of the freedom she enjoys in the newfangled clothes that she will have adopted for ordinary wear? If there is, she will not be the same little geisha at all; but at her worst she will be vastly better than the bad imitation of her that delights the Occidental populace to-day."

SILK FOR EVENING WEAR.

Nothing makes more graceful dresses for dinner and other occasions of semi-dress than silk. For mid-season and early autumn wear the dresses of silk are decidedly practical, as they can be worn throughout the winter. Some of the most attractive of these frocks are quite simply made, their charm depending on the beauty of the material and on the graceful cut. The satin finished silks, with a very soft surface, are very much in evidence, and do not require a great deal of trimming beyond that obtained by frills, ruches, and tucks of the material itself. One dainty dress was of pale heliotrope silk, on a white silk foundation. The skirt had three deep tucks round the edge and a deep hem. The bodice was profusely trimmed with little tucks and frills of accordian-pleated heliotrope chiffon edged with white chiffon ruches. Bands of white lace, embroidered with heliotrope silk flowers, and a deep waist-belt of silk, gave a charming finish to this pretty frock. Another pretty grown was of coral pink silk with eyelet embroidery. The skirt was embroidered for a distance of twelve inches from the foot in front to eighteen inches in the back. There was a belt made of deep folds of the silk, and bodice had a turned-down collar and rever pieces of the embroidery with hemstitched edges. The lower part of the bodice was tucked cross-wise, and was loosely draped over the high waist-belt. For young girls, the light-coloured silks are made up into effective little dancing frocks. The flowered taffetas are extremely pretty. The skirts are generally flounced or tucked with soft folds of the same material, the bodices only being trimmed with lace and chiffon about the neck and sleeves. A novel touch to these dresses may be given by the way in which lace can be introduced, and these dainty gowns need not necessarily be expensive, as silk is much reduced in price at that time of the year.

PAST AND PRESENT.

"Marmaduke" in the *Graphic* writes:—The New Grandmother is as fresh as paint—will make her! A well-known West End dressmaker has said, "Our best customers are the old. The young now frequently think of the future, the old, generally, of the past!" The modern grandmother has golden hair, a complexion that youth must envy, an activity which puzzles her grandchildren, and a thirst for amusement which is insatiable. "Wisdom," one insists "consists in keeping young. I endeavour to become younger day by day. The grandmother of the past died in a bath-chair, respected by many; that of the future will die in a perambulator loved by a few—for one particle of love is worth more in this world than a load of respect. Our wisdom is in this, that we have perceived it."

A fashionable dance that was given last season in London has been wittily described as "A ball at which the granddaughters danced with their grandfathers, and no one drank the champagne but the waiters." The increasing abstemiousness amongst the well-to-do in this country is a matter that deserves more attention than it is receiving. The follies of the rich are copied by their obscurer neighbours—so are their virtues—and if this is to be a sober nation the example of the prominent amongst us will make it that. The fact is that since steam has enabled most to move freely, the old have hundreds of amusements which those of their age in former times had not, and they cling tenaciously to life. The old of the past had but little left to enjoy but drink: those of our day dread it as a poison which will shorten life. They measure carefully a few drops of whiskey and pour a bottle of aerated water on this small quantity; they have dinners theatres, operas, balls and suppers, country house parties throughout the autumn, and trips to the Continent in the Winter, and a hundred and one interests to make life worth living. The old of the past were more or less rooted to their own district, saw much the same people day after day, led much the same life year after year, and drank heavily to make it tolerable.

The surgeon and his knife have done much in the crusade against drink. Day after day the gossips tell each other that some friend is to be operated upon, and whisper that drink caused the disease which is the trouble. Men say to themselves, "It would be terrible to be in such a position! I will be careful," and they are. Having given up a vicious course them selves, they naturally take to discountenancing its continuance by others. They call it "bad form," "vulgar," and "disgusting," and, little by little, it becomes disreputable to do the very thing which they did themselves before without shame and their fathers before them were proud of doing.

In this age we delight in reversals. The wit of to-day takes a common phrase or sentiment, reverses it, and is accounted clever. We are reversing things in every direction, which is in itself a proof that instinct tells us many of them need it. The strangest reversal, perhaps, is that youth, by its conduct, does its utmost to appear old, whilst old age strives as eagerly to appear young! The young Englishman of to-day is not youthfully dressed, as were his predecessors. A black coat, dark trousers, a quiet-coloured necktie, little jewellery, no affectations in the style of his hat, stick, or umbrella, and a solemnity of countenance which is discouraging. Only twenty-five years ago his father—in the "Crutch and Toothpick" period—was a very different personage. His hat had a peculiarly curled brim, his blue-serge trousers had broad braid on the outer sides, his coat was cut high at the neck, a pink and white or blue and white necktie gave him a peculiarly youthful appearance, a toothpick always in the mouth marked him as a dandy of the period, whilst he leant with a peculiar stoop on his crutch, both hands on the handle, and the stick in front of him—that was when standing. His affectation showed his youth. It is only the old amongst us now who are conspicuous!

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty four hours ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague Attacks.	Plague Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade.....	0	0	9
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Desgri.....	1	1	12
C Market, Dhobi Talao Panaswadi, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ...	2	2	20
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	0	6
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	2	27
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	3	2	9
G Mahim and Worli	1	1	12
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Vaitashis ..	0	0	0
Hospitals.....	0	0	10
Total.....	10	5	97
Total plague deaths to date ..	133,775		
Same date last year	4	4	87

CHOLERA.

Attacks.	Deaths.
4	1

THE TWO SERVICES.

The great uncertainty which has prevailed throughout the Army as to the precise significance and right interpretation of the Army Order concerning the abolition of the appointment of second in command may now be allayed. We are informed that the Order does not "involve any reduction in the establishment of either majors or captains." When we first discussed the new arrangement we said that the action of the authorities was not determined by motives of mere economy. It has relation to the internal economy of regiments and battalions and to questions of promotion to command, and the duties of the second in command will be performed by the senior major. At first it was thought that this change would involve the reduction of one major in each unit, and when it was pointed out that this would not be the case, it was supposed by many officers that the senior major, while performing these special duties, would revert to his company duties also, with the result that one captain in each regiment or battalion would be found supernumerary. Our own reading of the Army Order did not justify this view, but, knowing that it prevailed, and that the matter was naturally regarded, as of vital importance, we took steps to gain the official assurance that no change in establishments is implied by the Order. The Adjutant-General is too much alive to the importance of maintaining the establishment of officers to countenance any such step as has been attributed to him. Commanding officers and seconds in command have held various opinions as to the meaning of the Order, and one of our correspondents says that some officers have even hazarded the surmise that the Order was made intentionally vague, so that regimental officers might not realise that their prospects of promotion were endangered. They will be glad to know now that nothing of the kind is the case.

It is becoming quite the custom for ex-Ministers, made experts by their experience to discuss the acts of their predecessors in the papers and magazines, and therefore it is in no way surprising to find Mr. Brodrick subjecting to a searching analysis the proposals and acts of Mr. Haldane in the *Nineteenth Century and After*. Mr. Brodrick is well entitled to speak upon the subject, and what he says deserves the most attentive hearing. It is, of course, true that we accepted enormous responsibilities—in Egypt, for example, and in Africa, where our policy must be affected for all time—and that the late war proved our defensive arrangements insufficient, even for such a campaign. The matter may well resolve itself into one of assurance, and be subjected to actuarial calculation, if that should be necessary. Mr. Haldane has airily discussed the subject with the best intentions, though it is a sad blot upon his official reputation that, after giving guarantees to the public and the Army in his early speeches, he hastily surrendered to that wing of the Liberal party which is opposed with characteristic blindness to expenditure on armaments. He seems to be unaware of the strenuous and successful efforts of Lord Wolseley and the brilliant body of officers who surrounded him; as also of the work of Lord Roberts, and the most able officers who were associated with him. He does not seem to have realised the supreme importance of having trained professional soldiers in every department of the soldier's work, and that in military affairs nothing can be left to chance, on to hasty improvisation in the event of war. It is sedulous preparation in time of peace that we must look for, since hard experience tells us how difficult it is to enter upon the bustle of preparation and to make large expenditure on the very eve of war or in the imminent breach. And if we are left unprepared now, is it likely that any Government will enter seriously upon war preparation in any eventuality while any shred of possibility remains that we can avert war?

So much attention has been concentrated recently upon the assumed relative strength of the Naval Powers, and the alleged progress which some of our rivals are making, that there is some danger of a very essential factor in speedy warship building being overlooked. It is not enough for a Power to desire to build a number of ships, or to vote the money for the purpose, if at the same time the resources for production are inadequate or insufficient for the fulfilment of the national aspirations. This is, of course, a truism, and it is possible that here we have an explanation of the reason why, in a maze of figures and so called facts which have been hurled at the public in such profusion lately, it is likely to be forgotten. We do not propose, in this connection, to go over old ground to show why certain limitations in this respect are likely to have very restraining influence upon the programme of foreign Powers; our intention is merely to sound a note of warning concerning our own powers of quick production, and the visiable result that recent policy may have in connection therewith. When the *Lord Nelson* is put afloat next week there will not be a single British battleship on the building slips, either of the public or private yards. With the launch of the *Shannon* also the list of cruisers in the building stage will be reduced to those of the last programme. The condition of affairs thus brought about is worthy of consideration, for automatically as the number of ships building decreases, so also will the work, of armour plate manufacture, structural work, machinery, and all the less bulky but highly important materials which go to the construction and equipment of a warship. And it goes without saying that if the manufacturers and makers of these things do not find employment for their capital they will certainly not lay down new plant or be able to keep abreast of foreign competition in the same line. Fortunately, there is reason to believe that contracts for several large foreign men-of-war have recently been placed in this country, and these orders, it may be hoped, will serve at least a temporary purpose in giving employment while it is so much needed. We assume that the naval authorities were aware of all the circumstances when they consented to the recent reductions in the building programme. But it must be remembered that we have also been reducing the staff at the public yards, and that should it be found necessary in a year or two to make a large effort in order to pick up lee-way, it will be found impossible to improvise or replace the sources of production, whether in their personal or material elements which have disappeared.

While there is a general consensus of opinion that the nucleus crew system has been a success, it is also admitted by many observers that certain disadvantages are apparent, particularly in connection with what may be called methods of relaxation of the crews of the ships in this Reserve. When the men were in barracks on shore they had frequent leave, and no difficulty was put in the way of their taking advantage of this concession. But when men were put afloat, and at some distance from the places of amusement they frequented, there were not the same facilities afforded them, even if the leave restrictions had not necessarily been increased. In many of the ships, we believe, attempts at various times were made to provide the men detained on board with recreation of one kind and another, and it may be that reports on this subject are partly responsible for the departure authorities have now taken in regard to the provision of lantern exhibitions and the like, both for the establishments on shore and the vessels in the sea-going fleet. We venture to suggest that the nucleus crew ships should be well looked after in this respect. It has been arranged, we understand, that the flagships in each fleet are to have a general charge of this entertainment department, and that every vessel will be supplied with lanterns and catalogues of slides and lectures upon entertaining, amusing, or instructive subjects. By this means an interchange of slides and lectures between the various ships will be possible and the lectures made both varied and interesting. Now, too, that in nearly every ship there are amateur photographers, both officers and men might be encouraged to prepare their own slides and lectures particularly as men-of-war visit many of the less-known portions of the globe. From the days of Hawke onwards it has been recognised in the Navy that to keep a ship's company healthy and happy it is necessary to provide the men with amusement, and the smartest ships on the blockading service in the old war were those that had their amateur dramatic societies, with very often their own dramatist and scene painter, and regularly produced plays for the entertainment of their shipmates.

Sir Ian Hamilton has been conduction a great deal of most valuable work in the training of the Southern Command, and the operations of the Regular troops, based upon a progressive programme, has been of a very thorough and instructive character. The troops under Major-General W. E. Franklin and Brigadier-General E. C. Bethune, have proved themselves to be in a high state of efficiency and a hard and satisfactory condition. There remains, however, the grave defect which mars so much the work of the Southern Command, Sir Ian Hamilton is still deprived of that essential arm of the forces, a strong body of cavalry. It is contrary to all the teachings of military history and harmful to the proper training of the troops engaged that there should be no cavalry assigned to this highly important command. We have many times drawn attention to the want, which is known to every soldier, but it has been brought into fresh prominence by the operations which have just taken place. The time has surely come when the authorities ought to move in this matter. In face of the evident want Mr. Haldane had not the temerity to propose a reduction of the cavalry, but we hope the Army Council will not leave him in any doubt as to what is necessary if the training of the troops for war and their readiness for operations are to be what they ought to be. The present state of affairs in the Southern Command is not at all creditable to the British Army, and Sir Ian Hamilton is working hard and doing splendid things while deprived of an essential arm of the forces.

LIPTON'S TEAS

THE BEST THE CHEAPEST

in GREATER DEMAND every DAY,
have the
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD,
obtainable everywhere or from
D. C. OOMRIGAR, Abdul Rahman Street,
D. H. HEERAJEE, A. Crawford Market.

A GUARANTEE OF PURITY

MOIR'S COLD MEDAL STORES

MOIR'S name on all Preserved Provisions is an absolute guarantee of Purity and Excellence, and that their Meat Products are prepared and packed by them in Scotland at their Aberdeen Factory from HOME GROWN cattle.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS—BOMBAY, KARACHI AND CALCUTTA,
Where Large and Varied Stocks are held for *immediate delivery.*
MANAGING AGENTS: SAMUEL FITZE & CO.
RETAIL FROM ALL PROVISION MERCHANTS THROUGHOUT INDIA

Try PEEK-FREAN'S "RENOWN" SWEET CRISP BISCUITS
Of Fancy Shape and Delicious Nutty Flavour.
PEEK, FREAN & CO., LTD., LONDON, ENG.

THE SECRET OF STRENGTH AND POWER.

Strength of brain and body in human beings is Nature's highest perfected work. Nearly all men have been fitted up with constitution enough to last for all time, but through over study, hard work, worry or dissipation they have wasted the material Nature gave them. You can regain this strength and power and there is no occasion for you to be less a man than Nature intended; you can become as sound in mind and body as you were before you wasted your strength, for Electricity is the remedy which will restore this strength.

COOK'S ELECTRIC BODY BATTERY
generates Electricity continuously. This restores lost vitality. You can obtain strength and energy simply by wearing this grand appliance a few hours each night while you sleep.

BOHRA MUSJID, RUTLAM, 11th August, 1906.

DEAR SIR,—Your favour is at hand and in reply I have to state that I continued the use of your Battery after receipt of same for a fortnight.

As regards my chief complaint Diarrhœa, I am glad to state the virulence of the attack has altogether abated after only a fortnight's use of the Battery.

In all the other respects the Battery is working without fault. My general health is improving.—Yours, etc.,

(Sd.) SHAIKH MAHOMEDBHAI AMIL.

Functional Decay, Lost Vigour, Urinary Troubles, Varicocele, &c., yield quickly to its invigorating influence. It will drive away Rheumatic or Sciatica Pains, Lame Back, Indigestion and all Liver and Kidney and Stomach Troubles. It is a medical marvel of the age for sickly women and weak men.

FREE BOOK. Everyone who is ailing should read more of this method. I will send you a book, post free, if you write for one. If you call, you may test the appliance free. Office Hours 9-30 to 6 P.M.

C. C. COOK'S ELECTRIC BODY BATTERY OR C. C. COOK.
NEAR TREACHER'S CORNER, 28, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

A pure, pasteurised Milk Food.
Possesses high nutritive value.
HORLICK'S MALTED MILK
Supplies nourishment in sufficient quantity, and in proper and available form.
MALTED MILK soothes, strengthens, and increases vitality. It is an ideal diet for dyspeptics; a splendid food in typhoid and other fevers; and a full sustenance for sufferers from wasting complaints.
ABSOLUTELY UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
No chemical preservatives, no adulterants, and no unaltered starch.
Sold in two sizes by all Agents in India, Burmah, and Ceylon; and
Horlick's Food Company, 34, Farringdon Road, London, E.C.

USE ONLY and USE ALWAYS
ATKINSON'S
A LUXURIOUS PERFUME IN HEALTH.
MOST REFRESHING.
Far Superior to the German Kinds.
A NECESSARY RESTORATIVE IN SICKNESS.
EAU DE COLOGNE

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
The best BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER of the System
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
Estd. since 1829. SARSAPARILLA
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
Be sure you get N.B. the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus W
WILKINSON'S
Thomas Wilkinson are upon every GENUINE bottle.
To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)
Fortify the System against Disease with PURE BLOOD,
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA CLEANSES THE BLOOD OF ALL DANGEROUS HUMOURS.
Has over 75 Years' World-Wide Reputation.
Sold by all Chemists and Dealers in Medicines.
AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

WRITES IN SIGHT, RELIABLE, STRONG, SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION, and therefore EASILY KEPT IN ORDER.
The "EMPIRE"

PRICE - - 250 Rs.
Some Users: H.M. GOVERNMENT 800 Machines.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY 500 Machines, &c., &c.
Agents: Continental Commercial Depot, 53, Esplanade, Fort,

CROMPTON & CO., LD. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, WORKS:—LONDON & CHELMSFORD.
Electric Fans. Motors. Lifts. Arc Lamps. Projectors, etc.

CROMPTON ENCLOSED TYPE MOTOR.
Installations of Plant of all descriptions carried out and reported on.
Write for Estimates.
BRANCH OFFICE—8, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT
where Eno's 'Fruit Salt' has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious illness. The effect of
ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it
IS NATURE'S OWN REMEDY
CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.*
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

TO PRODUCE HIGH CLASS AERATED WATERS
Use only Essences, Colours, etc., manufactured by
W. J. BUSH & CO., LTD.,
ASH GROVE, HACKNEY, LONDON.
"The Oldest Essence Distillers in the World."
W. J. BUSH & Co. have had great experience in supplying Regimental Aerated Water Factories in India, Egypt, Malta, South Africa, etc., and are prepared to give full information to Mess Presidents of Regiments who wish to provide Aerated Waters of a really wholesome quality.
W. J. BUSH & Co.'s manufactures are sold by all the best merchants throughout India, Burma and Ceylon.
PRICE LISTS AND SAMPLES ON APPLICATION.
Recipes and full information for the manufacture of Aerated Waters free with first order.

DINNEFORD'S
The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.
The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.
Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.
DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA
MAGNESIA

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,
ENGINEERS,
Culwell Works, WOLVERHAMPTON, Eng.
MAKERS OF PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.
WRITE FOR LIST No. 36. Cable: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. Codes: GWN & ABC 5th Edition.

Digitized by Arya Samaj Foundation Chennai and eGangotri with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 07 July, 2017

THE MOST CELEBRATED.

TRUSTY AND RELIABLE HIGH CLASS

GENUINE EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES

BY THEODORO VAFIADIS & CO.

ARE THE BEST

EVER imported into India, as they represent all that can be put into a CIGARETTE to make it thoroughly satisfactory and delightful smoke.

Price Per 100, Rs. 6-8.

Price Per 100 Rs. 4.

Guaranteed Fresh Consignments by P. and O.'s Mail.

HEAD OFFICE AND FACTORY, CAIRO (EGYPT).

BRANCHES: CALCUTTA, RANGOON, AND LONDON.

Agents: In all the Principal Cities of Europe and in the Far East.

Local Depot:—20, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

INVALID PORT

BOTTLED BY

W & A GILBEY

PRODUCED IN PORTUGAL

In some of the out-of-the-way parts of the world men are doing and daring that which for intensity of interest rivals the best works of our foremost fiction writers.

The WIDE WORLD MAGAZINE

contains, month by month, a record of some of the most interesting, the most curious, and the most thrilling of these doings.

KODAK CAMERAS

" N. C. FILMS

" DAYLIGHT

Developing Machines, Latest Novelties, &c.

Enquire at

D. M. DUKLE & CO.

By Appointment to H. E. the Governor,

5, Hummum Street, Fort,

BOMBAY.

FEED YOUR CHILDREN

(when weaned)

ON

Robinson's PATENT GROATS

A GREAT PROMOTER OF THE GROWTH OF BONE AND MUSCLE.

(To be used with Milk.)

KEEN, ROBINSON & CO., Ltd., LONDON.

Makers of ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY.

GYMKHANA-PRIZES.

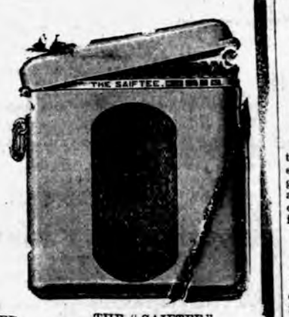
CLARET-JUG. SILVER-MOUNTED Cut Glass Bottle, Rs. 52.

GILT TRAVELLING CLOCK With leather case. Sound 8-DAY movement, Rs. 35.

SILVER PATENT SPRING TOBACCO BOX. Air and Water Tight. Finish Excellent, Rs. 25 and Rs. 30.

SILVER INKSTANDS. Single as illustrated, Rs. 45, Double from Rs. 100.

SILVER MOUNTED SPIRIT BOTTLE Finest Crystal Glass, Rs. 37.



THE "SAIFTEE" MATCH BOX Used throughout the East, Rs. 1!

STERLING SILVER CIGARETTE BOXES. Rs. 25, Rs 50, Rs. 70, Rs. 100, Rs. 120 and Rs. 155. Cedar lined or all Silver.

SILVER POCKET FLASKS. Detachable half as drinking Cup Patent non-leakage top ½ pt., Rs. 70; ¼ pt., Rs. 94-8.

NICKEL MOUNTED OAK TANTALUS. 3 Crystal cut bottles, full size, Rs 52!

PATENT LOCK-UP SPIRIT STAND. Polished Oak. Nickel parts, Rs. 150. Best Crystal Bottles.

SILVER PEG MEASURE Stamped and Guaranteed ⅛ and 1-16pt. Rs. 30. Nickel Silver, Rs. 9-8 E. P. B. M. Rs. 5.

SOLID SILVER SMOKERS SET Cigarette case, Vesta Box, Silver Tube and Gold Mounted holder. Fitted in case ready for presentation, Rs. 46.

NEW SILVER CIGARETTE CASE. Very handy, very strong, very compact. One pressure and case opens up in hand. Plain, Rs. 29-8.

SILVER MOUNTED BLACK FOREST SPIRIT BOTTLE. Best Crystal glass Rs. 16-8.

YOUR INSPECTION INVITED. WE CAN MEET YOUR EVERY REQUIREMENT.

SILVER CASE with Nickel Goliath Watch, 30 hours, Rs. 30 and Rs. 42, 8 days, Rs. 60 and Rs. 112.

SILVER CARD CASE. POCKET SHAPE, Rs. 17-8. Without top, Rs. 7-8.

SILVER CASE with 30-hour Nickel Watch Rs. 35.

SILVER MOUNTED BLOTTERS 3½ ins. × 2 ins. Rs. 18 Roller Blotters, Rs. 3-8, Rs. 5 and Rs. 6-12.

SILVER CIGARETTE TUBE with Gold Mounted Amber holder, Rs. 10 to Rs. 21.

SILVER CIGARETTE CASES. Strong hinge and catch, concave pocket curve. Small, medium and large in size. Rs. 9-4, Rs. 12, Rs. 17-8, Rs. 25, Rs. 28, Rs. 30 and Rs. 35.

MARCKS & Co. LD. Watch-makers Jewellers and Silversmiths, BOMBAY & POONA.

Pears' Soap

beautifies the complexion, keeps the hands white and imparts a constant bloom of freshness to the skin. As it is the best and lasts longest it is the cheapest.

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET. BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES, AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc. When frequently used.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. THOMPSON & TAILOR, Bombay.
Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

ESTD. HILLS 1778

TOBACCOS AND CIGARETTES.

R. & J. HILL, LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

SAVARESSE'S SANDAL CAPSULES

Efficacious because absolutely pure English Oil. Not made of gelatine. Full directions. All Chemists.

Insist on SAVARESSE'S

HORSES, CATTLE, DOGS, BIRDS.

THE ELLIMAN E.F.A. BOOK.

120 pages, cloth board covers, Illustrated. 240,000 copies issued.

ANIMALS

A KNOWLEDGE OF ITS CONTENTS causes the Elliman First Aid BOOK (E.F.A.) animals treatment, to be kept handy for ready reference in cases of accidents to and ailments of HORSES, CATTLE, DOGS, BIRDS, such as Inflammation, Rheumatism, Common Cold, Pleurisy, Congestion of the Liver and Lungs, etc., in Horses; Common Ailments of Cattle of Dogs, and of Birds. Price 1s. post free to all parts of the world. [Foreign stamps accepted.] Or upon terms to be found upon a label affixed to the outside of the back of the wrapper of bottles, 2s., 3s. 6d., sizes.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION.

ELLIMAN'S for Sprains, Rheumatism, Curbs, Splints when Sprung, Spring Strains, Capped Hocks, Over-reaches, Bruises, Cuts, Broken Knees, Sore Shoulders, Sore Throats, Sore Backs in Horses, Sprains in Dogs, Cramp in Birds, etc.

The Dogs-Birds section, 24 pages only, may be had apart from the complete book of 120 pages, and this section alone (24 pages) is free and post free. A size at 7d. is now on sale for owners of Dogs and Birds requiring to use a small quantity only of

ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION.

ELLIMAN, SONS & CO., SLOUGH, ENG.

ELLIMAN'S ELIMINATES PAIN!

Eliminating trials reduce the number of really safe and useful massage lubricants to one.

ELLIMAN'S.

For the relief of Aches and Pains in Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Sore Throat from Cold, Cold at the Chest, Chronic Bronchitis, Neuralgia from Cold, Chilblains before broken, Cramp, Stiffness, Soreness of the Limbs after Cycling, Football, Rowing, Golf, etc.

MASSAGE with ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION is known to most people. TO MASSAGE IN AN EFFICIENT WAY can easily be learned by obtaining a copy of the

ELLIMAN R.E.P. BOOK (RUBBING BASED PAIN HANDBOOK) 200 pages, Illustrated, Cloth Board Covers.

"Full of those items of First Aid Knowledge, both surgical and medical, which are indispensable in the Household."—London Daily Express.

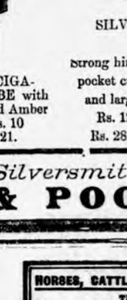
Four ways of obtaining the Elliman R.E.P. Book:—

1. Order of Elliman, Sons & Co., 1s. post free to all parts of the world [Foreign stamps accepted]; 2. Upon terms to be found upon a label affixed to cartons containing 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., &c.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION.

ELLIMAN, SONS & Co., SLOUGH, ENG.

For Nervous Exhaustion



CHAPOTEAUT'S Phosphoglycerate OF LIME

The modern restoration of the nervous system.

For brainworkers, professional men, teachers, students, etc. and in debility, seminal losses, dyspepsia of nervous origin and insomnia.

It is readily assimilated and promotes digestion.

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE SYRUP (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE WINE (CHAPOTEAUT)

PHOSPHOGLYCERATE CAPSULES (CHAPOTEAUT)

8, rue Vivienne, PARIS, FRANCE

KESHRANJAN OIL

FOR THE HAIR

KESHRANJAN OIL PRESERVES THE HAIR.

KESHRANJAN OIL RENDERS IT BEAUTIFULLY SOFT.

KESHRANJAN OIL REMOVES DANDRUFF

KESHRANJAN OIL RESTORES THE HAIR.

Price per phial...Re. 1 | Packing and Postage As. 5
3 Phials ...Rs. 2-8 | Packing and postage " 11

ARSHOHARA BATIKA.

Piles are acknowledged to be most annoying and distressing disease which—disturbs rest, peace and tranquility of mind. It has been pronounced by many a good physician as incurable. But we consider that as a fallacy. Both BLIND and BLEEDING piles can be cured with success if you use our ARSHOHARA BATIKA from the very commencement of your troubles.

Price per box, Re. 1-4—Packing and postage, As. 3

D-I-A-B-E-T-E-S.

It is an accomplished fact now, that this obstinate disease taking away the best of our leading men, and its previous record, if carefully studied, will show its serious nature. There are many specifics floating here and there in the market, blowing out their own trumpets, but they are not well tried. Our Diabetes specific is SHASTRIC and acknowledged as the best and has got active curative properties. Try it in your troubles.

Price for two boxes of medicine with a phial of oil ... ... Rs. 5.
Packing and postage ... ... As. 5.

SPECIFIC FOR HYDROCELE.

It Radically cures this malady; removes the pain, reduces the enlarged size and stops the accompanying fever. If the disease be of only one year's standing, the two boxes of the medicine would suffice; but if of longer standing, it should be continued for some time.

Price of two boxes of medicine and one Phial oil ... ... Rs. 2.
Packing and postage ... ... As. 7.

Prescriptions with or without Medicine sent to every part of India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, Cape, and the British Isles, on receipt of concise condition of disease.

KAVIRAJ NAGENDRA NATH SEN

Government Medical Diploma Holder,

18 1 and 19, Lower Chitpore Rd., CALCUTTA

A Happy, Healthy Child has a natural appetite for sweets. Be sure the Sweets are pure and wholesome. A favourite Sweet of the merry children of Merry England is

Callard & Bowser's Butter Scotch.

The LANCET says—"Really Wholesome Confectionery."

Manufactory: LONDON, ENGLAND.

Sold by
Messrs. PHILLIPS & Co., Bombay.
" ARMY and NAVY STORES, Bombay.
" PEARSON & Co., Secunderabad

Mosquitoes Avoid the presence of Carbolic that is why the use of

Calvert's 20% Carbolic Soap

has been found such an excellent protection against the attacks of these and other insects. It imparts also a delightful freshness to the skin, and, of course, is powerfully antiseptic, an advantage readily appreciated in warm climates.

Sold by Local Chemists and Storekeepers.

Made by F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, Eng.

You want beautiful teeth

—for health's sake, for beauty's sake. It is quite easy to have pure white and beautiful teeth; to keep them in perfect condition; arrest decay.

All you require is a good brush and

Rowland's Odonto

"For Your Teeth."

It thoroughly cleanses the teeth and leaves a delightful fragrance in the mouth. It contains no grit.

Buy it, because it's best. 2/9 at your own chemists. Rowland and Sons, 67, Hatton Garden, London, E.C.

KEATING'S LOZENGES EASILY CURE THE WORST COUGH.

One gives relief. An increasing sale of over 80 years is a certain test of their value. Sold in bottles everywhere.

Published for the Proprietors, "The Bombay Gazette," Limited at Nos. 119 to 125, Mellows Street, Fort, Bombay, and printed by N. D'Mello, at the Steam Press and Jobbing Office, Armenian Lane, Rampart Row, Fort.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 69, Cornhill E. C.; Messrs. H. J. KEYMER & Co., 31, Whitefriars Street, LONDON, E. C.; Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co., 31, Panchurch Street, LONDON, E. C.—Paris: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co. Publishers, Rue de Rivoli—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.